PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
**TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.**
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
*The Bombay Gazette* Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

# THE Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK
*RICHEST IN CREAM*
UNTOUCHED BY HAND

No. 54,040.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1907. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing. Saturday 3-30 P.M | Steamers. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with | Tons |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1907. | | | | |
| 9th Mar. | ORIENTAL | 5264 | BRITANNIA | 6525 |
| 16th " | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 23rd " | PENINSULAR | 5294 | MARMORA | 10509 |
| 30th " | CALEDONIA | 7558 | | |
| 6th Apr. | MACEDONIA | 10519 | | |
| 13th " | CHINA | 7912 | | |
| 20th " | PENINSULAR | 5294 | MOLDAVIA | 9800 |
| 27th " | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 4th May | ORIENTAL | 5264 | HIMALAYA | 6526 |
| 11th " | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 18th " | PENINSULAR | 5294 | VICTORIA | 6522 |
| 25th " | PERSIA | 7951 | | |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals sailing at Ports *en route*

W. C. SYMES,
*Superintendent*, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
BOMBAY, 21*st December*, 1906.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, PANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on THURSDAY |
|---|---|---|---|
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 21st Mar. 1907. |
| SYDNEY | 4,118 | Barillon | 18th Apr. " |
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,388 | Guionnet | 16th May " |
| YARRA | 4,142 | Sellier | 13th June " |
| NERA | 5,576 | Schmitz | 11th July " |
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 8th Aug " |
| SYDNEY | 4,118 | Barillon | 5th Sept " |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessel | Tons. | Captain | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| YARRA | 4,142 | Sellier | 30th Mar. 1907. |
| NERA | 5,576 | Schmitz | 27th Apr. " |
| DUMBEA | 5,686 | Boyer | 25th May " |

For further Particulars apply to
L. BRICARD,
*Agent.*
*Esplanade Road*, BOMBAY.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co,
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE VIA BRINDISI.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| SEMIRAMIS | 5981 | A. Martinolich | 19th March, |
| AFRICA | 4806 | F. Badessich | 1st April, |
| IMPERATOR | 4140 | F. Mosca | 16th April, |
| KOERNER | 3301 | A. Forsti | 1st May. |
| BOHEMIA | 4282 | M. Daboevich | 16th May. |
| AFRICA | 4806 | F. Badessich | 1st June, |

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *† AUSTRIA | 7388 | A. Bilaffer | 3rd April. |
| *†† VORWAERTS | 5990 | R. Collelani | 23rd May. |
| * PERSIA | 5035 | F. Craglietto | 25th May. |
| | 5095 | D. Mistrerigo | 24th June. |

† Will call at Fiume,

…TS TO TRIESTE, VENICE,
…n years,
…O LONDON,
…turn Tickets are issued via
…Routes,
…TICKETS WITH THE
…MARITIMES Co.
…ble for one way by the Austrian
…s by the Messageries Maritimes Co.,
…LE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH
…N LLOYD'S S. N. CO.
…kets are issued for the voyage Bombay to
…loyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North
… versa, for Rs. 1,080 or £72.
… tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer
…es about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.
…AN via COLOMBO, PENANG,
…ONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA,
…AND KOBE.

| | Captain. | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|
| | …B. Cobol | 25th April, |

…ailing passages apply to the
…AGENT GENERAL,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
…Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

…DIFFERENT KINDS
…n had at the "Bombay Gazette

## SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Sailing Date. | Time. | Route.—Via. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LINGA | 2,170 | Mon. 4th Mar. | 11 a.m. | P. D. & C.* |
| DWARKA | 1,695 | Thur. 7th Mar. | 9 a.m. | Cutch Mandvie. |
| LHASA | 2,170 | Frid. 8th Mar. | 7 a.m. | (direct).* |

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,513 tons, on MONDAY, 4th Mar., calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lings, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 7th Mar., calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIRSA," 2,600 tons, on or about 4th March.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 3,000 tons, sailing on or about 25th March, calling at Porebunder, Zanzibar, Mombassa and Lamu.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to —

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
*Agents*, BOMBAY.
2nd *March*, 1907.

### KING KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA:
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct for
BRINDISI and VENICE,
(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| D. BALDUINO | 4,580 | D. Casta | 15th Mar. 1907 |
| R. RUBATTINO | 4,580 | M. Saporiti | 15th Apr " |
| D. BALDUINO | 4,580 | D. Costa | 15th May " |

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | 3rd Class. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Single tickets | Rs. 600 | Rs. 350 | Rs. 165 |
| Return tickets available two years | " 900 | " 525 | |

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning *via* Venice or *vice versa*, and can break their Journey at any port *en route*.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CAPRI | 6,000 | C. Belsito | 17th Mar 1907. |
| ISCHIA | 6,000 | G. Dodero | 17th Apr. " |
| CAPRI | 6,000 | C. Belsito | 17th May " |

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO,
*Agent.*
No. 59, HORNBY ROAD.

MARCH 1ST, 1907.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY *via* KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO
LONDON (*via* MARSEILLES OR GENOA);
LIVERPOOL and other Ports
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

| From Bombay to | A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess. | | B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess. | | 2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Single. Rs. | Return. Rs. | Single. Rs. | Return. Rs. | Single. Rs. | Return Rs. |
| Suez | 400 | 640 | 320 | 480 | 300 | 450 |
| Port Said | 425 | 680 | 340 | 510 | 320 | 480 |
| Marseilles or Genoa | 52 | 850 | 450 | 700 | 390 | 590 |
| Liverpool | 550 | 900 | 472 | 730 | 420 | 640 |
| London via Marseilles | 600 | †954 | 525 | *770 | 450 | *675 |
| (overland.) | 40 | .. | 40 | ... | 40 | .. |
| Karachi | | | | | | |

† Return journey from Liverpool, but if foutward bound steamer calls at Marseilles, return journey from London Rs. 1000.
* Return journey from Liverpool only.
The following Sailings are subject to alterations:—

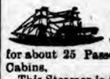
| Class. | Steamers. | Tons. | Sailing from Liverpool. | Due at Port Said about. | Due Bombay about. | Leave Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | —City of Bombay | 4,548 | Feb. 2 | Feb. 16 | Feb. 28 | Mar. 21 |
| † | —Aston Hall | 3,627 | " 12 | " 28 | Mar. 12 | " 31 |
| † | —Methley Hall | 3,491 | " 23 | Mar. 8 | " 20 | Apl. 10 |
| ‡* | —City of London | 9,000 | " 21 | Apl. 4 | " 13 | " 16 |
| ‡ | City of Karachi | 3,547 | Mar. 1 | " 13 | " 24 | Mar. 31 |
| † | City of Carthage | 5,824 | " 11 | " 23 | Apl. 6 | Apl. 11 |
| † | Sutton Hall | 4,400 | " 14 | Apl. 2 | " 14 | " 21 |
| † | Wistow Hall | 3,314 | " 11 | Mar. 25 | " 6 | " 13 |
| † | City of Agra | 4,808 | Apl. 19 | Apl. 29 | May 11 | May 18 |
| ‡ | City of Glasgow | 6,457 | " 29 | May 10 | " 21 | " 28 |
| ‡ | Trafford Hall | 5,331 | May 25 | June 8 | June 19 | June 30 |

Constitute the Express Service.
† Does not carry Surgeon and Stewardess.
—Sails direct from Bombay.
‡ Carries also second saloon passengers.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—
KILLICK NIXON & Co.,
Agents, ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS, Bombay.

## SHIPPING.

CHEAP PASSAGES TO HAMBURG.



THE S. S. "LANGDALE," SAILING first week in March, has accommodation for about 25 Passengers in comfortable two-berthed Cabins.

This Steamer is fitted with Electric Lights and fan in each Cabin. For Rates of Passages, apply to the Undersigned.

W. and A. GRAHAM and CO.,
Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay.

### COUTTS & CO.,

ARMY, SHIPPING & PASSENGER AGENTS,
Hornby Row, BOMBAY & KARACHI, Bunder Road.
CLEARING DEPARTMENT.

GOODS, PACKAGES & Parcels arriving from abroad cleared through Customs & despatched upcountry or delivered locally with promptitude and economy. Shipping documents and Invoices should be sent to us as soon as possible to avoid delays and demurrage.

Special low Contract Rates to regular Clients and Merchants.

PASSENGERS MET on arrival and assisted in clearing baggage through Customs.

LETTERS, PARCELS, TELEGRAMS for expected friends received and delivered FREE of charge.

MAXIMUM of SPEED & MINIMUM TROUBLE GUARANTEED. Correspondence invited and full particulars supplied by return post.

### TAJ MAHAL,

Re-organisation of Confectionery,
FINEST ICES AND PASTRY, &c.,
in India, at most
MODERATE PRICES.

### NOTICE.

A NEW "SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING CLASS" is now already OPENED, called "THE REMINGTON SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING," in connection with Messrs. WARDEN & Co., Hummum Street, where Expert and Scientific training will be given under the guidance of an experienced and qualified Teacher, Mr. Pirozshaw M. Chinoy, late Shorthand & Typewriting Teacher of the J. N. Petit Parsi Orphanage, holder of the Certificate of Messrs. Issac Pitman & Sons (from England). Names are enrolled every day.

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NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed ... ... ... £17,837,000
Total Revenue for 1905 Exceeded £ 3,774,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent. per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

For 1905 PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
*Secretaries*,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

*Guarantees Against Embezzlement.*

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

HE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
*Secretary.*

### GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

ASSETS..... Rs. 14 Crores.
ANNUAL INCOME ..... Rs. 2 Crores.
ESTABLISHED—1848,

NOVEL and ATTRACTIVE forms of ASSURANCE APPEALING SPECIALLY to those who desire to combine INVESTMENT WITH OLD AGE PENSION

TABLE—I. T. D. H.
EXAMPLE:—
Rs. 442-8-0 Annual Premium secures to a person aged 25.
(1) In case of Death before age 60—
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT of ... Rs. 10,000
(2) In case of Survival to age 60—
(a) CASH PAYMENT of ... ... Rs. 10,000
(b) LIFT ANNUITY of ... ... Rs. 600.
(c) PARTICIPATION IN 35 YEARS CAPITALISED.

PROFITS:
Prospective benefits in case of Survival (in above example) equivalent to an Investment of Annual Premiums in CONSOLS. Whilst the security of Rs. 10,000 Assurance in case of Death during 35 years is obtained in addition.

PROSPECTUS containing full Table of Rates for the above, and other new features on application to

CROFT MODY & CO.,
*Chief Agents for* India, Burma, and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special time and fare tables of all the Indian Railways. Abstract of rules and Regulations, through routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad Postal and Telegraphic information, Steam-Boat and dak Companies, places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines, Price, Eight annas; annual subscription Rs. 5 including Postage.

## NICKEL SILVER CASED WATCHES

EVERY WATCH WARRANTED.

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| The Military Popular Watch, crystal face, keyless lever movement ... ... ... | 15 | 0 |
| *Over 70,500 of these Watches are now in use all over India and Burmah.* | | |
| The "Hercules," a good hard and strong Watch, specially made for servants, syces, coachmen, &c. ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... | 15 | 0 |
| The Anti-Magnetic Watch, crystal face, keyless lever ... ... ... ... ... | 15 | 0 |
| The Calendar Watch, indicating date of month, crystal face, keyless action ... | 20 | 0 |
| The "Service" Wrist Watch and Strap ... ... ... ... ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, No. II., crystal face, keyless lever... ... ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| The Military Model Wrist Watch ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... | 32 | 0 |
| The Flat or Dress Watch ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... | 32 | 0 |
| The Campaign Watch, No. I., crystal face, keyless lever... ... ... ... ... | 35 | 0 |
| The Military Watch and Compass combined, crystal face, keyless lever... ... | 35 | 0 |
| The Impermeable or Waterproof Watch, in crystal face case ... ... ... ... | 35 | 0 |
| The Railway Guard's Watch, crystal face, keyless lever ... ... ... ... ... | 35 | 0 |
| The Flat superior movement... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... | 35 | 0 |
| The "Ideal" Wrist Watch ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... | 37 | 0 |
| The Railway Guard's Watch, a larger Watch ... ... ... ... ... ... | 45 | 8 |

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THE WATCHMAKERS OF WESTERN INDIA,
**BOMBAY AND POONA.**

PHILLIPS & CO.'S
CLUB WHISKY — Is the most Popular Whisky in the Bombay Presidency. It is cheap, sound and wholesome, with a decidedly attractive and mellow flavour. Per bot. Rs. 2-8; per doz. Rs. 28.

FERINTOSH WHISKEY — Has been steadily increasing in public estimation for a Quarter of a century. Per dozen Rs. 24-8.

IRONSTONE BURGUNDY. — A rich strengthening Ferruginous Wine. Per Bot. Re. 1-4; Per doz. Rs. 13-0. Per 2 doz.case, Rs. 25-8.

BOMBAY, {PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,} POONA.

BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

### PEARSE & CO.

Leading Confectioners and Caterers-
Picnic and Parties Conductors.

PEARSE & Co.
Restaurant.

Cakes, Biscuits, Bread made by Steam Bakery.
French and Mocha Coffee, a Speciality

Contracts made on Special Reduced terms for Boarders.

Trial Orders and Inquiries Solicited.
No. 1, SIRDAR PALACE, BOMBAY.

### THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT

where Eno's 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious illness. The effect of

### ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it

### IS NATURE'S OWN REMEDY

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT', otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.
Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

NOW READY.

THE
## INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR MARCH, 1907.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
## INDIAN RAILWAYS
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS,
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD
## POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
## STEAM-BOAT AND DAK COMPANIES
PLACES OF INTEREST ALONG THE COAST
A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
SHOWING THE PRINCIPAL RAILWAY STATIONS ON THE INDIAN LINES
PRICE, EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5.

## BANKS.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS.....£ 135,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

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Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
ESPLANADE ROAD BOMBAY — Manager.

### ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) .....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 20,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full informatio obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
*Agent.*
*Elphinstone Circle*, BOMBAY

### INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up..... Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... Gold $3,393,686·99

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay. | Manila. | Singapore. |
| Calcutta. | City of Mexico. | San Francisco. |
| HongKong. | Shangai | Washington, D.C |
| Kobe. | Yokohama. | Canton. |
| Cebu. | Penang. | Monterey. |
| | Panama. | |

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager
BOMBAY OFFICE.
42/48 Church Gate Street

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£600,000
RESERVE FUND .....£575,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON,

BRANCHES:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calcutta. | Delhi. | Cawnpore. | Tuticorin |
| Lahore. | Bombay. | Colombo. | Zanzibar. |
| Amritsar | Madras. | Mandalay. | Mombassa |
| Kurrachee. | Rangoon. | Newera Elya. | Nairobi. |
| Steamer Point. | Aden. | Kandy. | Chittagong |
| Entebbe. | | | |

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY *Ag. Manager.*

### THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... „ 21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND... „ 10,700,000
SPECIAL RESERVE for SILVER FUND ..... „ 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND ..... „ 2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| London | Shanghai | Tientsing | KOBE |
| Lyons | Hongkong | Changchun | Osaka |
| New York | Hankow | Antung-Hsien | Tokyo |
| San Francisco | Tientsin | Ryojun (Port Arthur) | Nagasaki |
| Honolulu (Hawaii) | Peking | | Bombay |
| | Newchwang | Fengtien | |
| | Chefoo | Liaoyang | |
| | | Dairen (Dalny) | |

LONDON BANKERS:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Albert Buildings, *Manager*
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

## BANKS.

### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL .....£800,000
RESERVE FUND .....£975,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS...£800,000

HEAD OFFICE
NATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg. | Medan, Deli (Sumatra). | Foochow. |
| Bombay. | Singapore. | Saigon. |
| Karachi. | Kwala Lumpor. | Shanghai. |
| Calcutta. | Bangkok. | Tientsin. |
| Madras. | Batavia. | Hankow. |
| Rangoon. | Sourabaya. | Yokohama. |
| Colombo. | Manilla. | Kobe. |
| Penang. | Cebu (Philippines). | New York. |
| Thaiping (Perak). | Hongkong. | |
| Ipoh (Perak). | | |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods as rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

GEORGE MILLER,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. *Agent.*

### COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AT RAWALPINDI.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available Berths secured to All Parts of the World free of charge of commission.

PASSENGERS met on Arrival and
BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance
INSURANCES of every description effected.

**List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application.**

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital .....$ | 100,00,000 |
| Sterling Reserve Fund .....$ | 100,00,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund .....$ | 102,50,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$ | 100,00,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE:
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, Esqrs. } *Managers.*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY. | HANKOW. | PENANG. |
| BANGKOK. | KOBE. | RANGOON. |
| BATAVIA. | ILOILO. | SAIGON. |
| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SAN FRANCISCO. |
| CALCUTTA. | MANILLA. | SINGAPORE. |
| COLOMBO. | NAGASAKI. | SOURABAYA. |
| FOOCHOW. | NEW YORK. | TIENTSIN. |
| HAMBURG. | PEKING. | YOKOHAMA. |

BOMBAY AGENCY:

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

C. H. WILSON,
*Acting Agent.*
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

### THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... „ 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:
SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (Messrs. Tata and Sons, Bombay.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq., (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Engineer, Bombay Improvement Trust, upto 1 P.M. (Standard Time), on WEDNESDAY the 13th day of March, 1907.

(1) For supply of Stationery and Drawing Materials during the year 1907-1908.

(2) For the supply of Bullocks with Drivers and Bullocks with Carts and Drivers during the year 1907-1908.

(3) To water certain foot-paths of this Board's Estates during the year 1907-1908.

1. Forms of Tenders may on payment of Rs. 2 for item No. (1) be obtained from the Undersigned and Samples of Stationery and Drawing Materials may be seen by the Tenderers during Office hours. The rates tendered for should be only for the samples seen in the Engineer's Office and no other samples will be substituted instead. Forms of Tenders for items (2) & (3) may be obtained from the Undersigned, on payment of Re. 1 who will on application give any further information that may be required.

2. Tenders must be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 300 for item No. (1), Rs. 100 for item No. (2) and Rs. 50 for item No. (3) to be paid to the Engineer of the Board in cash and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the Contract.

3. The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Board,

H. KEMBALL, C. E.,
*Trust Engineer*

TRUST ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY, 25TH FEBRUARY, 1907.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI BACHUBAI, widow of HORMASJI BEJONJI DANTRA, & BARJORJI HORMASJI DANTRA, the Executrix & Executor respectively of the said HORMASJI BEJONJI DANTRA, deceased, has contracted TO SELL to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession lien or otherwise is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at 9, Bell Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any shall be considered as waived.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land together with the buildings standing thereon, situated on the Apollo Reclamation in Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1755 Square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows :—That is to say on the North partly by land in occupation of Haji Oomer Haji Adam, Haji Tar Mahomed, Haji Adam and Haji Sulleman Haji Adam and partly by land in the occupation of Hormasji Rustamji Umrigar and Dosabhai Rustamji Umrigar, on or towards the South by Barren Road, and on or towards the East and West by vacant land belonging to the Port Trustees of Bombay, which said premises are Assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2560, and are situated in the Registration District of Bombay, and are Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A ward No. 581, and Street No. 24 and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.—Dated this 2nd day March, 1907.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

### ANGLO-PERSIAN WORKS.

BY

SORABSHAW BYRAMJI DOCTOR,

Ex-Head Persian Teacher, Elphinstone High School, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN PRIMER, being an Elementary Treatise on Grammar, with Exercises, Fourth Edition. Royal 16mo. Cloth bound. 12 Ans.

2. SECOND BOOK OF PERSIAN: to which are added the Pandnama of Shaikh Saadi, and Gulistan, Chapter I, with their Vocabularies and Short Notes. Second Edition. 8vo, Re-1-4-0.

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MAY BE HAD FROM :—THE AUTHOR,
Karanjia Buildings, Grant Road, Bombay.
Bombay: Book Sellers, Kalbadevi.
Calcutta: MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & Co.
Surat: MR. KARSANDAS NARANDAS, Book-Seller, Nanavat.

### ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the Club on WEDNESDAY, the 6th March, at 6-30 p.m.

WALTER LANG,
*Honorary Secretary.*

NOTICE.

TIMBER SLEEPERS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of SLEEPERS as under for the use of the Eastern Bengal State Railway :

| Ordinary | No. |
|---|---|
| Broad Gauge Sleepers (10' × 10" × 5") ... | 1,50,000 |
| Metre Gauge (6' × 8" × 4½") ... ... | 1,50,000 |
| Special sizes (given in specifications) ... ... | 8,000 |

Delivery of Sleepers must commence in December, 1907, or earlier and must be completed by 15th February, 1908. At least 40 per cent. of the total quantity must be delivered before the end of December 1907, and 40 per cent. more before the end of January 1908.

Tenders will be considered for any of the following descriptions of timber :

| | |
|---|---|
| Indian : Sal, Deodar or Burmese Pynkado. | |
| Western Australia : | Hill-grown Jarrah. |
| New South Wales : | Mixed Hardwoods. |
| Queensland : | do. |
| Tasmanian : | do. |

Tenders may be submitted for the whole or any portion of the quantities required. Parties tendering are requested to state the number of Sleepers offered of each class of Timber, and where more than one class is offered to quote the rate for each class as well as the average rate.

In the case of mixed hardwoods the proportions allowable are given in the specification.

The Australian and Tasmanian Sleepers to be Government inspected and marked true to name at the cost of the sawyer, and the prices quoted should include delivery F. O. R. at Calcutta.

Burmese Pynkado Sleepers will be inspected and passed by an Engineer Officer of the Burma Railways before shipment and the prices quoted should include delivery F. O. R. at Calcutta.

Sal and Deodar will be inspected and passed at any Railway station, and prices quoted should include delivery into trucks at station after having been passed by an officer of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

Tenders should be returned enclosed in sealed covers addressed to the Secretary, Railway Board, at Simla, by 12 noon on MONDAY, May 13th, 1907, and should be superscribed in red ink "Tenders for Sleepers for the Eastern Bengal State Railway for 1907-1908."

Forms of tender and specifications must be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Sealdah, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of Rs. 100 for each set of forms and specifications, which will be refunded on order of the Railway Board provided a *Bona Fide* tender is submitted.

The Railway Board are not bound to accept the lowest or any Tender, and the whole or any part of a tender may be accepted or rejected.

CALCUTTA, 27th FEBRUARY, 1907.

### CONNOR, GERRARD & CO.

***Office :—28, Esplanade Road.***

ART FURNITURE DESIGNERS, MANUFACTURERS & UPHOLSTERERS.

DESIGNS FOR DECORATION OF DURBAR HALL.

Reception, Drawing and Billiard Rooms, Libraries, &c., &c.

Cabinets, Bedroom Suites, Dining Room Furniture, Sofas, and Chairs.

*ESTIMATES FREE.*

***Factories: Bank Street & Medows Street.***

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office, on MONDAY, the 11th March, 1907, at 3 p.m., for the consideration of the following business :—

1. Letter from Mr. A. Muirhead—Resigning his seat on the Corporation.
2. Bombay Improvement Trust Memoranda—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' Proceedings.
3. Appointment of Municipal Auditors for the year 1907-1908.
4. Resolutions of the Standing Committee—Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 2,500 to meet the cost of preparing a casket for the address of welcome which was to be presented to His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan on his arrival in Bombay, and of illuminating the address.
5. Bombay Improvement Trust Letter—(a) Intimating that the term of office of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Kt., Dr. A. G. Viegas and Mr. Dinshaw Eduljee Wacha as Improvement Trustees expires on the 31st March 1907. (b) Election of three Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee.—

6. Recommending sanction to the cost of 21 square yards of land, out of the plot acquired at the junction of Nowroji Road and 1st Koli Lane, Colaba, being met from Surplus Cash Balance.
7. Recommending approval to the acquisition of 60 square yards of land belonging to Mr. Mumanbhai Ganji's property at 1st Umarkhady Road at a cost estimated at Rs. 1,700.
8. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 8,500 to meet law charges for 1905-06.
9. Recommending sanction to advances of Rs. 4,000 and Rs. 8,000 from Surplus Cash Balance to meet excess expenditure in respect of labour for extra and overtime work and of stores for the workshops.
10. (*a*) Letter to the President from Mr. Marshall DeSouza and others—Complaining of a nuisance arising from a buffalo stable at Purbhadevi, Mahim. (*b*) Resolution of the Standing Committee—Recommending that the applicants be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
11. (*a*) and (*b*) Letters to the Corporation from Mr. Jamsetjee Nusservanjee Mehta—Complaining of an encroachment made by his neighbour upon his land and a portion of Municipal land at Hornby Road. (*c*) Resolution of the Standing Committee—Recommending that the applicant be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

Letters from the Commissioner—

12. Requesting sanction to Mr. D. D. Daruwala, Special Drainage Assistant Engineer, being permitted to contribute to the Pension Fund on the salary of the Special Drainage Assistant Engineer.
13. Requesting sanction to the laying of a 6" pipe drain in connection with the existing masonry drain in the ravine west of Malabar Hill Reservoir for draining the waters from the sand washing tanks of the filters on Malabar Hill.
14. Requesting sanction to the establishment and labourers at the Ghatkooper Salt Works being supplied with water. On terms mentioned.
15. Forwarding a report on the leakage from the Malabar Hill Reservoir.
16. Regarding the raising of a loan for Street Improvement.
17. Forwarding a statement of accounts as required by Section 105 (1) of the Municipal Act.
18. Forwarding Government Resolution which sanctions the City of Bombay Improvement Trust, Police Accommodation Scheme in the Market Section of Municipal Ward C.
19. Forwarding Government Resolution regarding the grant to the Bombay Municipality of certain land required for improving the roadway between the Crescent site and the Elphinstone College.
20. Forwarding a report regarding the manufacture of ice in the City.
21. Forwarding a statement of assessment of properties for the quarter ending 31st December 1906.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

22. Recommending approval to the acquisition of the property of Bai Perozbai Merwanji Mehta at the junction of Gunbow Street and Bomanji Lane, Fort, at a cost of Rs. 15,000.
23. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs.102-6-9 for adjusting against it two irrecoverable claims in respect of repairing a portion of 1st Nowroji Hill Road.
24. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 560 to meet excess expenditure due to the acting arrangements made during the absence of members of the Fire Brigade and the employment of extra staff for the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Station.
25. (*a*) Petition from Hassan Miya Fateh Mohamed and others, Beef Butchers—Praying that a fund be established, subscribed partly by them and partly by the Municipality, from which compensation may be paid to them for the rejection of meat of such animals as are slaughtered after having been twice inspected and passed in the live state. (*b*) Resolution of the Standing Committee—Recommending that the petitioners be informed that the Corporation see no necessity of complying with their proposal.
26. (*a*) Letter from the Honorary Joint Secretaries, Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association—Regarding the conduct of the Municipal Fire Brigade at the recent fire in Mulji Jetha's Cloth Market. (*b*) Resolution of the Standing Committee—Recommending that the applicants be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
27. (*a*) Letter from Mr. Dosabhai Rustomjee Kerawala—Regarding the removal of the wall of a building at Carei (*b*) Resolution of the Standing Committee—Recommending that the applicant be referred to the reply already given to him.
28. Letter from Mr. Narayan Kassinath and others, landlords and occupants of premises in Mugbhat Cross Lane, Girgaon—Requesting that a water main of at least 9 inches be laid in their locality so as to put a stop to the hardships felt by them on account of insufficient water-supply.
29. Letter from Mr. Abdulah Alladin Mahomed Dama—Complaining of insufficient water-supply.
30. Letter to the Corporation, No. 150/1963, dated the 30th January 1907, from the Honorary Secretary to the Grain Merchants' Association, Bombay—Forwarding a Resolution passed at a meeting of the Committee of the Association regarding the futility of the medical inspection of passengers travelling by coasting steamers in the Bombay Docks.

Letters from the Commissioner—

31. Forwarding statements regarding the cleansing of sewers and drains in the City for the quarter ending 31st December 1906.
32. Forwarding Improvement Trust letter relating to appeals before the Tribunal of Appeal.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

33. Recommending sanction, as a special case, to the payment of the allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem attached to the post of Town Duty Refund Examiner to Mr. R.N. Coyajee during the period he acted for the Revenue and Refund Audit Officer.
34. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 3,000 to meet excess expenditure due to higher rates paid for shoes, nails and other articles.
35. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 700 to meet the salary of Mr. F. J. Billa, Assistant Engineer, Drainage, Ordinary Branch, from the 1st January to 28th February 1907.
36. Letters from Messrs. Girdhardas Jethabhai and H. G. Vaz—Complaining of the nuisance arising from the insanitary condition of a gutter passing near Mangalwady, Mahim Bazar Road, and a notice served on him to connect the cesspool of his bunglow with a pipe drain.

Letters from the Commissioner—

37. Requesting approval to the proposed design of infectious diseases ambulance vans
38. Requesting sanction to certain strips of land at Kitchen Garden Lane being sold to the Bombay Cloth Market Company at the rate of Rs. 100 per square yard.
39. Reporting as to the betting transactions of the Chief Inspector of the Waterworks and the action taken by him in the matter.
40. Requesting sanction to the request of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company for instituting a Tramway service for the conduct of passenger traffic in two classes and for charging special fares for the conveyance of first class passengers; and forwarding plans of the cars which the Company are now building.
41. Forwarding a return of cycles taxed for the quarter ended 31st December 1906.
42. Forwarding a letter from the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company regarding the centre poles put up by the Company between tram lines.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

43. Regarding the improvement of the road by the side of the new bridge over the channel at Worli.
44. Regarding the provision of bathing and washing places in the City.
45. Regarding the disinfectants used by the Health Department.
46. Reporting as to the damaged pipes in the Tulsi Outlet Tunnel.
47. Forwarding a report regarding proposals for the drainage of flood waters, etc.
48. (*a*) Letter from the Commissioner—Requesting sanction to the right of skinning dead animals during 1907-08 being sold to Messrs. Saleh Mahomed Dharamsi & Co. (*b*) Letter, dated the 18th February 1907, from Messrs. Tankardas & Co., Solicitors—Forwarding correspondence regarding the non-acceptance by the Commissioner of the tender of their clients Messrs. Haji Noor Mahomed and Haji Essa.
49. Notice of motion from the Honourable Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, K.C.I.E.—For appointing Rao Bahadur Dinkji Cassinathji to be a member of the Committee appointed by the Corporation to submit to the Corporation a programme for the expenditure of 10 lakhs on the construction of buildings for Primary Schools.
50. Memorandum from the Commissioner—Forwarding Quarterly Reports from the Divisional Health Officers for the quarter ending 31st December 1906.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee :—

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—Contd.

51. Recommending sanction to the lease of Mr. Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy's chawl at Valpakady being renewed for 18 months.
52. Recommending sanction to the laying of a 6" new main in Soparibag Road.
53. Recommending sanction to the construction of quarters required for the additional staff for the Fire Brigade Head Quarter at Byculla.
54. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 2,783 for the works proposed for remedying the nuisance caused by the accumulation of water at Elphinstone Road.
55. Requesting sanction to the cost, estimated at Rs. 35,000, of new mains in connection with the proposed arrangement of water mains in the Improvement Trust Scheme No. IV being met as proposed.
56. Recommending sanction to the signing of cheques in 1907-08 for the expenditure specified.
57. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 17,400 to meet additional charges payable to the Bombay Port Trust for the collection of Town Duties.
58. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 1,000 to meet certain additional expenditure for the maintenance and upkeep of hydrants.
59. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 2,400 to meet excess expenditure due to the opening of roads for cleaning drains.
60. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 1,500 to meet excess expenditure due to improvements in the general lighting of the City.
61. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 2,600 to meet excess expenditure due to the re-printing of the Election Roll for 1905-1906, etc.
62. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 1,176 to meet excess expenditure due to petty drainage works.
63. Sanctioning, subject to Corporation's Orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 584 to meet excess expenditure due to the repair of old cases, etc., at the Victoria and Albert Museum.
64. Sanctioning subject to Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 2,300 to meet additional charges payable to the G. I. P. Railway for the collection of Town Duties.
65. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 550 to meet excess expenditure for lighting markets with gas.
66. (*a*) Report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the conversion into a public road of the private lane running through Chamarbag. (*b*) Letter from the Commissioner—Forwarding the Municipal Solicitor's opinion as to the conversion of a private lane running through Chamarbag into a public road.
67. (*a*) Government Letter—Intimating that it is estimated that the expenditure during 1907-08 in connection with the investigations of the Committee appointed to enquire into the prevalence and causation of malaria and other fevers in Bombay will not exceed Rs. 10,000. (*b*) Letter from the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay—Requesting that a sum of Rs. 52-0-0 may be remitted to him for payment of certain bills.

Notices of Motions—

68—70. From Mr. D. G. Padhye—(68) For requesting the Commissioner to take action against the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company in regard to the posts erected and to be erected by them for fixing electric wires and for compelling them to have them well lighted during the night. (69) For requesting the Commissioner to induce the Tramway Company to put below the ground surface the lower portions of the posts so as to minimise the danger of accidents. (70) For addressing a representation to Government enquiring whether a Government Resolution, quoted by several newspapers, directing that no officer of Government shall interfere with the free choice of candidates by elective bodies has been issued by Government and pointing out that if so the orders issued thereby were openly and flagrantly violated by four Government officers in connection with the recent Justices' Election.

71. From Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin—For obtaining a report as to the recent collapse of a house in Bhendi Bazar.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

72. Recommending sanction to a three years' contract being entered into with Messrs. Virji Teju and Co. for the supply of labour carts and bullocks.
73. Recommending approval to the acquisition of a plot of land belonging to the Trustees of the Confraternity of St. Francis required in connection with the Low Level Channels and their banks.
74. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 2,000 to meet an anticipated excess in the printing grant of the Municipal Secretary's Office.
75. Recommending sanction to a grant of Rs. 2,500 to meet an excess in the budget grant for road watering during 1906-07.
76. Recommending sanction to the excess of Rs. 248-3-2 in the cost of acquiring Mr. Abdulla Mir Khandwani's property at Pydhoni being met as proposed.
77. Letter from Khan Saheb Pallonjee Pestonjee Raghina—Requesting that a cattle trough be constructed at the junction of Dockyard and Mazagaon Roads and offering to bear the cost.

Notices of Motions—

78. From Mr. Dinsha Bomanji Pestonji Master, seconded by Dr. Jehangir J. Curseji—For obtaining a report as to the existing arrangements for the removal of refuse from house gulleys to the Byculla flats.
79. From Mr. Manmohandas Ramji—For appointing a Committee to consider the verdict passed by the Coroner in connection with the recent house fall at Bhendi Bazar and to suggest means of avoiding such catastrophes in future.
80. Memorandum from the Municipal Secretary—Reporting Budget Transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee from 30th January to 27th February 1907.
81. Regarding the future permanent constitution of the Health Department.
82. Regarding certain proposed tramway extension in the City.
83. Regarding the proposal of Government to construct a Police Chowky at the junction of Hornby and Paltan Roads.
84. Regarding the proposed installation in the Arthur Crawford Markets of high power gas lamps.
85. Regarding the proposed construction of shops on the southern and western frontages of the Arthur Crawford Markets.
86. Regarding Government proposals for exchange of responsibilities with the Corporation by a transfer of certain services.

By order of the President,

M. N. WADIA,
*Municipal Secretary.*

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 2ND MARCH, 1907.

NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.

OWING to the non-acceptance of Office by the Hon'ble Mr. HARI SITARAM DIKSHIT, B.A., LL.B., a representative of the (D) Girgaum Ward, there is a Casual Vacancy in the Office under Section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act III. of 1888. I, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22 (3) and 25 of the said Act, hereby fix TUESDAY, the 19th March, 1907, for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid Casual Vacancy.

W. D. SHEPPARD,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 2ND MARCH, 1907.

### GREEN'S RESTAURANT.

SAME MANAGEMENT
AND
COOKING AS TAJ MAHAL.
ENTIRELY RE-ORGANISED AND RENOVATED
POPULAR PRICES.
SPECIAL BALCONY DINNERS,
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
SWADESHI CLOTH.

FANCY and COLOURED CLOTH of different qualities and designs such as :—

Long Cloth, Drapanies, Table Cloths, Chaddars, Dhotias, Drills Twills, Damask Table Cloths, Towels, (Honey Comb pattern, Akhi Bakha, Damask pattern, &c.), Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Napkins Handkerchiefs, Checks, Thana Cloth, Suti, Hunting Cloth, Khakee Cloth, Bed tickings, Bed Covers, Bed Quilts, Coloured Table Cloths Tapestry Cloth, Jhool Cloth, Sarees, Pugrees, Carpets, &c., &c.

HOSIERY GOODS in all varieties, viz : Seamless Hose, Socks, Garnseys (Fancy & Merino finished, &c.), Pants, Caps, &c.

THREAD GOODS of all descriptions, viz : Sewing glazed thread on Cards and Spools (warranted full length) Crochet Cotton Mercerised Cotton for embroidery, Sewing Skeins, Ball Twines, &c.

☞ GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

MOFUSSIL CUSTOMERS can have their supply only from

SHETH LAKHMIDAS MORARJI,
*Salesman,*
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BRANCHES :—Sitaram Buildings, Bombay
" —Bamanji Street, Bombay,
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## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

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GEORGE AND ROBERT STEPHENSON—The Locomotive.

### GREEN'S APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT.

THE INDIAN HOTELS CO., LD., have arranged to hold a series of BILLIARD TJURNAMENTS in GREEN'S RESTAURANT, which is now under the same management as the TAJ MAHAL HOTEL. The First Tournament will be a handicap for European Amateurs only.

The Second Tournament will be an open Championship Tournament for Europeans and Native Amateurs.

The Third Tournament will be a handicap for Native Amateurs only.

First BILLIARD HANDICAP 200 POINTS UP (for European Amateurs only).

PRIZES :

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1st Prize | ... | ... | ... | Rs. 150 |
| 2nd " | ... | ... | ... | " 75 |
| 3rd " | ... | ... | ... | " 50 |
| 4th " | ... | ... | ... | " 25 |
| 5th " | ... | ... | ... | " 25 |

TWO BILLIARD CUES will also be presented by Messrs. John Roberts & Co., Ld., and Messrs. Dawson & Co., to the two Players who make the Highest Breaks during the Tournaments.

1st to the player who is at scratch or minus.
2nd " " " receiving Points.

Entries will be received till the 8th March at the RESTAURANT BAR, where full particulars may be obtained.

F. T. BURCHER,
*General Manager.*

AS RESOLVED at a preliminary meeting held in that behalf, a general meeting of the friends, admirers and subjects of His Highness Shri Sayaji Rao Maharaja Gaekwa of Baroda will be held at the Rooms of the Bombay Presidency Association on THURSDAY, the 7th instant, at 5-15 p.m. (B. T.) for the purpose of offering their cordial congratulations on the celebration of the unique occasion of His Highness' Silver Jubilee, in the course of this week, and of associating themselves with any permanent memorial that might be raised for commemorating the occasion.

PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA,
*Chairman.*

3RD MARCH, 1907.

ELLERMAN LINE OF STEAMERS,
(CITY AND HALL LINES,)
HOMEWARD SAILINGS.

THE S. S. "CITY OF BOMBAY" will LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL on the 21st March, 1907. The S. S. "CITY OF LONDON" is expected to LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL on the 16th April, 1907. Berths can be now engaged for former, and names registered pending arrival of plans, for the latter. Apply to,

KILLICK, NIXON & CO.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 269 of 1905.

RUNCHORDAS TRIBHOWANDAS MODY.....Plaintiff.
vs.
NANCHAND LAKHMICHAND and others ..... Defendant

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 3rd day of July, 1906, the following moveable property will be SOLD in 15 lots (containing 29 pieces) by PUBLIC AUCTION by Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, under the orders and directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at their Rooms, at Apollo Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of March, 1907, at the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1—One Damni (head ornament), one in number, set with Precious Stones.
2. One (Ornament for head called), Fulls of Dutch Diamonds, one in number.
3. One Pearl Satlada (Necklace), one in number, of five strings.
4. One Pearl Mala, (Necklace), one in number, of two strings
5. Two Bangles, two in number, of Purab Diamonds.
6. Two Bangles, two in number, of turquoise and Purab Diamonds.
7. Four Bangles, four in number, (each) having two rows of Pearls.
8. Four Bangles, four in number, (each) having one row of Pearls.
9. Two Ruby Bangles, two in number.
10. Four Diamond and Ruby Bangles, four in number.
11. Two Pearl (wristlets called) Ravirals, one pair, with three rows (*t.e.*), two in number without chaps (pins).
12. Two Pearl (wristlets called) Ravirals, one pair, with three rows (*t.e.*) two in number with chaps (Pins).
13. One Ruby Finger Ring, one in number.
14. One Diamond Finger Ring, one in number, (large).
15. One Diamond Finger Ring, one in number, (small).

In all, the ornaments are twenty-nine, namely (29) in number.

The property will be open for inspection (of approved persons) at the said Auctioneer's Rooms, eight days before the day of sale from 11-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. KHUNDERAO, LAUD & MEHTA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff above named at No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, or at the Rooms of Messrs. Bennett & Co., Auctioneers at Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 8th day of February, 1907.

A. K. OLIVER,
*Commissioner.*

### NOTICE.

FOR the convenience of Residents of the Northern part of the Island (Parel, Sion, Sewree, Mahim, Worli, and contiguous localities), arrangements have been made with Messrs. Bernard Brothers, Dadar, to ensure early delivery of "The Bombay Gazette" to subscribers.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### COMBRIDGE, BOMBAY.

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Large 8vo., Cloth Extra,
Rs. 4-8 each vol.

THE STUDY OF MAN. An Introduction to Ethnology. By Professor A. C. Haddon, D.Sc., M.A., M.R.I.A. Illustrated.

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Terms on application "BOWEN HOUSE, APOLLO BUNDER.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in failing off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAMS fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

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ELYSIUM RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.
THURS. 7TH, FRIDAY 8TH, SATUR. 9TH.
ENGLISH CONCERT PARTY.
(With Life Size Pictures.)
MISS VIOLET CLEMENTS.
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MR. SYDNEY LEMIARD.
MR. AUSTIN PELHAM.
MR. REGGIE MILLBURN.
SKATING EACH EVENING.
P.M. 9 to 10-30.

GRAND FANCY DRESS.
MI-CAREME.
SKATING CARNIVAL.
TUESDAY, 12TH MARCH.
10 ELEGANT AND VALUABLE
PRIZES WILL BE GIVEN.
A BEAUTIFUL GOLD WATCH,
STERLING SILVER ARTICLES,
On View at the Rink.
Tickets at MONGINI BROS. and SOUNDY & Co.

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Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line : Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Re. 1.

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BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles also for Naptha Lamps.
Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by
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TO COLLECTORS OF OLD CHINA,
SALE OF OLD CHINA.

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of March, 1907, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p.m., a collection of Old China, consisting of blue and white, blue and other coloured vases, flower holders, jars, plates, bowls, etc.

The Goods are on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Bombay, 2nd March, 1907.

## "SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY.—A small consignment of the NEW ERA two speed gear BICYCLES have been sent out at Manufacturer's risk and are consequently available at an exceptionally low price. For inspection apply—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs.

# COMMERCIAL NEWS.

## LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *March* 1.] [BOMBAY, *March* 2.

### FINANCIAL.

| | Rates. | Plus. | Minus. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2½ per cent. Consols ex ... | 86 13/16 | | 1/16 |
| 3 do. Rentes ... | 96 | un | chgd |
| 3½ do. Sterling Loan ... | 103¼ | | ¼ |
| 3½ do. Govt. Securities ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Bar Silver in London ... | 32 7/16 | 7 | 1/16 |
| Do. do. 2 months' hence | 31 15/16 | | 1/16 |
| Do. in New York ... | 69⅛ | | ⅛ |
| Exchange on London at Paris ... | 25·29 | un | chgd |
| Do. do. do. Berlin. | 20 52½ | ¼ | chgd |
| Do. do. do. New York. | 4·34⅝ | un | chgd |
| Discount Bank of England Rate. | 5% | Since | 17 Jan. |
| Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight ... | 4⅜% | | ¼ |
| Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight ... | 4⅜% | un | chgd |
| Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ... | 5% | un | chgd |
| Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ... | 5⅛% | un | chgd |
| Interest Day-to-day Loans ... | 4½% | un | ⅛ |
| Do. 7-day Market Loans ... | 4⅝% | | ⅛ |

Amount Paid into the Bank of England . £150,000
Earmarked for Indian Currency account... £500,000
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... ... 1s. 3 11/16d. unchanged,
Bills on Madras Rs. 2,70,000 at 1s. 4 1/16d.

### COTTON.

**Liverpool—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Spots ... ... ... ... ... | Quiet |
| Futures ... ... ... ... ... | Steady |
| East Indian ... ... ... ... | Dull |
| Manchester ... ... ... ... | Firm |
| Total Sales ... ... ... ... | 8,000 |
| Sold on Speculation and for Export ... | 500 |
| Imports ... ... ... ... ... | 9,000 |
| Mid-Americans ... ... ... | 6 14 unchgd |
| Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... | 11 7/16 + 1/16 |

**Future Delivery Prices:—**

| Mar.-Apl. | Apl.-May. | May-June | June-July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5·78 + 01 | 5·75 + 05 | 5·73 + 04 | 5·72 + 04 |

| July-Aug. | Aug.-Sep. | Sep.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5·71 + 04 | 5·63 + 04 | 5·63 + 04 | 5·62 + 05 | 5·62 |

**New York—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts at U. S. Ports ... ... | 31,000 bales |
| Do. do. last year ... | 20,000 " |
| Exports to Great Britain ... | 7,000 " |
| Do. to Continent ... ... | 32,000 " |

Spot Cotton—11·25 unchgd.

Futures.—Month of March, 9·32 — 01 / Do. do. July, 9·86 + 02 — Advanced early owing to smaller estimates for to-morrow is received and declined later in consequence of dailyweather reports indicate beneficial rain.

**New Orleans—**

Spot Cotton—10⅜ unchgd
Futures—Month of May mutilated
Do. do. July mutilated

NEW YORK, March 1.

| | bales. |
|---|---|
| Week's receipts at U. S. Ports ... | 240,000 |
| Do. Exports to Great Britain ... | 105,000 |
| Do. do. to France and Continent ... | 1,125,000 |
| Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports ... | 1,063,000 |
| Do. do. at Interior Ports ... | 566,000 |

### ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Madras Westerns C. I. F.—4 3/32 Sellers, Months—March-May.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly C. I. F.—5 1/32 Sellers. Months—April-May.
Fair Coconadas—C. I. F.—4 1/32 Sellers. Months—March-May.
Cocoanada Cotton Ginned C. I. F. 4 3/32 March-May Sellers.

### WHEAT.

Tone of Wheat—Firm.

### SEEDS.

**Rapeseed—**
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs., 85 per cent. ex-ship 46/—May/June—Antwerp—Value Canal.
Tone of Rapeseed—Dull.

**Linseed—**
Bombay per 416 lbs., ex-ship 43/ April-May Dunkirk. Sellers Canal.
Tone of Linseed. Steady.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Coffee—**
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 7¼ unchanged.

**Sugar—**
German granulated Sugar, double bags, C. and F. India, 11s. 7½d.
Months of Shipment—April Seller.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

**Metals—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Copper Braziers ... ... ... ... | £123 |
| Yellow Metal ... ... ... ... | d. 9/16 |

**Tin plates—**
I. C. Coke 14×20 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C. I. F., Bombay. £0 14 0

**Bar Iron—**
Belgian Ordinary Sizes F. O. B., Antwerp £6 18 0
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G. O. B. 4 2 F. O. B. Liverpool £14 5 0
Basic Steel Bars F. O. B. Antwerp Net, £7 0 0

### IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

| Packages. | Value. | From | Vessel. | Importer. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | | | |
| 7 Boxes Gold Bullion | 5,37,600 | London | Persia | Chartered Bank |
| 243 Bars Silver... | 3,75,709 | London | Persia | Chartered Bank |
| 194 Bars Silver.. | 4,54,695 | London | Persia | Yokohama Bank |
| 3 Boxes Gold Bullion and Sovereigns | 1,35,600 / 22,500 | London | Persia | Hongkong Bank |
| 28 Bars Silver .. | 74,584 | London | Persia | International Bank |
| 217 Bars Silver.. | 5,27,606 | London | Persia | Mercantile Bank |
| 318 Bars Silver... | 7,52,616 | London | Persia | Hongkong Bank |
| 1 Bundle Re ... | 1,200 | C Mandvi | Lhasa | Mack Mackenzie and Co |
| 6 Bundles Re ... | 13,000 | Abbas | C Craft | Sundry Natives |
| 14 Bundles Re ... | 12,000 | Linga | Bullunba | Mr Shaik |
| 1 Bundle Sovereigns | 1,150 | | | |
| Gold Coins ... | 5,752 | Jeddah | Shah Najam | H S H Mahomed |
| Rupees ..... | 200 | | | |
| 749 Bars Silver... | 18,05,593 | London | Persia | Bank of Bombay |
| | 53,760 | London | Persia | Bank of Bombay |
| | | London | Persia | Comptoir National |
| | | | | Bombay Sundry Natives |
| | | | Persia | Supdt V and P Docks |
| | | London | Persia | Supdt V and P Docks |
| | | London | Persia | Supdt V and P Docks |

### RECEIPTS.

...are the receipts of Cotton and Produce ...ring the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| ... ... ... | 14,024 bales. |
| ... ... ... | 3,286 cwts. |
| ... ... ... | 4,903 " |
| ... ... ... | 3,019 " |
| ... ... ... | 10,469 " |
| ... ... ... | 35 " |
| ... ... ... | 210 " |
| ... ... ... | 463 " |
| ... ... ... | 20,052 " |
| ... ... ... | 159 " |
| ... ... ... | 35,626 " |
| ... ... ... | 5,279 " |
| ... ... ... | 1,073 " |
| ... ... ... | — " |
| ... ... ... | 5 " |

### COTTON.

**Market Report:—**
The telegram received from New York this morning advises a check to the advance which has continued so steadily during the week. The Liverpool opener received this evening shows a decline of 4 points all round in future.
The local market has been quiet with little enquiry from any source, and prices for Broach and Bengals are Rs. 2 lower, while other descriptions are also easier. There are free sellers at the undermentioned rates :—

**Quotations :—**

| | Rs. Delivery |
|---|---|
| Fine M. G. Broach ... ... ... | 250 March. |
| Good M. G. Broach... ... ... | 240 " |
| Fine M. G. Nagpur Kampti ... | 217/18 " |
| Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaon... | 207/8 " |
| Fine M. G. Khangaum Akola ... | 198 " |
| Fine M. G. Amraoti ... ... | 199/200 " |
| Fine M. G. Muttra ... ... ... | 18½ " |
| F. G. M. G. Khandeish ... ... | 130 " |
| Fine M. G. Khandeish ... ... | 125/6 " |
| Fine M. G. Bengals ... ... | 172 " |
| F. G. H. G. Bengals ... ... | 154 " |
| Good Westerns ... ... ... | 226 " |
| Good Saw Ginned Dharwar... | 242 " |

**Liverpool Opener:—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Opening tone ... ... ... | Easier. |
| Estimated Sales ... ... ... | 6,000 bales. |
| Total Imports ... ... ... | 33,000 " |

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES—

| Mar.-Apl. | Apl.-May. | May-June. | June-July | July-Aug |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5·72 | 5·71 | 5·69 | 5·63 | 5·67 |
| | | — 04 | | |

| Aug.-Sept. | Sept.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5·61 | 5·62 | 5·51 | 5·59 |
| | — 04 | | |

### FREIGHTS.

The market is quiet but steady with a small business doing.
The following fixtures are reportedduring the week.
S. S. "Clan Gordon," lump sum April loading.
S. S. "Crusader," lump sum May loading.
S. S. "King Frederick," March loading at 15s. 6d. one p. p. and 16s. two p. ps.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Linseed :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready ... ... | Rs. 7 4 0 |
| May ... ... | " 7 8 0 |
| Tone—Steadier. | |

**Rapeseed—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Yellow Cawnpore April-May. | Rs. 7 15 0 |
| Brown Gujarat, do. ... | " 8 1 0 |
| Brown Kutni Ready. ... | " 7 8 0 |
| Tone—Quiet. | |

**Gingelly seed :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bold White 85 per cent ... | Rs. 52 8 0 |
| " 75 do. ... | " 51 0 0 |
| " 50 do. ... | " 49 8 0 |
| Black Kutni ... | " 42 8 0 |
| Yellow Hingunghat ... | " 55 8 0 |
| Tone—Easier. | |
| CASTORSEED :— | |
| ... | " 35 8 0 |
| Tone—Quiet. | |
| COTTONSEED :— | |
| ... | " 20 8 0 |
| Tone—Steady. | |

**Groundnuts :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| ... | " 43 0 0 |
| Tone—Quiet. | |

**Wheat :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| White Delhi ... | " 4 7 0 |
| White Karachi ... | " 4 7 0 |
| Tone—Quiet. | |

**Shares :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Manockjee Petits ... | Rs. 3,415 |
| Davids ... ... ... | " 402½ |
| Kohinoors ... ... | " 755 |
| Bank of Bombay ... | " 1,372½ |

### BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [2ND MARCH, 1907.

### FINANCIAL.

**Money :—**
There are borrowers for two months at 7½ per cent. per annum.

**Exchange :—**
The market has been quiet but steady. Most Banks were offering to sell wire at 1s. 4 3/32d. but for large amounts 1s. 4 1/32d. was available for cash. Credits for March were quoted at 1s. 4 1/32d. 3 months' sight but bills are still scarce.
Far Eastern rates are steady. We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. on London ... ... ... | 1s. 4 3/32d. |
| Demand Draft ... ... ... | 1s. 4 1/32d. |
| Credits—3 months' sight ... | 1s. 4 1/32d. |
| Do. 6 months' sight ... | 1s. 4 3/32d. |
| Do. 3 months' sight—Francs | 172½ |
| Do. 3 months' sight—Marks. | 141 |
| Hongkong—30 days' sight ... | 162 |
| Yokohama—30 days' sight ... | 148½ |
| Shanghai—30 days' sight ... | 221 |

**Government Paper :—**
There has been very little doing in this market since the last settling day. Rates opened unchanged to-day at 97 1/16 for cash and 97½ for the end of March settlement and close unaltered but steady. Scarcely any contracts are reported and any that have passed are for small amounts.

We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash ... ... ... ... | 97·3 |
| 1st Settlement ... ... ... | 97·8 |

**Bullion :—**
Reuter advises the price of Bar silver in London as 1/16 lower at 32 1/16 for ready and 31 15/16 for delivery forward in two months. The New York market is also weaker, being ⅛ down at 69½. Our local market on the other hand, is slightly firmer and quotations are fully 1/16 better since morning. The closing quotations are noted below. Bar gold is steady.

| | Rs. A. P. |
|---|---|
| English Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 2 0 |
| Australian Bar Gold ... ... | 24 1 6 |
| Bombay Bar Gold ... ... | 24 0 0 |
| English Shield Sovereigns ... | 15 0 0 |
| English Dragon Sovereigns ... | 15 0 0 |
| Silver ex Duty—Ready ... | 80 11 0 |
| Ditto 1st Settlement ... | 80 12 0 |
| Ditto 2nd Settlement ... | 81 15 0 |

### LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, *March* 2.] [BOMBAY, *March* 3.

### FINANCIAL.

| | Rates. | Plus. | Minus. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2½ per cent. Consols ex ... | 86⅞ | 1/16 | |
| 3 do. Rentes ... | 96½ | ¼ | |
| 3½ do. Sterling Loan ... | 102¼ | | ¼ |
| 3½ do. Govt. Securities ... | 65½ | un | chgd |
| Bar Silver in London ... | 32 | | 1/16 |
| Do. do. 2 months' hence | 31⅛ | | 1/16 |
| Do. in New York ... | 69⅛ | | ⅛ |
| Exchange on London at Paris. | 25·29 | un | chgd |
| Do. do. do. Berlin. | 20·52½ | | ¼ |
| Do. do. do. New York. | 4 84⅛ | un | chgd |
| Discount Bank of England Rate. | 5% | Since | 17 Jan. |
| Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight ... | 4⅜% | un | chgd |
| Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight ... | 4⅜% | un | chgd |
| Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ... | 5% | un | chgd |
| Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ... | 5⅛% | un | chgd |
| Interest Day-to-day Loans ... | 4½% | un | chgd |
| Do. 7-day Market Loans ... | 4⅝% | un | chgd |

Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England ... 100,000 for South America.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... 1s. 3 11/16d.
MAILS.—£75,000 from Australia. Earmarked for India Currency Account.

### SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Silver to Bombay ... | £ 320,000 |
| Gold " ... | £ 150,000 |
| Delayed owing to Mutilation. | |

### COTTON.

**Liverpool—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Spots ... ... | quiet |
| Futures ... ... | steady |
| East Indian... ... | dull |
| Manchester ... ... | firm |
| Total Sales ... ... | 6,000 bales |
| Sold on Speculation and for Export... | 300 " |
| Imports ... ... | 33,000 " |
| Mid-Americans ... | 6 13—01 |
| Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... | 11 7/16 unchgd |

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES—

| Mar.-Apl. | Apl.-May | May-June | June-July |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5·76 | 5·75 | 5·73 | 5·72 |

| July-Aug. | Aug.-Sept. | Sept.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5·71 | 5·63 | 5·66 | 5·62 | 5·62 |

unchanged.

**New York :—**

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts at U. S. Ports ... | 24,000 bales. |
| Do. do. last year... | 13,000 " |
| Exports to Great Britain ... | 21,000 " |
| Do. to Continent ... | 11,000 " |

Spot Cotton—11·25 unchanged.

Futures—Month of March 9·61 — 01 / Do. do. July 9·84 — 02 — Advanced early owing to firm cables and declined later in consequence of bearish visible supply figures.

**New Orleans—**

| | Yesterday. |
|---|---|
| Spot Cotton—10 11/16 ... | |
| Futures—Month of May | 10·48 |
| Do. do. July | 10·64 |
| Closing Tone of Futures—firm. | |

| | |
|---|---|
| COTTON STOCK in London ... | 9,000 bales |
| " Total *Visible Supply* ... | 4,850,000 " |
| " " " East Indian | 2,65,000 " |
| " Quantity in Sight ... | 11,100,000 " |

### LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Total | Week's Sales | 53,000 bales |
| " | Sold on speculation | 1,000 " |
| " | Sold for Exportation | 1,000 " |
| " | Amounts forwarded to consumers | 88,000 " |
| " | Actual Exports | 7,000 " |
| " | Week's Imports | 208,000 " |
| " | Stock | 1,090,000 " |
| Surat's | Week's Sales | 200 " |
| " | Sold on speculation | — |
| " | Sold for exportation | 100 " |
| " | Amounts forwarded to consumers | 1,200 " |
| " | Actual Exports | 1,300 " |
| " | Week's Imports | 3,000 " |
| " | Stocks | 15,000 " |
| Afloat | Americans | 370,000 " |
| " | Indian | 13,000 " |

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Coffee—**
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 7¼+¼

### BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 26th February 1907, as compared with the statement of 13th February 1907 :—

| LIABILITIES. | February 19. Rs. a. p. | February 26. Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Capital paid up ... | 2,00,00,000 0 0 | 2,00,00,000 0 0 |
| Reserve Fund ... | 1,50,00,000 0 0 | 1,50,00,000 0 0 |
| Public Deposits, &c ... | 1,41,14,074 1 6 | 1,72,94,551 10 9 |
| Other Deposits, &c. ... | 13,92,67,993 9 8 | 13,30,04,998 6 2 |
| Bank Post Bills, &c ... | 9,00,337 14 8 | 8,13,818 0 8 |
| Sundries ... | 21,87,481 6 0 | 21,97,891 14 2 |
| Rs ... | 19,21,69,886 15 7 | 19,37,09,984 4 5 |
| ASSETS. | Rs. a. p. | Rs. a. p. |
| Government Securities ... | 1,15,00,118 0 0 | 1,15,77,698 0 0 |
| Other authorized Investments ... | 20,35,129 8 0 | 37,79,253 13 0 |
| Loans on Govt. and other authorized Securities ... | 4,90,44,520 11 7 | 4,93,74,551 2 11 |
| Accounts of Credit on ... | 5,06,45,367 12 6 | 5,14,35,540 6 5 |
| Bills discounted &c ... | 2,64,63,649 4 9 | 2,58,01,391 4 4 |
| Balances with other Banks ... | 8,49,509 9 2 | 8,58,616 2 4 |
| Buildings ... | ... | ... |
| Bank Stock ... | 14,8,7,574 6 5 | 14,99,817 8 8 |
| Stamps ... | 14,643 13 0 | 18,129 8 0 |
| Sundries ... | 7,66,671 7 9 | 7,49,465 10 0 |
| | 14,37,01,213 8 8 | 14,49,73,669 15 8 |
| Cash &c., at Head Office ... / Do. at Branches ... | 4,83,78,674 6 11 | 4,87,37,316 4 9 |
| Rs.. | 19,21,69,886 15 7 | 19,37,09,984 4 5 |

| LIABILITIES. | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Govt. Balance at Head Office | 23,62137 | Increase |
| Do. at Branches ... | 10,18,640 | Do. |
| Other Deposits ... | 16,62,098 | Decrease |
| Post Bills ... | 88,022 | Do. |
| Bank's Investments ... | 18,604 | Increase |
| Loans ... | 70,037 | Decrease |
| Accounts of Credit ... | 5,40,918 | Increase |
| Mercantile Bills ... | 3,37,848 | Do. |
| Cash at Head Office... | 27,72,780 | Do. |
| Do. at Branches ... | 24,13,837 | Decrease |

IN a report by Sir Alexander Swettenham, Governor of Jamaica, on turtle fishing, which is the chief industry of the Cayman Islands, it is mentioned that green turtle display an extraordinary sense of locality. It has happened more than once that turtle marked with the initials of their captors have escaped from their crawls in Grand Cayman and within three months have been recaptured at the fishing ground, a distance of over 300 miles. The last instance of this was in 1904, when Mr. Lambert's crawl was cut down, and 200 turtle escaped; within three months 30 of them were caught by different fishing boats off the Nicaraguan coast.

AT All Saints' Church, Canwick, Lincoln, on Feb. 9, the marriage was celebrated of Capt. the Hon. Dudley R. H. Pelham, late 10th Hussars, and adjutant of the Lincolnshire Imperial Yeomanry, youngest son of the third Earl of Yarborough, and brother of the present Peer, with Miss Evelyn Elisabeth Waldo-Sibthorp, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Montagu Waldo-Sibthorp, of Canwick Hall. The bride was given away by her father, and Capt. Kenneth Kincaid-Smith, D. S. O., Royal Horse Art., acted as bestman. Four bridesmaids were in attendance—Miss Thorold, Miss Sutton-Nelthorpe, Miss Olinda Sutton, and Miss Nora Astley-Corbett. The bride's mother afterwards held a reception at Canwick Hall

## AN EX-POLICE COURT MISSIONARY.

### Some of his Trials and Hardships.

Mr. Cuthbert Shepherd, of Kenmure, Lancaster Gardens, South-end-on-Sea, is an earnest evangelist, who until lately was engaged in the trying work of a police-court missionary for the Rochford Hundred of Essex. His arduous and exacting duties some time ago told upon his health, and he became a victim to constipation.

That he is now strong and well again is due entirely to Bile beans. "At times I hardly knew what to do with myself." Mr. Shepherd told a Southend journalist: "If I was not in acute pain I was very drowsy, and my work was extremely irksome. I had acute pains in the head, which prevented me from sleeping and when I did manage to lose consciousness my slumber was so heavy that when I awoke I felt weary and unrefreshed.

"Cycling and walking had been two of my favourite pursuits, but I was unable to take any interest in either. I had always been a hearty eater, but often I had a positive distaste for food, and after every meal there was a fresh attack of the pains in the head and the drowsy feeling that almost incapacitated me. I tried all sorts of remedies, but I could discover nothing to give me permanent relief until I was persuaded to try bile beans.

"Within a short time after commencing with Bile beans a feeling of renewed life came into me, such as I had not experienced for many years. The pains and drowsiness vanished, refreshing sleep took the place of restless nights, and I could eat and enjoy my food. I continued with Bile beans until I was quite free from those conditions that had before so severely handicapped me. I am now in perfect health. Being so well known through my public work as a police-court missionary and a lay evangelist, I feel that the great benefit I have derived from bile beans might lead to the same good being derived by others who are suffering, so I give the Bile Bean Co. full permission to use my testimonial for this end."

Be guided by Mr. Shepherd's experience; see that you get the genuine remedy. All chemists stock Bile Beans, at Re. 1/- per box, and Rs. 2/4 for family size containing three times the quantity.

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

[IN MEMORIAM.]

DAVAR—In loving memory of Manekbai the dearly loved wife of Dr. F. E. Davar and daughter of the late Nowroji Jivaji, who died on the 3rd March 1903. Deeply mourned and sadly missed.

"Although four years have passed away,
Her loss we still bemoan,
Our hearts retain, in memory still
The love, which time can never kill."

### OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

LEWIS—February 25, at Agra, the wife of Gilbert Lewis, Central India Horse, of a son.
WESTON—February 18, at Delhi, the wife of W. G. Weston, Bank of Upper India, Ld., of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

KEMP—KEMP—February 25, at the Church at Lalitpur, by the Rev. B. Holman, Chaplain of Jhansi, John Winifred Kemp, U. P. Police, to Lilian, youngest daughter of Major and Mrs. W. H. Kemp.

DEATHS.

FINK—February 24, at East Lynne, Meerut, (at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. G. I. Bower), from a sudden shock, Alice Bliss, widow of the late A. B. Fink, aged 86 years.
SWANTON—At Indore, accidentally drowned whilst boating, 2nd Lieut. J. M. P. Swanton, Unattached List, attached 2nd Battn., East Surrey Regiment.


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THE CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.


## BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 57m.; Sun sets, 6h. 45m. ; High water 1-40m., 2-14m. ; Low water, 7-46m., 7-50n.
Chamber of Commerce—Ballot for two Elective Port Trustees, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Recital of Sacred Music, Cathedral, 6-15 p.m.
Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Conversazione, H. E. the Governor being present,—Town Hall, 9-30 p.m.

LECTURE.—Under the auspices of the "Young Theists' Union," Bombay, Mr. A. K. Donald, Judge, Small Cause Court, Bombay, will deliver a lecture on "Religious Ideals" this evening at 6-30, (S. T.) in the Prarthna Samaj Mandir, Girgaum, where the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar will preside.

A CASE WITHDRAWN.—At the Esplanade Police Court, Bombay, on Saturday, Superintendent Skene appeared before Mr. A. H. S. Aston and applied for leave to withdraw the case in which he charged N. C. Arjani, and three others with being present at a common gaming house kept by Mr. E. J. Lee, book-maker, in Esplanade Road, on the 21st February. The application was granted.

I. LAND EROSION AT COLABA.—A subsidence occurred early on Saturday morning on the newly laid tramway track between Grant Buildings and the tramway stables. The ground collapsed to a depth of three feet and there was a great rush of water underneath. This was eventually stopped, but there is every sign of the breach extending, the tram traffic being thereby temporarily dislocated. The subsidence was possibly due to the rush of water which is evidently escaping from a breach in the water main.

THE COLABA FIRE.—Superintendent Nolan of the A. division in his report to the Commissioner of Police this morning regarding the fire of the Cotton Green at Colaba says :—"It has been ascertained that three thousand laks of cotton were damaged by fire and water, of which 604 were slightly damaged ; 117 had only the canvas covering singed and the remainder 2,219 badly damaged by fire and water. The total loss is now estimated at Rs. 1,85,000, but is all fully covered by insurance. Further enquiries are in progress.

## ARRIVAL OF FOUR FRENCH TORPEDO DESTROYERS.

Four French Torpedo Destroyers, namely the Javeline, under the command of Commander Florius, Rapiere under Lieutenant de Calqueraz, the Sabre under Lieutenant Hallier, and the Francisque under Lieutenant Garrian, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Saigon, which port they left on the 6th February, and called at Colombo, en route. They are homeward bound, and have called here for coal. They will remain in port for about seven days, and then they leave probably for Karachi. The whole flotilla is under the command of Commander Florius.

## THE SEASON IN BOMBAY.

The following Telegram from the Government of Bombay was sent to the Government of India, dated 27th February :—

Rain during week in parts of Larkana, Upper Sind Frontier, Thar and Parkar, Deccan, Kathiawar, Palanpur, Cutch and Mahi Kantha. Standing crops in good condition except for slight damage by blight, rats or insects in parts Karachi ; frost, hail or rain in parts Ahmedabad, Kaira, Kathiawar, Palanpur, Baroda and Cutch, and grasshoppers in parts Broach. Harvesting of rabi crops continues in parts Deccan and Karnatak. Cotton picking progressing in Hyderabad, Gujarat, Karnatak, Kathiawar, Baroda and Cutch. Preparation of lands for next season continues in Konkan and Deccan. Supply of drinking water generally sufficient. Water for irrigation purposes adequate in parts Nasik, Poona and Sholapur. Agricultural stock sufficient except in parts Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Bijapur and Cutch. Fodder supply sufficient. Quantity of food-grains purchasable per rupee normal to 30 per cent, below.

## THE SKATING RINK.

Bombay is now almost devoid of public amusements and the arrangements made at the Elysium Skating Rink will, therefore, be all the more welcomed. The first consists of an engagement of the illustrated Song Cycle English Concert Party, who will give three concerts, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday next, the songs being accompanied by pictures depicting incidents referred to. The evening will open with general skating and at half past ten will be a Musical Melange. The other event which is arranged is a fancy dress Skating Carnival on Tuesday the 12th when some exceedingly handsome prizes are to be won. Ladies have six chances—the most effective fancy dress, the second most effective dress, the least expensive and most effective dress, the best lady skater and there is a prize for the best dressed girl under 12 years of age. Gentlemen compete for the most grotesque costume, the most original costume, the best dressed gentleman while there is a prize for boys. The prizes will be awarded by a committee chosen from the spectators and everything promises for a thoroughly enjoyable evening.

THE Chairman and Members of the Railway Board have consented to be President and Vice-Presidents, respectively, of the Permanent Way Institution of India which was inaugurated in Lucknow last year.

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

## HIGH COURT.

### A DEFENDANT'S OPPRESSIVE CONDUCT.

On the Original Side of the High Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar has disposed of a suit brought by Goolbai widow and others against Virbaiji widow.

His Lordship, in the course of his judgment, said in this case two Parsee widows, apparently not in affluent circumstances who owned immoveable properties in the vicinity of each other, were plunged in litigation over questions of light and air through certain windows in the west wall of the plaintiff's house and the ownership of a small stone wall. The defendant blocked up several windows of the plaintiff's house, and it was of the utmost importance to the plaintiff that the corrugated iron sheets framed up against her windows should be removed ; for it was quite obvious that, with them against the windows, a portion of the plaintiff's house became utterly unfit for human habitation. At the beginning of the hearing of the case, his Lordship visited the premises in company with the council and solicitors of both sides. Certain suggestions for an amicable settlement of the suit were made on the spot, and the solicitors attending to this litigation made, it must be stated to their credit, honest attempts to end the litigation. These efforts failed, and the case went a little further ; but before it had gone very far, both parties very wisely came to a settlement on all questions in the suit except the question of costs, and eventually it was agreed that the question of costs should be left to be decided by the Court, on the terms that both parties should, through their counsel, put before the Court the proofs of their witnesses and argue the merits of their respective cases, and the court should decide the question, having regard to the probable result of the case, such decision to be final. His Lordship would have preferred the parties settling the question of costs amongst themselves, but both the Advocate General and Mr. Inverarity, who appeared for the defendant, stated to the Court that they had formed strong convictions and were not prepared to advise their client to accept any settlement which did not provide for the payment of their client's costs. His Lordship realised that there was no chance of a settlement if he did not agree to adjudicate on the question of costs as asked by the parties, and the only alternative would have been a prolonged hearing of the suit, which both sides assured his Lordship would have lasted at least a fortnight longer The questions in the suit had been argued at length by counsel on both sides with the object of showing what the result of the suit would have been. His Lordship had, while the arguments were proceeding before him, visited the premises again, and counsel on both sides had pointed out many details that escaped observation on the first occasion. The conclusion his Lordship had come to was that the probable result of the suit, if it had been fought out, would have been against the defendant on all the main points in the case. The defendant ought to feel very grateful to her solicitor, Mr. Jamsetjee, for having obtained the terms of settlement he has succeeded in obtaining on her behalf from the other side, and for exerting himself as he has done in putting an end to the litigation. His lordship was now asked to give reasons for his decision, but he could not refrain from saying that the defendant's conduct had been most arbitrary and oppressive, and her action most unjustifiable. His Lordship came to the conclusion that the fairest order under the circumstances would be to let the defendant bear her own costs and pay four-fifths of the plaintiff's taxed costs of the suit.

## OLD HANOOMAN LANE TEMPLE.

In the High Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice DAVAR has been engaged in hearing a suit affecting questions of easements, right of way, and ownership in respect of property connected with the Mangaldas Cloth Market, in Sheikh Memon Street, and the Hanooman Temple in Old Hanooman Lane, contiguous to it. The parties to the suit are : The Bombay Cloth Market Company, Limited, a joint stock company, who are the plaintiffs ; and Jagannath Devji, a Hindoo residing in the Lane, defendant. Mr. D. B. Binning, instructed by Messrs. Little and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs : Mr. Kaikhusru E. Ghamatt, instructed by Messrs. Mirza and Mirza, appeared for the defendant.

Among other things, it was recited in the plaint, that on 21st January 1904, the plaintiffs purchased from Mr. Frederick Yorke Smith, solicitor, the sole surviving executor of the late Sir Mangaldas Nathubhoy, Knight, C.S.I., the Cloth Market known as Mangaldas's, for Rs. 13,01,000 : these premises were conveyed to them on 20th April, of the same year. Plaintiffs had a legal asset in a small piece of land admeasuring a fraction over 32 sq. yards, abutting on old Hanooman Lane. It was not conveyed to them ; but a part called "patla" or small shop was conveyed to them with the rights appertaining to it, by a deed dated 11th July, 1905. Two of the plaintiffs' godowns, one with a door and another with a window marked and shown in the plan attached to the plaint, abutted on the plot. The small-shop was for more than forty years in the occupation of plaintiffs' predecessors in title. Contiguous to it was a temple of Hanooman. There was an easement of light and air with respect to the window, enjoyed for upwards of twenty years ; there was right of way from the door to the godown to and from Old Hanooman Lane Plaintiffs' had acquired prescriptive rights to the "patla," and to an "otla" or verandah. Defendant was a worshipper at the temple of Hanooman: he had no title to the plot. In September, 1904, he wrongfully blocked up the window by fixing a piece of canvass cloth across it ; he had built up the entrance to the "patla" ; he had locked up the doors of the railings, enclosing the plot, from Old Hanooman Lane, and kept them closed during the day, from nine o'clock in the morning. By reason of these wrongful acts, plaintiffs' rights had been encroached upon and disturbed ; plaintiffs were no longer able to use or let the godown and shop. Reliefs were claimed, in respect of access of light and air ; right of way over the plot ; possession of the "patla" and "otla" ; imposing restraint by injunction to prevent an interference with their rights ; and an order to the defendant to vacate the premises.

Several statements of the plaint were traversed by the defendant in the course of his written statement. He said in it, that the piece of land was somewhat over 41 square yards : it was given in gift to his great-grandfather about 150 years ago by an ancestor of Sir Mangaldas. Soon after his great-grandfather built upon it the temple of Siri Hanoomanji at his own expense ; of this Temple, he (the defendant) was the absolute owner. Plaintiffs' predecessors never owned the "patla" they never let it out with the godown. As a matter of fact, it was part and parcel of the "otla" or "Sabha Mandap" of the Temple. The "otla" had never been occupied in conjunction with the "patla" and godown : nor was any easement acquired. Tenants in occupation of the godown at times used to carry goods to and from Old Hanooman Lane, over the "otla", with his permission ; and as such hours of the day as he fixed. No prescriptive rights were acquired by the plaintiffs about either the "otla" or the "patla" : the window had been closed with brick and mortar about forty years ago: it had remained so ever since. In April 1903, the entrance to the path was closed up by him in the exercise of his right of ownership. Without prejudice to his defences, he submitted that the claims mentioned in the plaint were barred by limitation ; the suit should be dismissed with costs.

His Lordship went to see the places in dispute, and recommended the parties to accept an arbitration.

The details of the case were proceeded with.

## A MAMLATDAR'S ORDER SET ASIDE.

### His Jurisdiction Defined.

Their Lordships the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of a case which has a very important bearing on the question of jurisdiction of Mamlatdars. The parties in the case were one Gulam Rasul, the present applicant and original defendant, and one Balu Sayaji Chambhar, the opponent and original plaintiff. The Government pleader Mr. Chaubal, with Mr. Patwardhan appeared for the applicant, the opponent being represented by Mr. Sadasiv Ganpat Rao.

The applicant has been holding and occupying on an annual tenancy a house at Kalyan for the last two years. This house belongs to the opponent. The tenancy for the year 1905-06 came to an end on the 17th October last. A few days before this date, the applicant had made an oral agreement with the opponent to continue the tenancy for the year 1906-07, on the same terms as before, and it was agreed that the former should pass a rent note to the latter. Relying on this promise the applicant stored a very large quantity of paddy in the house which, it was stated, would be extremely inconvenient and expensive to remove to another place at a short notice. The opponent, however, arranged, in the meanwhile to let the house to another and instituted a possessory suit in the Mamlatdar's Court at Kalyan on the 25

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# The Bombay Gazette.

MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1907.


## THE FAMINE SPECTRE.

THE Famine Spectre that seems to delight in India as a happy stalking ground, was the theme of Sir Frederick Lely's paper, read at the Society of Arts the day before the mail left. Lord Curzon, as chairman, introduced the lecturer, saying that though he was taking no part in public affairs, he responded with alacrity to the request to preside at the reading of a paper by one of the most distinguished of Indian Civilians. Again in the discussion that followed the lecture, the ex-Viceroy dwelt on the pleasure it gave him to agree with Sir F. Lely in all he had said, and took the opportunity to emphasise his conviction than no other Government in the world had ever been called to so gigantic a task as that of grappling with famine in India. No other Government could attempt it, neither could any Government that might supplant or succeed the British in India hope to carry out such measures of relief as were now organised. At this there was loud applause. Accuracy of treatment and manly sympathy for the patient people who calmly face the apparently unavoidable curse of hunger were the main features of the lecture. The packed audience was first helped to an understanding of the monsoon, which to many is an unsolved and inconsequent mystery, but of much import to India. A few words explained how it travels from south to north, how variants in its force and density spelt plenty or dearth to the plains of Hindostan, now in good years "it goes almost like a well-managed railway system." Its coming and its going, its stoppages on its chief trunk-lines can be calculated with well-nigh official precision. It is a very different affair when the monsoon is capricious. Then even the omniscient Government of India, supreme in its "skiey towers" in Simla, dares not predict. The elaborate theories of subtle atmospheric influences that fit like Chinese puzzles when all goes well, do not apply when what the Indian peasant, troubling not at all about science, but much about his fields calls "Meghji," the rain-god is erratic in his movements. When this spirit of the monsoon fails, we have, as Sir Frederick said, with the sadness born of experience "the tragedy of famine, enacted on the stage of real life." Those who have not seen it, remarked the lecturer, cannot realise what this beneficent invasion from the south brings, unlike devastating invasions from the north—"not havoc and death, but food and courage to an exhausted land—it brings water, which in a tropical country, more than wine, 'maketh glad the heart of man.'" A sympathetic understanding of the influence of the of the monsoon on the life and character of our Indian fellow-subjects, Sir F. Lely believes, would bring the East nearer to the West than months of superficial social contact, for it tells as much on Indians as our insularity does upon ourselves. The Anglo-Saxon conviction that man is master of his own fate cannot live in the breasts of people whose existence depends on the yearly "coming of a wind that bloweth where it listeth." Why wonder at the deficiency of of pluck shown by Indians when too often in times of famine there was for them no way out of the trouble but to lie down and die?

This state of things is what England has long set herself to remedy, *pace* the annual Congress cry that famines recur because of the faulty British administration. It is of little use to refer such orators to historical famine records. In ancient days and under native rule, little or no notice was taken of famines even in the early days of British rule, little was done or could be done, for want of organised means or of rapid transport; but since 1866, when the great Orissia famine occurred, the Government of India have done their best to relieve distress and preserve life. Every visitation of famine has taught them how to better their efforts and the Indian Famine Code is being yearly improved to fit it to meet every emergency. Nevertheless this important measure is not mentioned in the "Encyclopædia Britannica," as Sir F. Lely observed, where thirty-nine columns are devoted to the ill-digested vagaries of the English poor-law. In olden days, famine meant "abandonment of the people, desolation, cannibalism." Now, however cruel the visitation, the most energetic and sustained efforts are made to alleviate the distress, to fight against the great mortality to forestall the entry of the dreaded spectre of want. The famine in Guzerat formed the illustrative portion of Sir F. Lely's paper. He spoke of the defence campaign with all the knowledge of a general who planned and directed its detail, giving full credit at every point to the officers who assisted in the tough battle. Some idea of the fertility of the province was conveyed to his hearers by the statement that in two different years there the crops had been so abundant that their sale value being only nominal, Government remitted part of the land-rent. So wealthy had the cultivators, become when the lecturer first travelled Guzarat, that many of them had the clamps and tyres of their field carts made of silver, they thought little of adding an extra wife to their menage, and even the poorer shocked their frugal Deccan friends by indulgence in morning tea! Such people were unprepared for famine, and when it threatened, fell to praying their gods, and feeing Brahmins to intercede for rain. When these measures failed they felt lost indeed and fell back on their last hope, the British Government. A somewhat broad view of the situation commended itself to the Commissioner. He recognised that it was as essential to save the Guzerat cattle as the Guzerat people whose lives depended on the toil of that magnificent rare of oxen, and on the nourishment from their cows. The Guzeratis themselves did all they could to preserve their beasts, gathering sticks and straws, dragging the thatch off their houses, for fodder, climbing trees to strip them of their leaves, adding thus a new column to the "Causes of death" in the mortality returns by falling from the trees in the pious endeavour to keep life in their sacred animals. The railway could bring food to the starving men and women; fodder for cattle was not so easily carried and, though the effort was made, the need was greater than the supply. An experiment was tried of sending selected Guzerat cattle to feed in the Thana jungles where grazing was plenty. Every arrangement was made and every difficulty foreseen, but one, and that bade fair to wreck the whole scheme. The people got into their heads that Government wanted their precious cattle for Africa, where the Boer War was then on, and the first animals collected for transport to Thana were taken back at night by their owners. It needed all the Commissioner's tact and persuasive powers—and they are considerable—to induce the cultivators, in a hastily summoned meeting, to trust Government. They at last agreed to send twelve animals with two farmers in charge of them. After this trial trip more cattle were offered than could be taken to fresh fields and pastures new. But even this scheme was not a success and it was found best in the end to try to preserve the breed of cattle by feeding them on their own ground. Another difficulty was the determination of the rich merchants to enhance their spiritual welfare by saving the lives not of the best but of the most wretched of the race. This is true Jain devotion, and as the strong cow or ox has the best chance of survival it was real piety to rescue the weaker. In this way much energy and good money was wasted on creatures that were bound to die in any case.

What was done to help the million men and women who had hitherto lived by agriculture and who were plunged into cruel want in that awful time was told by the lecturer with terse but vivid precision. There were many too proud to work, others too timid and not a few too lazy, women who would rather die than show their faces or beg, the sick, the old children some system had to be invented by which none of these must be allowed to die. Families must be kept together, hungry vagabonds made to work, the rate of wages based on the actual price of food, the wiles of the native shopkeeper circumvented, the timid coaxed to the camp or hospital, false charity that "dealt out driblets of food" discouraged—all this required a marvellous amount of supervision, and men were found to do it. Cholera, that faithful but fatal follower of famine in India added its terrors to the situation and, as often before, had to be met with prompt and heroic measures. The people, broken with their long and patient struggle with privation needed bracing to prevent them falling immediate victims to the scourge, and all that could be effected in this direction was done. "I am not one of those that think the work of England in India done, or nearly done," said Sir Frederick Lely. "If Englishmen and Indians will to themselves and to one another, prove true, the golden age is not behind us, but in front. Part of it will be the new gospel of famine relief, the object of which does not begin and end in keeping down the Bills of Mortality. It appeals to, and desires to enkindle a sense of the brotherhood of man and the worth of human life—a sense which is at present almost non-existent in the East, being stifled or perverted by Caste. It brings men together in a life and death struggle. It welds them together in the fire of a common trouble and a common task." This heroic ideal has already drawn its martyrs from the official ranks as well as from the armies of missionaries and doctors who work in India. And yet unscrupulous or misguided men detract from the credit of those who do their duty as a matter of course in the most tragic situations.

GOLD IN THE SHAN STATES.

THE recovery of gold in the Shan States has attracted the attention of Mr T. H. D. La Touche Officiating Director of the Geological Survey of India. The district surveyed was the Loi Twang range which consists of a thick deposit of sandy clay over which one may walk for miles without seeing a single fragment of solid rock. In the streams however a certain amount of gold has been irregularly deposited. There seems to be no trace of igneous intrusion which would account for the mineralisation of the sandstones, and it seems very probable that the gold was introduced during the disposition of the latter from some outside source, perhaps from the crystalline rocks to the north. The gold is usually found in thin flat spangles with very irregular outlines and a pitted surface as if it had segregated in the interstices between the sand grains, and the only "nugget" found during Mr. La Touche's investigations shows that the matrix was of a sandy nature. It is found in all the streams which radiate from the Loi Twang range, except those whose valleys are mainly confined to the shales associated with the sandstones. The fact that the gold occurs in this sandy series is of considerable interest, for rocks of the same appearance and probably of the same age are found in several parts of the Northern Shan States, and it is not unlikely that the gold reported to occur in many localities in those States is derived from them. In any case the streams that drain these rocks wherever they are found are worth prospecting.

A table gives the general results of Mr. La Touche's examination of the gold field and from this it is seen that only in three streams, the Nam Ka, the Hwe Aw, and the Namkhan, was coarse gold found and that even in these it is confined to a very small area in each case. It is possible that further prospecting might reveal the presence of gold in larger quantities in the lower portion of the gravel deposits, which was not reached in most of the pits sunk, but so far as Mr. LaTouche could judge this was not the case in the few instances where the pits reached the bed-rock. In any case further prospecting might well be left to private enterprise. Even if the value of the deposits were proved to be greater than it seems to be, a serious objection to their being worked on a large scale is undoubtedly the fact that the gold-bearing gravels are in all cases covered by a fertile soil which is terraced and cultivated, and that practically the whole of this cultivation would be destroyed by the operations. In the Hwe Aw Valley this terracing is carried to a considerable height up the hillsides, which are very steep, and even if the excavations were confined to the narrow strip of waste ground immediately adjoining the stream, there is little doubt that any interference with the base of the slopes would eventually result in the destruction of the terraces above. The same applies in much the same degree to the other rivers but it is hardly probable that the question will arise, for the general value of the deposits is so low that it is not likely that any application will be made for working them on a large scale and, therefore, Mr. La Touche suggests, the villagers might be given definite permission to extract what gold they can from the gravel by their own methods.

THE funeral of Sir William "BILLY" RUSSELL. Howard or as intimates affectionately called him "Billy" Russell, was virtually a public one. It was referred to from day to day in all the leading papers, and it was announced that the King, the loyalist of friends to old friends, would be represented at it, as he was by Sir Dighton Probyn. But those present in St. Philip's Church, Earl's Court Road, were no more, if so many, as those who five days previously mourned over the remains of "Frank Wyllie" in St. John's Church. It was a bitterly cold and most inclement day, and this was possibly the explanation of the scant attendance. But whatever was the cause of it there was none of the general public there present, not over two score, consisting, it appeared to me solely of old personal friends. It seems strange that the only Anglo-Indians present were Sir Dighton Probyn and Sir George Birdwood, and while considering that Sir William Russell had his whole hearted support, as *Times* Correspondent in India throughout the Mutiny of 1857, to Lord Canning's "Clemency Policy," one might have expected that some Indians might have attended. The service was very impressive, every one present seeming to be bowed down by a personal and heartfelt sorrow, and not the less sincere because necessarily mingled, in the case of mourners mostly over three scores and ten years with a tragic tinge of self-truth. There was nothing of the pomp and circumstance of a public funeral to disturb the grief of those grouped round the coffin of one who was within the limits of his profession as a journalist in the highest sense illustrates—or to jar on the reverent sympathy, and chastened dignity of the Anglican burial service. The hymns, Bickersteth's "Peace, perfect Peace in this dark World of Sin," and Lyte's "Abide with me fast falls the Eventide" were exquisitely rendered both by the organist and the choir, and in the singing of the latter at the conclusion of each verse, the melody to which the words are set under a stop which toned it down to so fine a musical whisper, as to seem a re-echo of the solemnising music out of the heavens above us.

THE Madras University Examination Fraud Case has been adjourned to the 22nd instant.

HIS Excellency the Governor of the French Settlements in India, accompanied by his Staff left Madras on Saturday evening for Pondicherry.

THE Australian Lloyd's Chartered s.s. "Istok" from Trieste left Suez for Bombay on the afternoon of the 1st instant and is due here on the 16th instant.

THE *Pioneer* understands that the Despatch on the question of enlarging the Legislative Councils, etc., will probably be sent Home by the Government of India next week.

THE Hon'ble Mr. H. R. Coxe is appointed to officiate as Judge of the High Court, Calcutta, *vice* Mr. Justice Geidt, who has been granted leave from the 10th of April to the 29th of August.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Dholka Railway for the first 12 days of January amounted to Rs. 3,409 being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 617.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the first 12 days of January, amounted to Rs. 7,227, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 202.

MAJOR-GEN. EUSTACE HILL, late Madras Staff Corps, died at San Remo on February 11, aged seventy-six. He served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-9, received the medal, and was mentioned in despatches.

AMONG the passengers who proceeded to England on Saturday by the P. and O. Co's. mail steamer "Arabia" were: Lady Ashburton, the Hon. A. Baring, Sir Charles, and Lady Cayzer, Sir Henry Kimber, Bart., the Hon. Mary Littleton, Sir Chas. H. Ollivant, C. I. E., and Lady Ollivant, the Hon. Mrs. Forbes, Lady Gore, the Hon. Mrs. Harrington, Lady Sybil, the Hon. H. Sub Dean Tudor, Sir Montague Turner, Lady and Miss Turner.

AS resolved at a preliminary meeting held in that behalf by a few friends and admirers of His Maharaja Sayaji Rao Gaikwar of Baroda to take steps to celebrate the unique occasion of the Silver Jubilee of His Highness' rule, which is to be held in the Baroda State on the 5th Instant, a Committee was formed and it was decided to hold a general meeting of the friends, admirers and subjects of His Highness The Maharaja Gaikwar of Baroda on Thursday the 7th March at the Rooms of the Bombay Presidency Association at 5-15 p.m. (B.T.) for the purpose of offering their cordial congratulations on the celebration of the unique occasion of celebrating of His Highness, Silver Jubilee in course of this week and of associating themselves with any permanent memorial that might be raised for commemorating the occasion.

FEELINGS almost of despair are expressed by the people in and around Coorg in consequence of the reply received to the petitions which were recently presented to Mr. Stuart M. Fraser, Chief Commissioner, on the occasion of his recent visit to the district. Mr. Stuart had to tell the people that pressing claims elsewhere would in all probability postpone for some years the construction of the Coorg-Mysore-Tellicherry Railway scheme. There is, perhaps, little to be gained by instituting a comparison of claims where there are so many capable of support by strong arguments. But we cannot help feeling that the people of Coorg have a special reason to be disappointed. They have offered to provide a 4 per cent. guarantee on the capital required for the construction of the line, because they feel that it has become a necessity for the preservation of their agricultural and other industries. There may be technical difficulties about establishing this offer on a basis which would satisfy money market requirements, but it is, at any rate, a guarantee of the earnestness of the people, who see no true alleviation of their wants in the proposed monorailway from Mysore to Mercara which the Government are said to be considering. We take the case simply as an illustration of the urgent need there is for a bolder and more comprehensive railway policy in India. The progress is too slow, and lags far behind what is necessary to give the country full opportunities of development. Practically it has been made impossible for purely private enterprise to accomplish much, but the State has ample reason to be satisfied with the part it has taken in guaranteeing interest on the capital required for construction and equipment, and few experts who are capable of taking a statesmanlike view of the industrial conditions in India have any doubt as to the need of going ahead vigorously.

Mr. Richard J. O'Mulconin, M.A., of Dublin, by his Will left the violin which was played on Vinegar Hill the night before the battle in 1798 to the museum in Kildare-street, Dublin. His library was bequeathed to the Gaelic League, and £300 is left on behalf of the cultivation of classical Irish.

THE engagement is announced between Frank Alcock, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), son of the late John Alcock, J.P., of Burslem, Staffs, and of Mrs. Alcock, of Port Hill, Stoke-on-Trent, and Gladys Leslie, only daughter of the Rev. H. Leslie Beaumont, Rector of Ripple, Kent, and granddaughter of the late William Boyd Buchle, Indian Civil Service.

# FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

## CHURCH AND STATE IN SPAIN.

### Anarchist Activity.

### THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS FEBRUARY, 16.

The era of pronunciamientos in Spain is long since dead, the *opera somique* generals and their tamperings with the army have faded into oblivion, and King Alfonso can sleep o'nights without fear of plots and conspiracies.

The Carlists have no longer the strong following nor the same resources which they formerly commanded in the North. The zeal even of their clerical supporters has become tepid. The only force with which the monarchy may have to reckon within a more or less distant future is Republicanism which has a growing number of adherents in the country. But the King is popular and Victoria Eugenia, his British Queen, has endeared herself to the nation. If the King therefore pursues the straight liberal course of a Constitutional Monarch he may circumvent the efforts of party leaders to compromise him and use him for their own purposes. The Conservatives have just returned to power under the veteran Minister, Senor Maura, after a liberal regime of fifteen months, a period of constant crises during which five Ministries succeeded each other in office. These frequent Ministerial changes, arising chiefly from the undue fractioning of the Legislature into ever changing groups or parties possess little coherence and rarely combine even for any common end under the nominal party chief. Such has long been the state of things in Spain, but the advent of Senor Maura after the patent failure of the Liberals to do anything but quarrel among themselves may have a steadying effect and permit of the introduction of necessary and useful reforms.

The fall of the Liberals from power has come just in time to prevent a breach between the Spanish government and the Vatican. The late liberal government had drafted a measure entitled the Spanish Associations Law, which introduced serious controversial matter not only between Spanish anti-clerical and Vatican parties, but also between the Liberals themselves in both Houses of the Cortes. This measure was designed chiefly to control and check the increase of the religious orders of both sexes which has been so remarkable during the last 25 years. At present Spain contains more religious houses than ever before, though the Concordat of 1857 stipulated that only three Orders should enjoy the rights and privileges defined in the said Concordat. Since the accession of Alfonso XII, Liberals, Democrats and Republicans have frequently attempted to excite public opinion against the spread of the Orders, protesting especially against the growth of their wealth, their influence in Spanish society and in the governing classes of the present regime, their increasing influence over the education of children of both sexes, and the fact that they had become very formidable competitors of lay schools and universities and of many industries and pursuits that could not escape as they did from fiscal legislation.

The late Senor Sagasta made a *modus vicendi* with the Vatican to regulate the situation of the Orders by ordering the registration of their houses before the civil authorities, and granting some of their pretensions under the elastic wording of the Concordat. This, when the Conservative Ministry under Senor Maura took office in 1904, was virtually shelved, but may be brought forward again by the Liberals whenever they regain power with a sufficiently strong majority. Its provisions place all associations, religious, or other under the complete control of the State. The precincts of any religious association may be inspected without previous notice being given. Senor Maura, Conservative and Catholic though he be, admits the necessity of reducing somewhat the present immense power of the Church in Spain. He therefore proposes to settle the question of the religious orders by negotiation with the Vatican. He will hardly venture to introduce the Convenio made with the Holy See in 1904 which led to protests from all quarters. But whatever becomes of this measure which is found far too drastic in many ways, something will assuredly be done before long to diminish the power of the Church in Spain despite the opposition that may be expected on the part of the Vatican; it is not probable, however that matters will come to anything like the same head that they have in France.

The census shews that there are in Spain 4040 nuns and sisters of Charity, 38673 are Spanish and 1357 foreigners; 910 of these are devoted to educational pursuits, 1029 to charitable objects and 717 to contemplative life for prayer and seclusion There are 597 orders of monks, 294 devoted to education, 92 to the training of missionaries, 97 to the training of priests; in all 10630 monks—9792 Spaniards and 838 foreigners.

The Bill summarised above is called "a Law regulating the right of association." In fact, the new Cabinet while proposing a moderate measure of reform in the direction principally of affirming the supremacy of the State in matters where that may not have been sufficiently recognised by the Church, will shew deference towards the Church and the Vatican in religious questions. In economic and commercial questions it will keep up the protectionist traditions of the Conservative party while endeavouring to promote commercial relations with all countries.

ANARCHIST ACTIVITY IN CATALONIA.

There has existed for a number of years past an ardent centre of anarchist or social revolutionary activity in Barcelona and Catalonia which share with Italy the infamy of producing the most desperate of these sectaries. Some unusual evidences of activity must have become apparent to call forth a Royal decree just issued suspending trial by jury of crimes committed with explosives in the provinces of Barcelona and Giron.

The authorities of Catalonia and Giron and the Governor of Barcelona advocated the urgent adoption of a course best calculated to enable them and the Courts of Justice to deal with and repress anarchist and political outrages assuming the character of a systematic and alarmist campaign which has deeply impressed all classes in Catalonia.

THE RUSSIAN DUMA.

The election of the popular representatives who are to elect the members of the second Duma has proceeded quietly in Russia and may now be considered to have resulted in a sweeping victory for the Constitutional Democrats who have returned the whole of their ticket of 160 electors in Moscow. They might, have got them all but for having made a promise to give one seat to the workmen's party. In St. Petersburg and other parts of Russia the Constitutional Democrats were similarly successful. Some of the returns show, moreover, that a great many persons holding official positions have been elected as Constitutional Democrats despite the fact that, officially speaking, the party is treated as revolutionary and illegal. But the question of giving it a legal status is now before the Senate and will doubtless be settled affirmatively. One leading feature of these preliminary elections has been the failure of the Socialists both at Moscow and St. Petersburg.

THE HAGUE PEACE CONFERENCE.

M. de Martens who has reached London in the course of his special mission from the Tsar and the chief European Courts in connection with the projected Hague Peace Conference, has made the following important statement to a representative of Reuter's agency in the British Capital.

'There can be no doubt of the fact that the question of disarmament and the limitation of armaments will be the *piece de resistance* of the programme, and if either the British or the United States Governments have really decided to place this question on the agenda of the Conference, the Powers will be obliged to discuss it. I cannot imagine that any one Power would make this question the cause of serious political complications. Personally my feeling is that the matter is not yet ripe for discussion, and I am quite convinced that at the present moment it will be quite impossible to attain any practical result from the discussion. I cannot see how the powers disarm or how they could limit their armaments At the same time I think it absolutely necessary in order to guarantee the success of the labours of the Conference that, before it meets, this question or any other matter which is to be brought forward should be known by all the Powers represented, so that the necessary instructions may be given to the various delegates. There must be no surprises at the Conference, and the representatives of every Power must know exactly what is to be discussed and what are the results desired by the Government he represents. Every resolution passed by the Conference will have obligatory force if unanimity prevails, but not a single Power can be forced by a majority of votes. This is a further reason why there should not be complicated discussions and why the Conference should be carried on in a spirit of harmony and mutual good will.

"With regard to the results of my mission, so far, I may say that Germany, France, and Russia all hold that the question of disarmament is not yet ripe for discussion, and further that even the limitation of armaments not being a practical question, no good can come from the discussion of it. The United States has reserved the right of placing the question of disarmament before the Conference, but I have not heard as yet whether the Washington Government has actually decided to do this or not. I repeat what I have said on previous occasions that the one desire of the Tsar, his most sincere wish, is to prevent anything of the nature of misunderstanding or bad feeling on this occasion, and that the Conference should have a real and practical value. . . . I should say that my mission is not connected with the Utopian ideas of eternal and permanent peace which seem to exist in some quarters. Such a matter must be left for the future. I am looking quite hopefully to the results of the Conference, because this will be the first occasion in which the civilised nations of the world have met together, in a time of peace, not as a result of force, but of their own free will, to legislate on their mutual relations. This is a great and noteworthy fact and shows that they are coming together in circumstances quite unknown in the history of international relations. I have, as I have said, the best hopes as to the results, but, of course, one cannot guarantee them, and some scepticism is perhaps unavoidable. All the questions to be put before the Conference have in view the matter of peace—the peace of the world. The first half of the programme concerns especially means for the prevention of war by international inquiry, mediation, or arbitration. The second part has in view the limitation of the operations of war by defining as far as is practicable the rights and duties of neutrals. It is really in the interests of all the nations of the world that the safety of navigation and commerce, which in time of war is always endangered, should be guaranteed in a much better fashion than has hitherto been the case."

M. de Martens expects that the Conference will meet at the Hague in the middle of June, and will probably sit for two months.

G. D. WILLIAMS.

## INDIAN RAILWAYS.

### System Stifles Industrial Progress.

Still, the most important tributary of the stream so copiously fed from so many affluents is the States railways. . . . In India the State undertakes not only railways, but other gigantic operations for the direct development of the economic resources of the country. . . The Indian railway system is really worth thinking about for a moment. It is nearly 30,000 miles in extent, and is growing at the rate of 1,000 miles a year.—Mr. John Morley, introducing the Indian Budget on July 20, 1906.

Advices received from India indicate a feeling of dissatisfaction with the slow development of the railway schemes. Indian State finance, and Indian railway finance, writes an authority, are under present conditions, inextricably involved. The Indian Government has a more or less fixed revenue, which has to be spent on State services. Any superfluity there may be is, or can be made, available for the railways. This superfluous crumb may be added to by money raised by loan, but Governments are cautious in increasing State debt, and the consequent interest liabilities. All the Indian railways are actually to-day, or may be in the future, the property of the Secretary of State for India. In these circumstances the developement of the internal communications of India rests, not on the natural requirements of the country or the growth of the worlds commerce, as reflected in India, but on what the Indian Chancellor of the Exchequer may think he is able to spare out of the cash or the credit resources of the State. The result is a crippling of industrial India, which is most acutely felt at the present moment.

When all is said and done, continues our correspondent, the main supporter of the Indian revenue is the native of India, of whom there are something like 280,000,000, It is his interests, irrespective of caste, creed, or colour, that have to be regarded if the Secretary of State, to quote his own Budget speech, believes that "the Indian railway system in really worth thinking about for a moment." The situation is a very serious one. India is now enjoying what an American statesman calls "the malady of a great prosperity." The jute crop, the cotton crop, the wheat crop of the Punjab, all these are large and in great demand at high prices, internally and for exportation. And there are new industries cropping up. Let it be noted here that every Viceroy of India, with hardly an exception, has signalised his arrival there by dilating on the disadvantages under which India stands owing to the fact that some 93 per cent. of her population depend upon agriculture for their subsistance.

VICEROYS AND RAILWAYS.

All the Viceroys have called for the development of manufacturing and other industries to divert a portion of that most efficient and ingenious class of people called generally "the native of India" from a precarious subsistence to one which will aid them to personal and collective wealth. I am bound to add that, with the exception of Lord Curzon, not many Viceroys have tried to put these excellent principles into practice. Perhaps the way in which the railways are involved in State finance accounts for the non-fulfilment of these many good intentions. Certainly it has operated against the Indian railway systems taking that conspicuous place in the world's records of railway enterprise which they deserve.

It has been dinned into us how splendidly the American railway show us the way in respect of train loads, wagon services, rapidity of communication, and so on. I firmly believe that if an accurate comparison could be made, say, of the East Indian, the Great Indian Peninsular, or on other of the Indian systems, with the American railways in regard to train loads, wagon loads and the charge for transportation imposed upon the public, the Indian railways would carry off the palm. If this be so, why is it that the Indian railways are not more liberally supplied with funds? Why are the native merchants who are the main stay of the Indian revenue handicapped in their business by the grievous deficiency in rolling stock?

A WRONG SYSTEM.

The sum allotted by the Secretary of State for the whole purposes of new construction, maintenance, and improvement of equipment may be stated approximately at about ten millions sterling. Apart altogether from any question of adding new railways to the 29,000 miles already open, the money allotted is no more than is adequate for betterment and equipment purposes alone. The result is a scramble on the part of all the railway companies and all the managers of the State railways for as much as each can get. It is not the least use for the manager of a State railway or the agent of a company to tell the Government that he wants a thousand new wagons, and so on. The reply is that the Railway Department has a certain sum of money to spend on all the railways of India; there is not enough to go round, and each railway must do with what it could get.

It is not possible, under the present system of annual allotment, for the Indian railways to make an intelligens forecast of the improvements necessary be[illegible] the period of one year. No undertaking [illegible] commercial principles can be run [illegible] an Indian railway company [illegible] Government of India at [illegible] a design for the expan[illegible] out of ten the board[illegible] ject was not feasible, [illegible] money. Thus works [illegible] greatly develop the nat[illegible] assist in the diversion of [illegible] population from agricultur[illegible] aim of all Viceroys—are stil[illegible] The boards of railway compani[illegible] ed, practically by the nature of [illegible] taking the responsibility of [illegible]

TIED RAILWAYS.

They may propose, but they ca[illegible] ject for expansion. They are no[illegible] independent arrangements for the[illegible] They do not know how much capi[illegible] their disposal for developments [illegible] They do not know until each ra[illegible] tioned by the Government of [illegible] for what particular purpose [illegible] their grant for the current year[illegible]

The present is a favourable [illegible] the stock of wagons and engi[illegible] and delivery of orders could [illegible] is wanted is, for the Secre[illegible] realise that economy in the [illegible] not to be interpreted as a re[illegible] to Mr. Morley's idea, as i[illegible] Government. As well wou[illegible] with plenty of money in [illegible] be a very wasteful thing [illegible] without which I cannot [illegible]

## THE LIMITATION OF ARMAMENTS.

### ARTICLE BY THE PREMIER.

### Britain's Offer to the Powers.

### NAVAL PREDOMINANCE NO THREAT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, in an article published in the new Liberal weekly called "The Nation," says that he considers the objections to discussing the limitation of armaments at the Hague Conference, as baseless. He points out that the original Hague Conference was convened with that object.

Great Britain, says the Premier, has already shown her sincerity by reductions in her army and navy. He is convinced that the world recognizes that British naval preponderance is not aggressive.

["EMPIRE" SPECIAL.]

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

The chief article in the newly issued weekly journal "The Nation" a Liberal organ into which the old "Speaker" is to be incorporated, deals with the limitation of armaments and says that Great Britain has given an earnest of her sincerity by considerable military and naval reductions Her preparedness to go further, however, is doubted. The contention is that the example counts as noth. ing because her naval predominance is unimpaired.

"Britain's sea power" says the article, "implies no challenge to other Powers."

## UNITED STATES SHIPPING SUBSIDIES.

### Japan and the Philippines.

### FAST MAIL SERVICES ABANDONED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON MARCH, 1.

Telegrams from Washington state that the House of Representatives has struck out from the Shipping Subsidy Bill the clauses providing for a fast Mail Service from San Francisco to Hawaii, Japan, China and the Philippines, and also for the lines between San Francisco, Australia, Puget Sound, Japan, China and the Philippines.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Telegrams from Washington state that the House of Representatives has passed the Shipping Subsidy Bill as amended.

## THE TRANSVAAL MINISTRY.

### Personnel Recast.

### MR. SMUTS INCLUDED.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

General Botha's Ministry has been re-cast, and will be sworn in on Monday.

The changes are as follows :—Mr. Smuts is now Secretary and Acting Attorney-General ; Mr. Hull is Treasurer ; Sir J. De Villiers, Minister of Mines, and Mr. Rissik, Minister of Agriculture.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Sir Richard Solomon has finally declined to join the Transvaal Cabinet. Mr. Edward Solomon has joined the Cabinet with the portfolio of Minister of Public Works.

Mr. South will be Secretary and Minister for Mines, and Sir J. De Villiers, Minister of Justice.

## CHINESE IN THE TRANSVAAL.

### South Africa's Voice Awaited.

### BUT MAY BE DISREGARDED.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Mr. Winston Churchill, speaking at Oxford, said that the Government could not abolish Chinese labour in South Africa without the consent of the South Africans. They therefore welcomed the new Assembly which would pronounce an authoritative opinion on the subject, but whatever that decision might be, the Government would keep their pledges although it required time to carry them out.

## PERSIAN FINANCE.

### Work of the New Bank.

### RISKY BUSINESS.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

Reuter's Correspondent at Teheran wires that Parliament has agreed to the National Bank advancing to the Government two million tomans, of which two-fifths will be payable this month for payment of the Army, and other purposes.

The Bank will encash all Government receipts, charging commission. Two hundred thousand tomans, from the Persian Gulf Customs, will be paid to the Bank yearly for amortization and interest.

## RUSSIA AND WAR CLAIMS.

### Germany Takes Priority of Britain.

LONDON, MARCH 1,

...pensation for the sinking of ...tos," with a cargo of ... "Rion."

...British steamers ...ght Commander'

## ...ARY.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

...unced of Sir August Manns, ...and of Mr. Lionel Decle, ex-

LONDON, MARCH 1.

...ced of Rosina Brandram the

...as the principal contralto ...eatre. She was born in ...Havre, and created all the ... the Gilbert and Sullivan ...olanthe. Under the ... Carte, Rosina Bran... at the Opera Comique ...e was famous for her

## THE L. C. C. ELECTIONS.

### "A VULGAR AND DISGRACEFUL CAMPAIGN.'

### Manifesto by Mr. John Burns.

### DEFEAT OF THE PROGRESSIVES.

### 79 MODERATES AND 39 PROGRESSIVES ELECTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 2.

The Progressives claim support in to-day's elections on the ground of their past services, and also on account of the unique chance of effecting reforms offered by a combination of a Liberal Government and a Progressive Council.

Mr. John Burns, who is not a Candidate, has issued a manifesto in which he describes the Reformers' Campaign as the most vulgar and most disgraceful that ever discredited British public life. He urges electors to defeat the Monopolists who are endeavouring to make London their prey.

The Reformers claim that the defeat of the Progressives will be a serious blow to Government.

LONDON, MARCH 3.

The London County Council elections have resulted in a sweeping defeat of the Progressives.

Seventy-nine Moderates or self-styled "Municipal Reformers," and thirty-nine Progressives have been elected, as compared with thirty five Moderates and eighty-three progressives in 1904.

The Municipal Reformers elected include five Peers, and the successful Progressive candidates include one Labourite.

Lord Rosebery's son, the the Hon. Neil Primrose, was defeated at Lewisham.

The Progressives blame the Socialists for the loss of several seats.

A Municipal Reformer won Mr. John Burns' former seat at Battersea.

["EMPIRE" SPECIAL.]

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

The Moderates are confident of success in to-day's elections and it is expected that the Progressive Majority will be lowerd as was done in the recent Municipal elections.

## MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S HEALTH.

### Visit to the Riviera.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain has started for the Riviera.

LONDON, MARCH 3.

Secrecy was observed with regard to Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's departure from Highbury. He is at present at his London house, where specialists have been consulted as to the advisability of his journey to the Riviera

["EMPIRE" SPECIAL.]

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

Mr. Chamberlain has gone to the Riviera.

[It will be remembered that there has been a persistent rumour that Mr. Chamberlain is suffering from paralysis and that he will not be able, except under extraordinary conditions, to resume political life. On the other hand it has been announced that he will return to public life after Easter. Should the rumour be true there must be ample evidence now as his movements will be closely watched, but it is to be hoped that the visit is a sign of completing his convalescence before returning to the strain of the Political arena.

## EVACUATING MANCHURIA.

### Russians Leave Tsitsihar.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 1.

The Russians have to-day evacuated Tsitsihar.

## THE "BERLIN" DISASTER.

### Prince Henry's Decoration.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Prince Alexander of Teck will take to the Hague the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, conferred by King Edward upon Prince Henry in recognition of his bravery in connection with the loss of the "Berlin."

## WORLD'S SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Towns has defeated Durvan in the Sculling Championship on the Nepean River by two lengths

## RANJITSINHJI AND THE BRITISH PUBLIC.

LONDON, MARCH 2.

Ranjitsinhji telegraphs to the "Express" newspaper, thanking the public for their congratulations and hoping to retain the affection and esteem of his British friends by "playing the game" on another field.

## RECEPTION OF H. H. RANJITSINJI.

### Jamnagar en Fete for the Installation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

JAMNAGAR, MARCH 3.

A Deputation, consisting of the leading citizens, leaves Jamnagar this morning for Sarodad to personally congratulate His Highness Jam Shri Ranjitsinji and to bring His Highness to Jamnagar for his Installation on the *gadi*.

All castes, both Hindoos and Mahomedans, are represented in the Deputation.

Great enthusiasm prevails in the City and the different communities are vying with one another to accord a splendid reception to His Highness on the day of his entry, and on the Installation day.

## CALIFORNIA AND THE ALIENS.

### Land Tenure Prohibited.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 2.

The Lower House in California has passed a Bill precluding the alien from holding land in California for upwards of five years.

## DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, MARCH 1.

Mr. Carnegie, Councillor to the Legation in Peking, has been appointed Councillor at Vienna. Mr. Leech, Secretary at Christiania, will repl... him.

## CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION.

### Honors to Girl B. A's of Bethune College.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 3.

At 3 o'clock His Excellency the Chancellor arrived and was met at the steps of the Senate Hall by the Rector Sir Andrew Fraser and the Vice-Chancellor Mr. Justice Asutosh Mukerji. The procession being formed, proceeded to the dais. On the right facing the dais sat the new Graduates gowned for the first time with their Professors. On the left were the honourable women—not a few English and Indian—and behind to the far rows of seats a mixed audience of men enduring patiently the silent ceremony of presentation, for not even the Vice-Chancellor could be heard as he pronounced the formulary and the audience preserved its customary sobriety. Mr. Hari Nath De got a round of applause when Father Lafont presented him for his M. A. in Pali. So also did the winner of Premch and scholarship for Chemistry Research. Louder still was the applause when Mrs. Das of Bethune College led forward two girl B. A's Hiranmayi Sen and Basanti Mitra. It was just past 3-30 when the Vice-Chancellor rose. His Address was read with great deliberation and an evident resolve to make his voice carry all over the Senate Hall. He dwelt in well considered phrases upon the services of those who had been lost to the University during the year by death or retirement and then went on to review the main principles underlying the new constitution of the University. At the conclusion of his speech, the Vice Chancellor at the request of of the Chancellor declared the Convocation closed

## ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

### Col. Good Deputed to Australia to Investigate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

Colonel Good, Director of the Army Remount Department, who left India for Australia on the 23rd of January will travel about Australia and New Zealand for about ten months investigating the state of the Australian and New Zealand horse markets. His enquiries will include the question of the resources of these two colonies both in horses and mules.

Colonel Good has been at the head of the Army Remount Department for about five years and is personally known to many of the larger shippers, so that he is eminently suited for the investigation.

During Colonel Good's absence Colonel Broome officiates as Director.

## THE JAIN CONFERENCE.

### President's Visit to Bhavnagar.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHAVNAGAR, MARCH 1.

Rai Bahadur Sitapchandji, President of the last Jain Conference, came here to-day with his family by mail train. Great enthusiasm spread before his arrival and every preparation for feting him had been made by the Maharaja Saheb. The Ghadhechi Club garlanded him at Bhavnagarpara station. The whole of the Jain Community came to the station with a Band: Every leader was present as well as the members of the last Conference. A great reception was accorded him and loud cheers greeted him along the route to Nagubagh where arrangement for accommodating him have been made. He was garlanded at sixteen places before he reached Nagubagh and finally by a band of little Jain girls who sang a song of welcome. The president overflowed with joy and thanked all for the reception given him.

## CHART AND COMPASS RACE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 3.

The Chart and Compass race of the Calcutta Light Horse takes place to-day (Sunday), competitors being taken by train to the destination known only to the Judges where they will find their mounts. Prizes are Rs. 250, Rs. 100 and Rs. 50, and Rs. 55.

## BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

### Provincial Budget and Tenancy Bill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 3.

Bengal Provincial Budget will be presented on 23rd March and discussed on 6th April. On the same day the Bengal Tenancy Bill will be passed.

## PRINCE EDWARD OF WALES

### Success at the Royal Naval College, Osborne.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 3.

A special London telegram to the *Pioneer*, dated 2nd March, conveys the information that Prince Edward of Wales has passed his preliminary examination at the Royal Naval College at Osborne

## SPOTTED FEVER IN CALCUTTA.

### Cessation of the Epidemic.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 3.

Spotted fever has made its appearance in Calcutta in the Bhawanipore suburb. Last December six fatal cases occurred ; in January ten, and in February two. It is believed that the outbreak is over and that the danger of the epidemic has passed away.

## THE AMIR AT LAHORE.

### Visit to the Badshahi Mosque.

### THE MILITARY DISPLAY. INSPECTION OF THE AITCHISON COLLEGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 2.

The Amir permitted himself or his staff no long rest in Camp. After the fatigue of a day and night's travel not more time perhaps than for a breakfast and for the discussion of the day's programme was allowed. Soon came the intimation that by way of observing the Muhammadan sabbath, His Majesty would drive with his Sardars to the Badshahi Mosque to pray. This Mosque fights against suffocation in the congested bazaar of an Indian densest city, and the Amir's Camp breathed the free open air away out on the elongated Mian Mir Road. The drive thus meant a royal progress first through the boulevard of the Civil Station and next through the alleys of the Native quarter, and all this in motor cars at twenty miles an hour. The Mosque was packed even more than on the Id festivals. There is seldom, if ever such a rush. Thousands of people, including several Sufis and Ulamas Mahammadan spiritual and religious leaders had flocked in from the cities and villages of the mofussil in expectation of seeing thier liege sovereign. The authorities of the Anjuman-i-Nomaniya had been lavish in decorations. Mottoes, and verses from the 'Coran' were displayed and everywhere students and orphans of the Anjuman-i-Talim-ul-Quran waved welcomes in all colours. A scarlet carpet led from the porch to the interior of the Mosque. His Majesty arrived about one o'clock with his Sardars, and his entry to the Mosque was the signal for the salaams of thousands. The demonstration indeed became for the Amir uncomfortably enthusiastic, and His Majesty, though courteously acknowledging as many salutes as was humanly possible, had no small difficulty in forging a way through the press. The authorities of the Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam of Lahore and the Anjuman-i-Islamia of the Punjab did their best in this embarrassing position to welcome the Amir suitably.

After the Amir had said his *sumats*, a preliminary prayer, Moulvie Mohammad Shafiq Imam of the Mosque read the *Khulba*. He was also adjured to conduct the prayers while His Majesty and the people followed him. The Amir expressed himself as much pleased by his solemn tone of reading, and after prayer was over the Imam was awarded a valuable *kilat*, which consisted of a robe of *pashmina*, embroidered in gold and a beautiful shawl. The *muezan* who calls the faithful to prayer was presented with a handsome shawl.

Besides the Muhammadans, there were something like a hundred Hindus attending the Shahi Mosque to see the Amir.

His Majesty departed as he came forging his way through dense crowds to his motor-car. On the stairs of the Mosque he stood for a while and saluted the crowds thronging around strewing flowers around him.

Some say there cannot have been less than 70,000 people present.

It was now 1-45 p.m. and the Amir suddenly determined to visit the Emperor Jehangir's tomb. So away he was whirled towards the Shahdara, driven by Lieutenant Jenkins, R. A., and accompanied in his car by Mr. Rundle, the Lahore Superintendent of Police and an Afghan Officer. The route taken was by bridge of boats while the return journey was made by way of the Railway bridge. His Majesty said his *fatiah* and sat in contemplation for a few minutes ; then he rose and put five pounds on the tomb. On his Majesty's re-appearance a Mohammad Din, the *mali* of the garden offered a beautiful bouquet of flowers which the Amir smelt and put in his button hole at the same time giving the *mali* a handsome reward for his disinterested conduct.

At the Chiefs College, just before standing for the Mosque, the Amir had announced his intention of paying a visit to the Aitchison Chiefs College on his return. At that famous institution he arrived at about 2-20 p.m. and was received by Mr. F. A. Leslie-Jones, the Principal ; Mr. J. Kelly ; Mr. Cornah and members of the Staff. The boys lined the entrance hall on his arrival and here several students of high rank were presented—the Maharaja of Patiala, the Raja of Faridkot, the Tica of Bhamba and the young Mir of Bhaipur. Escorted then by the Principal, His Majesty made a pretty complete tour of the buildings. He saw the class rooms with the boys at work in them and the Muhammadan boarding house and mess-room. Here he was most particular in his inquiries and was much interested in the pictures of the establishment. Who was General Black? The first Governor. Who was Sir Charles Aitchison? The founder—were a few of the questions and answers. The Amir then examined the engraved list of subscribers, after which he was given the Log Book of the College wherein he noted "I have" visited the Chiefs' College and was very pleased with what I saw. And signed his name. The visit altogether lasted about 40 minutes.

After his visit to the Aitchison College, the Amir motored through the Government Gardens past the Montgomery Hall to the Zoo. Here he spent some time, half an hour or so, and the news of his presence spreading rapidly, a crowd began to gather, but many were disappointed in their hope of seeing His Majesty, who was whirled away in his car to Mian Mir.

The Military display at Mian Mir was an entertainment well worth making the dusty journey to witness, whether one was the Amir or anybody else. The glaring sun, a reminder that we are now leaving the cold weather behind, was at first a little trying to those who had neither topees nor sunshades, but the really excellent performances given by the various branches of the Services represented, very soon distracted attention from such slight discomfort as was at first felt. The Amir was not as punctual to the minute as our own Royal House is in the habit of being, but he arrived in his motor car during the second turn. Lieutenant-General Walter Kitchener received him at the door of a roomy Shamiana and His Majesty was soon ensconced in an arm-chair from which he did not move until late in the afternoon. Sir Charles Rivaz was present, and all Lahore, and his wife, and a sort of impromptu committee of ladies was formed to welcome the Amir and presently to be introduced to him. His Majesty was most affable to everybody, and if appearances go for anything, was much pleased not only with the show he originally came to see but with the company in which he found himself ultimately. Indeed, a despatch box was placed on the table before him and several ladies with whom he had conversed became the cui-recepients of brooches or other trinkets as a souvenir of the afternoon.

Fine Artillery driving gives a thrill which no other spectacle of the kind can give, and if the Amir was not moved by the sight of the Royal House Association performance he must indeed, be satiated with sensation. He missed the opening display by the Royal Fussilier Artillery and most of the gymnastic show but saw the plaiting of the May Pole by the Cavalry—a wondrously pretty episode and the surpassingly fine trick-riding of the 25th. His Majesty did not take his departure till the bitter end.

In the evening the Amir dined with the Lieutenant Governor. His Majesty was due to lay the Islamia College Foundation at 5 p.m. on Sunday.

To-day, Saturday, it is believed, he will pay a few hours' visit to Amritsar. No orders have yet been issued as to his departure from Lahore, but this may be either on Monday or Tuesday.

The Amir, it is said, he will spend some hours at Rawalpindi on his way to Peshawar.

A Specialist from Calcutta has arrived in Lahore to examine His Majesty's eyes.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

The Amir of Afghanistan will stay at Lahore till the evening of March 3rd. Making a brief visit to Amritsar on that day His Majesty departs at about 10 o'clock for Rawalpindi and arrives there on the 4th, where he will halt for a few hours, arriving at Peshawar on the afternoon of the same day.

A NEW fast steamer, to be named the "Europa," is to be built for the Hamburg-American line. She will be even larger than the "Amerika," and her speed is to be 19 knots. Including passengers and crew, she will carry 4750 persons. Among other attractions, she will possess a fully equipped seawater swimming bath-on board, with running water ; and on her sun-deck there will be a properly ... tennis court.

## CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

### Closing Events.

(FROM OUR CORRESPO ...)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

The Exhibition closed to-day, at which the Maharaja of Durbhanga presided and announced awards.

The Petit Mill was awarded four gold medals.

The Swadeshi Empress Mills were awarded one gold medal on cotton goods.

The Bulbult Deccan and National Soap Factory received the highest awards. Their soap was declared the best by Professor Watson of the Allembic Chemical Works, Bombay, and got a gold medal. Also the Bengal Chemical Works ; and Professor Gujjar's preserved milk was declared equal to the Swiss.

Godbole's chocolate from Gujarat was declared equally as good as the best of European brands.

The highest award was given to several Bengalee condiments.

The Maharaja who received the Mill award treated the Judges and Exhibitors to light refreshment European, Parsee and Hindu.

Mr. Surendranath Banerjee thanked the President, and Mr. Byramjee Dadabhoy Banajee, representative of the Manekji Petit Mill, thanked the Exhibition Committee in a very appropriate speech and was very highly eulogised by Bengalis as well as by Europeans. All spent a very enjoyable evening.

Mr. Byramjee Dadabhoy Bamajee said—"As the representative of the Manekji Petit Mills and as perhaps the oldest member among the Exhibitors, and as their representative here present this evening, I think I may be permitted to say a few words on behalf of my principals and the other Exhibitors by way of acknowledgment of the courtesy and the kindness we have received at the hands of the organisers of this Exhibition. I desire to convey our grateful thanks to the Honourable the Maharaja Sir Ramaswar Shaardoor of Darbhanga, C. I. E ; to the President and each and every one of the members of the Executive Committee individually, and lastly to the Honorary Secretary of the Committee, the Honourable Mr. J. Chowdhury to whose indefatigable efforts the Exhibition of 1906-1907 so largely owes its success. Our brethern of Bengal—it is true I have not hitherto taken so largely to Commercial and Industrial pursuits as could be wished, but signs are not wanting, that changes are rapidly coming over the spirit of Bengal in this respect and if the sons of Bengal will but continue in the way they have now begun I can safely prophesy that the day is not distant when they will be occupied in the field of Industry and Commerce a position among the Indian peoples as high and prominent as they now occupy in other spheres os national activitiy. I may not be allowed to congratulate you my brethren of Bengal when that day arrived but believe me, gentlemen, that it is as sure that that day will soon arrive as that I am now standing in your presence this evening, and in this conviction I entreat you most solemnly to preserve as have begun,"

## RECENT ARSENAL EXPLOSIONS.

### Tardiness in Matter of Rewards.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 2.

The Government of India, says the *Pioneer*, are showing singular and regrettable delay in the matter of rewards to Officers and men who did such splendid work at Ferozepore when the explosion occurred in the Arsenal there on the 31st of August. Major M. S. G. Campbell, Ordnance Officer in charge, has, it is true, received his C.I.E., but nothing further has been done. This is not creditable to the higher authorities in whose hands the case has been for five or six months. Rewards for heroism to be effective should be given at once.

With regard to measures taken to guard against explosions similar to those which occurred last year in Hyderabad and Ferozepore Arsenals, the first step taken is to keep cordite and gunpowder well apart. But more than this is to be done. The cells in which cordite is stored are to be of smaller dimensions and these are to be at fixed distances from each other with masonry traverses between to prevent spread of fire. Each cell will contain only nine tons of cordite ammunition and if spontaneous combustion occurs, the effect is not likely to be so serious as was the case at the two arsenal just mentioned.

The alterations in the buildings will take some time to complete, but eventually storage of explosives should be made comparatively safe even in the tropical climate of India.

Further precaution will probably be taken of fixing a time limit beyond which cordite ammunition will not be kept, and this may be taken as five years. Hitherto kept for an indefinite period, and some cartridge in store were nine or ten years old. There will be much less chance of dangerous deterioration under a five years' limit.

## UPPER INDIA CHAMBER.

### Annual Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MARCH 1.

At the nineteenth annual meeting of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce at Cawnpore, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. A. McRoberts, President, made a speech summarising various questions dealt with by the Chamber during the year. He said the year might be characterised as one of high and rising prices for metals and raw materials generally coupled with great activity in most of the main industries. Cotton industry in Cawnpore had been enjoying a period of great prosperity ; jute and wool had established now high records of price, and copper, tin, zinc and lead had advanced in a sensational style.

Referring to the Commercial Mission to Persia the speaker congratulated Colonel Gleadowe Newcomen on the signal honour conferred on him by the Government of India. He regretted however that it had not been found possible to establish trade with districts traversed by the Mission owing to the apathy of the British Consuls.

Mr. McRobert concluded with reference to what had been done in Cawnpore to improve the position of factory workers.

Mr. L. P. Watson was elected President of Chamber for the ensuing year with Mr. T. Smith as Vice-President.

## AVERTED TRAIN ACCIDENT IN BURMA.

### Rail Lifting Discovered in Time.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 1.

A most daring and deliberate attempt was made on Wednesday night to derail the Down Mixed train from Bassein near the Athok Station on the Bassein Branch. For a distance of about a furlong one rail was lifted as much as six or eight inches above level by every fourth or fifth sleeper being raised at one end and packed beneath with ballast. The two pieces of timber which had been used as fulcrum and lever were found on the site.

The matter is in the hands of the Police.

## THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S TOUR.

### Visit to Rangoon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 1.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia are expected to arrive by the morning train (6-30) on the 4th instant.

The Royal Party will pay a visit to the Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation's timber yards to see the elephants at work in the morning. They will then drive to Government House where they will remain for a few hours and will embark on the Royal Indian Marine Steamer "Hardinge" in the evening for Calcutta, leaving the Barr Street Jetty by launch.

Their departure will be private.

## MAHOMEDAN HOLIDAYS.

### Concession Made in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 1.

The following letter has been just made public, *re* Mahomedan Holidays, from the Hon'ble Mr. W. H. A. St. John Beds, I.C.S., Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of Burma, to the Commissioners and Heads of Departments :—

Sir,—With reference to your reply to my letter No. 770—I. M.—55, dated the 21st of September 1906, I am directed to-day that the Lieutenant-Governor has carefully considered the Memorial from the International Mahomedan Association praying that the Local Government might be pleased to direct the observance as public holidays of the five days held specially sacred by Mahomedans, viz., the Mohurrum (two days) and the Id uz Zaha, the Id ul Fitr and Fatiha e Dowaz Daham (one day each) either by declaring them to be public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, or by directing that the Courts and Public Offices shall be closed on those days. The Memorialists further added that if their prayer could not be acceded to they would solicit the grant of a minor concession, viz., that His Honour might be pleased to direct that leave of absence for those days should be allowed to all Mahomedans employed in the Public Offices and that the trial on those days of cases in which Mahomedans were concerned as parties or witnesses should, as far as possible, be avoided. Although willing to meet the wishes of the Mahomedan community in the matter, Sir Herbert White finds himself unable with due regard to the disposal of public business, to consent to the notification, as public holidays, of the days mentioned in the memorial or to the closing Courts and Public Offices on those days but after consulting the Hon'ble Judges of the Chief Court and the Judicial Commissioner of Upper Burma, the Commissioners and Heads of Departments, His Honour is of opinion ... subject to certain restrictions, the minor concession may be granted. He is, therefore, pleased to direct that leave of absence shall be granted to all Mahomedans employed in Public Offices in Burma for the five days in question, if such leave can be granted without suspending the work of the Office. The Hon'ble the Judge and the Judical Commissioners have been asked to direct that the trial on those days of Criminal or Civil cases in which Mahomedans are concerned, either as parties or as witnesses, shall, as far as possible, be avoided.

## COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN FUND.

### Loss over Arbuthnot's Failure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 2.

Lady Lawley presided at the Annual Meeting of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Madras Branch, which was held at Government House yesterday evening. Major W. Molesworth (Honorary Secretary), presented his Report for 1906 which recorded that owing to the failure of Messrs Arbuthnot & Co., the Fund sustained a loss of Rs. 11,450, in Fixed Deposit and Rs. 3,357, in Current Account. The fund for the year, including opening balance, amounted to Rs. 9,55,312-4, Receipts under Subscriptions and Donations had fallen from Rs. 235 to Rs. 120. Of this sum Rs. 100 was contributed by 2 Europeans, Rs. 20 by a Native gentleman and wife. This cannot be regarded as creditable, and the Committee would once again remind the Indian public that an Association of this kind should look in the first place for support to the people of the country itself and hope this reminder will result in more numerous and larger contributions from Indian gentlemen this year. A special appeal was made to the Central Committee and the Travancore State, asking for special help, in view of the heavy losses, towards stipending for pupils now undergoing instruction in the Medical College. The result has been the receipt of a special grant of Rs. 300 from the former and Rs. 400 from the latter.

## MRS. BESANT AT CALCUTTA.

### Tribute to Colonel Olcott.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

A public meeting was held last evening at the Town Hall, when a considerable gathering assembled to hear Mrs. Besant pay her tribute in memory of the late Colonel Olcott.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

The following are the British Cavalry reliefs for 1907-08.

3rd Hussars from Sialkot to England.

12th Lancers from Umbala to Sialkot.

1st King's Dragoon Guards from England to Ambala.

The following are the Indian Mountain Battery Reliefs for 1907-08.

No. 26 Battery from Abbottabad to Bhamo.

No. 30 from Bhamo to Kohat.

No. 26 from Kohat to Abbottabad.

## "GAZETTE OF INDIA." NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 1.

FOREIGN.

Mr. V. Stow is appointed Assistant Master in the Daly College at Indore.

FINANCE MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Brevet Colonel G. Williams, Controller, Military Accounts, is granted eight months' leave out of India and Lieutenant Butler, Assistant Military Accountant, also eight months.

FINANCE.

Mr. C. Gwyther is appointed Probationer in the Finance Department and attached to the office of the Accountant General, United Provinces.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. Wilson officiates as Superintendent of the Government Cattle Farm, Hissai, *vice* Captain J. Farmer on leave for sixteen months.

Mr. Mudaliar, an Assistant Conservator of Forests, is transferred from the Central Provinces to Bengal.

Mr. M. Csode, a Superintending Engineer in Burma, on furlough, is permitted to retire at his own request.

POLICE.

Mr. Percival Amitcutt, a Superintendent of Police in Madras, is appointed to Coorg, and Mr. Phillips is transferred from Coorg to Madras.

ECLESIASTICAL.

The services of Revd. J. Gordon, Chaplain of the Church of Scotland are placed at the disposal of the Government Bombay.

## TRANSPORT PLASSY.

### Drifts into the Harbour.

The Transport "Plassy" which had secured her moorings to the south transport buoy, broke her moorings on Saturday morning, and drifted on to the fishing stakes off Sunk Rock. As the weather was very foggy at the time, it was not noticed that the vessel had parted her moorings. Pilot Chambers was sent to her assistance and he towed the vessel to the North Transport buoy, where her moorings were secured. The buoy which she had dragged with her is under her bows.

LATE at night a man rushed up to a coffee-stall eagerly demanding food, and declaring he had had nothing to eat all day. He satisfied his hunger, and went away. The coffee-stall keeper was asked, the "Chronicle" says, who he was. "Oh, he's a waiter over there," pointing to a huge railway hotel.

## THE JUSTICES' ELECTION.

### The Debacle and its Causes and Lessons : Some More Pointed Reflections.

(BY AN INDEPENDENT CRITIC.)

The battle has been fought and the victory won in an unmistakeable manner. The Independent Justices have valiantly come to the rescue of our civic life, and performed a signal service which it is to be hoped will not be forgotten for a long time to come. They have preached a silent yet none the less eloquent and significant lesson in civic patriotism which will be taken to heart by all concerned. In the heat and turmoil of the conflict much dust has been raised and the original main issue has been much clouded by those whose interest it was to cloud it and raise false and misleading issues. The Independent party has suffered much thereby in the eyes of the not very discriminating native citizens who have been surfeited through the Vernacular Press with election literature of the most one sided and not very creditable character. To judge from the effusions of some of these writers they seem to have set before themselves as a model to be followed, the Partition literature with which we are all grown so familiar, on the other side of India. I am really sorry to see that none of my educated and public-spirited countrymen who have the real good of the country at heart have had the courage to protest openly against this wholesale poisoning of the native public mind by means of some of the lowest literary garbage ever purveyed to it through the press. The moral effect of all this is sure to be disastrous ; and a few more such election campaigns carried on in such a manner with scant regard for truth and what is due to the dignity of the press as well as the public, and the prostitution of the young native mind will be complete and past all hope. Our learned and judicious Vice Chancellor than whom few know the native mind and its present environment better, touched—*ars vitipit*—the true plague spot in our present life when he uttered these words only the other day :—"There was the moral danger in that politics required strength of will above all things. It required that when a man saw things done of which he did not approve, that he should have the courage to say so. By doing so he would place himself in opposition to the majority and that was a difficult thing for any man to do. Thus apart from the distraction of political life, it had also the tendency to weaken the moral fibre. He would call attention in this connection, to Rabelais' saying, 'knowledge without conscience was the ruin of the soul.' By such conscienceless literature the soul of the rising generation is being slowly but surely ruined, and what is a worse sign still, our present system has not trained up many persons who have the courage to stand up against the noisy and violent majority, and to say, what they must inwardly feel, that this is the very way to ruin their soul."

I have keenly, though quietly, watched the struggle from the vantage ground of neutrality, and, as the saying has it, as an on-looker I have seen more of the game perhaps than those who actually took part in it. And I should like to lay before your readers, with your permission, my impressions and reflections. I am almost sure that the main issue on which the whole contest turned as on a pivot, has never been grasped by those who are so loud in railing against the attitude of the Independents. Put in the simplest terms I understand it to be as follows : A man who is returned to any representative body by his constituency is bound to regulate his general conduct in that body in conformity with the known view and declared wishes of his constituents. If during his term of office as representative, he feels himself to be in antagonism on several points, to the views and wishes of his constituents, he is bound in honour and conscience to resign and seek another constituency with whose views his may be more in harmony. But if such a representative not only does not resign, but on the contrary offers himself for re-election at the end of his term, then his constituency has every right to assert itself and throw him off with a clear conscience. Nay, the constituents would be wanting in self-respect and duty to themselves, if they re-elected such a person who had long ago ceased to represent their views and represented anything but their views. They would in that case have no right to complain, and the representative would be justified in his assurance that he was not at variance on vital points with his constituency if he were re-elected.

Now this was precisely, so far as I am able to comprehend, the state of affairs between Sir Pherozeshah Mehta and his Municipal constituency of the Justices of Peace of Bombay City. The Justices, not only Europeans but Natives also, were complaining off and on for a series of years that on many important civic questions he was continuously and persistently taking a line which had no perceptible reference to their views and wishes. In fact, latterly it appeared that, for aught he cared, his constituents did not exist for three years, except just at the end of this period when he would suddenly vouchsafe to remember their existence for a brief while, and then he had but to notify his candidature and they had humbly to vote for him. They did vote for him every three years for the past thirty years and more. They were a long-suffering body. They grumbled, they at times threw out vain threats, but in the end they were at his beck and call every election day. Under such hampering it is hard to keep one's head unturned. It worked its natural effect and the Justices only rendered themselves ridiculous by grumbling vainly against the man who was so sure of their votes in their own despite. The reins of power and authority were grasped tighter every year, and the domination of one man seemed to be everlasting. Affairs must get worst before they can take a turn for the better. Of late the domination grew reckless and was openly flaunted. Political issues were always mixed up with civic affairs with which they had little to do. The Corporation became the great ring fence of politics and in this cock-pit the indispensable man reigned supreme, and ferociously at times. He was the great power behind the Chair to which Chairmen had habitually to bow, for was he not dubbed the King-maker who made and unmade Chairmen, and is not his name in the native press the "Uncrowned King."?

All this at last proved too much for the most intelligent constituency to put up with. During his latest term—which let us hope will not be his last—the Justices had the greatest reason to be dissatisfied with him. His conduct on occasions like that of the address to Lord Curzon showed that he was hopelessly at variance with their views. The controversy about Standard Time and the way in which he not only openly defied the better sense of his constituency but cared little for the self-respect and consistency of the Corporation itself, rendered him at last intolerable to the Justices. They gave him hints and at last open warning that they would not stultify themselves again this time by re-electing him. He should have taken heed of this and should not have put forward his candidature before the Justices this year. He would have done well to seek entrance to the Corporation hall through the suffrages of the Wards. But he chose to be defiant, and this defiance has now recoiled on himself.

His partisans believe or rather make the ignorant people believe, that the Justices had no right to throw over a representative with whose views they proved themselves repeatedly at variance, who had repeated warnings to mind his ways, but who openly disregarded there. It is difficult to see what other course they could have taken under the circumstances in which they found themselves placed. To have re-elected him would have been to utterly stultify themselves and to proclaim themselves unworthy of the reputation they deservedly enjoy as the most intelligent and respectable constituency in our City. Surely no one would blame the Rate-payers if at the ward elections they would throw out an obnoxious candidate. They do this at almost every election, and they generally give short shrift to the delinquents. Here the patience of the Justices was sorely tried before they took the last step, I can well believe, very unwillingly and under great compulsion.

Now as to the method of combination, about which so much virtuous indignation has been shown. The Justices knew that unless they combined to vote solid for the candidates of their own choice, they could have no chance of asserting themselves. The other side blame this combination as if it were in itself objectionable. Burke has well called party a combination of persons who hold like views on public questions. By combining they can carry out their objects much more effectively than by remaining disunited and making stray efforts. The Justices combined, and they formed a combination for a noble cause, namely, that of vindicating the

independence of civil life and for purifying it to the taint of slaviskness to which it had justly rendered itself liable. All honour to them for doing this, and the special thanks of all self-respecting citizens—be they of what caste and creed so ever—who care for the good name of our great city, really the first in India, should be given them and to those among them, who organised this combination so successfully and who must have given it a good deal of their time and attention during the past weeks. They have won a great victory in this noble cause and fought a battle which was eminently worth fighting. It is sincerely to be hoped that the lesson of this victory will be borne upon the minds of all concerned, and that they will not have to be taught again.

I must touch upon one subject, however, lightly before I close. Is the other side who now feels so much aggrieved and poses as the injured party, especially so in-cent of combinations and caucuses and the like? Or is it not rather the fact that it is responsible for introducing these elements into our civic and political life? It is notorious, to even tiros, that for a long time past, a very small caucus, which has its head-quarters somewhere in Rampart Row, has manipulated what passes for politics in Bombay. It is well known for its intolerance of any views but what it dictates. Persons holding independent views have no chance against it. Who hampered and hindered at every turn in his independent political career, the late Dr. Bahadurji? This very small gang of local politicians should now remember a certain wise old adage about chickens coming home to roost. This caucus was eating like a cancer into our civil life also. In our political life it has not yet met with its match. But in our civic life, thanks to the sturdy English element in it, it has at least found more than its match. The recent combination among the Independent Justices was sadly needed to counteract the baneful influences, and pernicious power unscrupulously used, of this clique which had set up an *imperium in imperio* in the Corporation. When Greek meets Greek then is the tug-of-war. A stronger combination deriving its strength from the purity of its cause has met the combination already existing, and in a fair fight has overthrown it. It does not lie in the mouth of the vanquished to question and belittle the methods of the victors, for they are at least better than their own. There is much need rather of silence and introspection for them, and they would do well to bestow a part of the enforced leisure which they will now have for some time at least, on what in the phraseology of the Church is called Examination of Conscience. A period of "religious retreat" will do them a world of good. It will teach them many things. Let them meditate on those excellent lines of Horace which we all learnt at school. "Raro antecedentem scelestum Deseruit pede Poena claudo." The goddess with a lame foot is very slow; but she is also very sure-footed. Let them take heed in time and not provoke another such conflict lest it may prove the veritable beginning of the end. The wheels of the gods grind slow but they grind infinitely small.

R. P. KARKARIA.

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The following letter has been addressed to Sir Phirozshaw Mehta, K. C. I. E.

Dear Sir, We, the representatives of the Girgaum Ward on the Municipal Corporation, find that there is an universal feeling in the Ward that its electors should have the opportunity of returning you to the Corporation as one of their representatives. In response to so urgent a feeling one of us the Honourable Mr. H. S. Dikshit is desirous of making room for you. We are aware that pressing offers have been made to you from other wards in the City to give them an opportunity of a similar character but we trust that you will give preference to the one in which you reside and in which you are a Voter. We may tell you that counting on you acceptance of our offer Mr. Dikshit has already formally notified to the Commissioner his non-acceptance of the seat to which he was elected at the late Ratepayers' election held in our ward. Yours faithfully,—

(Sd.) Bhalchandra Krishna, (Sd.) H. S. Dikshit, (Sd.) K. E. Dadachandji, (Sd.) Ramchander Bhasker Mantry, (Sd.) Jehangir Bomanji Petit.

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The Hon. Mr. Dixit having formally declined to accept his seat in the Corporation with a view to make room for the Hon. Sir Pherozshah M. Mehta, we learn that the Municipal Commissioner has fixed the 19th inst. as the day for his nomination. If no other candidate offer himself for election in the Girgaum Ward, Sir Pherozeshah will be declared elected on that day.

## PUBLIC LECTURE IN BANDORA.

### Mr. Lalkaka on Queen Mary of Scots.

Before a large and appreciative audience composed of the leading ladies and gentlemen, now residing in Bandora, Mr. M. K. Lalkaka, Barrister-at-Law, delivered yesterday night a most edifying address on the Life and Trial of Queen Mary of Scots and the English Law of Evidence in the Sixteenth Century. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Donald, second Judge of the Small Causes Court.

With the keen shrewdness of an astute lawyer, Mr. Lalkaka has examined the conflicting evidence in the case and concluded that the Queen had been unjustly dealt with. The proceedings adopted were, the lecturer pointed out, unfair and irregular. The accusers of the Queen were her bitterest enemies and her last address to the Commissioners was a most lucid, graceful and eloquent one. After dwelling at length on the bulk of the evidence, the lecturer passed severe reflections on the conduct of the Judges who were servile enough to bring in a verdict of "guilty of murder." As regards the law, the lecturer said it must be elastic and the whole administration of Justice must be more generous. The lecturer was indeed very eloquent in his estimate of the characters of the two Queens. Mary, he said, was free, frank, friendly and indulgent, possessing a heart too confiding and always ready to forgive. With such a disposition she had to deal with a most reckless, lawless and illiterate nobility and of Queen Elizabeth who was of a stern and strong temperament, more masculine than feminine. Supported by the most unscrupulous of ministers and advisers, the hands of Elizabeth were strengthened by unlimited power, influence and wealth.

The Chairman in a most spirited address paid a well merited tribute of praise to Mr. Lalkaka for his able and interesting lecture, and said that it was a valuable contribution to the literature of the period. He, however, did not agree fully with the innocence of Mary and remarked that the Queen of Scots was endowed with a wonderful capacity.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

## PARSI MATRIMONIAL COURT.

### Election of a New Delegate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, MARCH 3.

Owing to the demise of Sardar Davar Edalji Khurshedji Modi a vacancy having been created of delegate in the Parsi Matrimonial Court the new Davar Kaikhusroo Edalji Modi of the Parsis, was requested by the Collector to take the sense of the community to fill it. Accordingly at a meeting of the Anjuman held under his presidency it was unanimously resolved to submit the name of Mr. Bahmanji Edalji Modi, M. A., retired Deputy Collector. A further name of Mr. Jehangirsha Ardeseir Talparkhan, was added in order to comply with the Collector's desire to send more than one name. Before the commencement of the proceeding the whole meeting passed a hearty vote of congratulation with applause to the new Davar Kaikhusru, and at its termination the usual vote of thanks to the chair was passed. The new Davar thanked the Anjuman for their kind sentiments.

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A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Miss Frances Sherbourne Ridley-Watts, only daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Ridley-Watts, of New York and Nice, and Col. Frederick White, Indian Army, late commandant 58th Vaughan's Rifles, Frontier Force, eldest son of the late Edmund Luscombe White, of Pandeford Hall, Wolverhampton.

## MESSRS. GREAVES COTTON AND CO'S. MILLS.

We published on Saturday the resolutions passed at meetings of the six mill companies managed by Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co., namely the Empress Spinning and Weaving Company, the James Greaves Mills Company, the Connaught Mills Company, the Howard and Bullough Mills Company, the Leopold Spinning, Bleaching and Manufacturing Company, and the Imperial Cotton Mills Company. The directors' reports of these companies, which were held over for want of space, are given below.

THE IMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

Your directors beg to submit their annual report with the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account made up to 31st December 1906, shewing a net profit of Rs. 5,11,979-6-7 (including the amount recovered from late Mr. Athaide's estate). From this sum your directors paid a dividend at 12 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1906, amounting to Rs. 86,250 and have transferred to depreciation account Rs. 1,00,000 leaving a balance of Rs. 3,25,729-6-7 which they recommend should be disposed of as under:—To payment of dividend for half-year ended 31st December 1906 at 12 per cent. per annum Rs. 87,091-14-0, to Reserve Fund Rs. 2,00,000, to carry forward Rs. 38,637-8-7, total Rs. 3,25,729-6-7.

The machinery has been kept in an efficient state and is in good order; new boilers and economisers have been erected, a new engine is in course of erection, and your directors have also sanctioned the necessary expenditure to replace the present machinery, in No. I Mill. The Company's premises including machinery, stores, cotton and yarn therein are insured for Rs. 43,09,300, and the cotton stored in godowns is fully coverd against loss by fire. Messrs. D. Gostlind and Vijbhucandas Atmaram retire by rotation in accordance with clause 88 of the articles of association, but are elegible for re-election.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY.

Your Directors beg to submit their annual report with the audited balance sheet and Profit and Loss Account made up to 31st December 1906, showing a net profit of Rs. 1,68,248-2-11 (including the amount recovered from the late Mr. Athaide's estate); added to this the balance of Rs. 16,000 brought forward from last year's account brings the total to Rs. 1,84,248-2-11. From this sum your Directors paid a dividend at 12 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1906, absorbing Rs. 39,600, and have transferred to Depreciation account Rs. 60,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 84,648-2-11, which they recommend should be disposed of as under:—To payment of dividend for the half-year ended 31st December 1906 at 12 per cent. per annum, Rs. 39,600-0-0; To Reserve Fund, Rs. 25,000-0-0; To carry forward, Rs. 20,048-2-11; Total Rs. 84,648-2-11. The machinery has been kept in an efficient state of repair and is in good order; during the year the whole of the cards have been replaced by new flat cards and more machinery added to the card room which has considerably improved the quality of the mills production. The Company's premises, including machinery, stores, cotton and yarn therein, are insured for Rs. 18,41,600, and the cotton stored in Godowns is fully covered against loss by fire. Messrs. D. Gostling and S. B. Broacha retire by rotation in accordance with clause 88 of the articles of association, but are elegible for re-election.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY.

Your Directors beg to submit their annual report with the audited balance sheet and profit and loss Account made up to 31st December 1906, shewing a net profit of Rs. 1,76,729-15-7 (including the amount recovered from the late Mr. Athaide's estate); added to this the balance of Rs. 16,116-1-0 brought forward from last year's account, brings the total to Rs. 1,92,846-0-7. From this sum your Directors paid a dividend at 12 per cent. per annum for the half-year ended 30th June 1906, amounting to Rs. 37,260, and have transferred to Depreciation Account Rs. 60,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 95,586-0-7 which they recommend should be disposed of as under:—To Dividend for half year ended 31st December 1906 at 12 per cent. per annum Rs. 37,260-0-0; To Reserve Fund Rs. 40,000-0-0; To carry forward Rs. 18,326-0-7; Total Rs. 95,586-0-7. The machinery has been kept in an efficient state and is in good order. During the year the whole of the old roller cards have been replaced by new flat cards, and more machinery added to the card room which has matrially improved the quality of the Mills' production. Your Directors have sanctioned a further expenditure for new Card Room Machinery to bring the Mill into a perfect state and up to date.—The Company's premises, including machinery, stores, cotton and yarn therein are insured for Rs. 15,91,000 and the cotton stored in godowns is fully covered against loss by fire.—Messrs. D. Gostling and S. B. Broacha retire by rotation in accordance with Clause 88 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY.

Your Directors beg to submit their annual report with the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account made up to 31st December 1906, shewing a net profit of Rs. 3,00,115-3-3 (including the amount recovered from the late Mr. Athaide's estate); added to this the balance of Rs. 9,062-8-0 brought forward from last year's account bring the total to Rs. 3,09,177-11-3. From this sum your Directors paid a dividend at 12 per cent. per annum for the half year ended 30th June 1906, amounting to Rs. 44,775, and have transferred to depreciation account Rs. 90,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,74,402-11-3 which they recommend should be disposed of as under:—To payment of dividend for the half year ended 31st December 1906 at 12 per cent. per annum Rs. 44,775 to Reserve Fund Rs. 1,00,000 to carry forward Rs. 29,627-11-3 total Rs. 1,74,402-11-3. The machinery has been kept in an efficient state of repair and is in good order. The Company's premises, including machinery, stores, cotton and yarn therein, are insured for Rs. 24,21,700, and the cotton stored in godowns is fully covered against loss by fire. Messrs. H. Kreis and S. B. Broacha retire by rotation in accordance with clause 88 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Your Directors beg to submit their annual report with the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account made up to 31st December 1906, showing a net profit of Rs. 54,533-12-4 (including the amount recovered from late Mr. Athaide's estate). From this sum your Directors paid a dividend at 6 per cent. per annum, for the half-year ended 30th June 1906, amounting to Rs. 10,500 and have transferred to Depreciation Account Rs. 10,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 34,033-12-4 which they recommend should be disposed of as under:—

To Payment of dividend for half year ended 31st December 1906 at 6 per cent. per annum Rs. 10,500. To Reserve Fund 20,000. To carry forward 3,533-12-4; total Rs. 34,033-12-4. The machinery has been kept in an efficient state of repair and is in good order. New machinery consisting of 3,960 ring spindles and 1,088 Doubling spindles have been added to the Mill; the former, however, only commenced work in December, so that the Company has not this year derived any benefit from the additional ring spindles added to the Company's property and only for four months of the year from the Doubling Plant. The Company's premises, including machinery, stores, cotton and yarn therein, are insured for Rs. 10,43,700 and the cotton stores in godown is fully covered against loss by fire. Messrs. A.C. Payne and P. Byrne retire by rotation in accordance with clause 89 of the articles of association, but are eligible for re-election.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY.

Your Directors beg to submit their annual report with the audited Balance sheet and profit and loss account made up to 31st December 1906, shewing a net profit of Rs. 1,56,381-7-3 (including the amount recovered from late Mr. Athaide's estate). From this sum your Directors paid a Dividend at 6 per cent. per annum for the half year ended 30th June 1906 amounting to Rs. 20,400, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,35,981-7-3 which they recommend should be disposed of as under:—To extinction of adverse balance in last year's profit and loss Account Rs. 1,00,000. To payment of dividend for the half year ended 31st December, 1906 at 6 per cent per annum Rs. 20,400. To carry forward Rs. 15,581-7-3 total Rs 1,35,981-7-3. The Machinery has been kept in an efficient state of repair and is in good order. During the year many additions have been made to the blowing and card room machinery with the result that the Company's production has been materially improved. The Company's premises, including machinery, stores, cotton and yarn therein are insured for Rs. 19,16,000 and the cotton stored in godowns is fully covered against loss by fire. Messrs. Byramji N. Seervai and P. Byrne retire by rotation in accordance with clause 89 of the articles of association, but are elegible for re-election.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. L. DUNLOP, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, March 4.

896 Detail—Wednesday the 6th instant.

"D" Company will parade at the back of the Telegraph Quarters at 2 p.m.

Dress—Dress Drill Order. Plain clothes.

II "A" "C" and "E" Companies will parade near Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 5-15 p.m.

Drill—Order, Plain clothes.

III There will be an Adjutant's Parade for Cadet companies at 5 p.m.

Fall in on "H" Coy's. (Byculla Educational Society's School) parade ground.

Dress—Uniform, Drill Order.

Friday the 8th Instant

"F" Company will parade at St. Mary's College, Byculla, at 6-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order Plain clothes.

II All Recruits of the current Season will parade at Head-Quarters at 7 p.m.

Dress—Plain clothes.

897 Musketry—The Rifle Range at Santa Cruz will be available for Class Firing daily,

Train leaves Colaba at 6-15 a.m.

G. D. PRICE, Capt., Adjt., B. V. R.

## THE ADVANTAGES OF THE METRIC SYSTEM.

A bewildering number of weights and measures of various origins (all the commoner ones being Italian) are in use in the British Isles. Parliament has often tried to reduce them to uniformity by selecting a few and trying to make the rest obsolete. These attempts have only partly succeeded, because the selected measures were no better than the rejected local ones, and were also too numerous and badly connected. For instance "gill" in the northern counties means one thing in popular speech and another by law; the customary gill being double the legal one (which was born in 1824.)

The next attempt at reform will probably be a far more successful one; it will select the metric measures. These, of alone all the measures used in the British Isles, form a simple and complete system, which can be learned in ten minutes and in which each name has the same meaning all over the world. These measures alone are used in common by us and the rest of the civilised world.

It is true they are not yet in such general use here as on the Continent, but the use of them is extending daily, even though the great weight of Government practice (in the Custom House, Post-Office, Arsenals etc.) is at present thrown on the side of other and less convenient measures. The recent adoption of the metric system by Messrs. Kynoch in their nine factories has drawn much public attention, and rightly so, for the inference from it is obvious: namely that if it is worth the while of this enterprising firm to incur the cost of this change *before* most of Britain has made it, how much more will it be worth while for other firms to make the same change *in company with* the rest of Britain! If it pays Messrs. Kynoch to adopt the Metric measures even when that adoption means disagreement with many of their customers, how much more will it pay the rest of us to adopt the Metric measures when that adoption means agreement with all the world, British and foreign!

That is why Metricalists ask for legislation. About the most expensive and troublesome way in which an improvement of this sort can be made is to wait while it slowly permeates the community by its own unaided merits. It is as if one should leave a drainage system to the sanitary enthusiasm of individual householders—the greater number would find their isolated attempts rather worse than useless. Or it is as if the reform of the Kalendar in 1742 had been left to individual choice. There are things, such as language and measure, in which the average man cannot possibly be f ee to choose the best; he must conform to whatever set of customs chance has imposed on his surroundings, however clumsy those customs may be. Only a collective effort can produce any real improvement. This general truth is not made untrue by the fact that in some limited domains, as in that of scientific investigation, there is partial freedom; especially as it is in these very domains that we find the Metric measures most used.

The advantages of using measures which mount by the same steps by which our numbers mount, namely the step from 1 to 10, that from 10 to 100, that from 100 to 1,000, and so on this advantage is only one of the advantages of the metric measures, but it is a very practical one. Take an example:—a yard of rail weighs 95lbs or 3 qrs 11lbs; how much does a mile weigh? Answer not easy. But try the corresponding metric problem. A meter of rail weighs 44 kilograms, how much does a kilometer weigh? Answer 44,000 kilograms or 44 tonnes. One could easily give a hundred such examples. The saving of time from this cause alone to business men and workers of all kinds is great, though difficult to estimate in hours per year. To schoolboys the saving is still greater, and can be estimated with some exactness, from figures given by many schoolmasters. The saving in educational time by the exclusive adoption of the metric measures would be about 200 hours per child. If coinage were decimalised (which could be done in any one of several ways) the saving would be increased to about 350 hours. That is, about 200 million hours a year for ever of school children's time can be saved by a reform which would cost us adults on the average about the equivalent of a day's work (adding the needed mental exertion to the cost of some new weights, meter-sticks and guages). Surely this would make the reform worth while, even if there was no commercial or industrial benefit to be attained.

The opponents of the metric measures seldom try to defend the weights and capacity measures and measures of area which are at present chiefly holding the field in the British Isles, but they maintain that the measures of length, especially the inch, are fairly good, and too firmly embedded in our habits of mind, and in standard sizes of various goods, ever to be replaced. The experience of other countries proved that the difficulty of change is not great in practice, and it will be less here than elsewhere, because there will be no non-metric country left to hamper us as we have hampered others. As for standardised articles, the actual sizes seldom correspond exactly with the names (such as "1½-inch") by which they are known; so that if they also fail to correspond with any exact number of millimeters we shall be no worse off than before. A set of universally recognised standard sizes for some articles is very desirable, but can hardly be attained until there is a universally used standard of length.

Some who admit the desirability of reform want something revolutionary, such as counting by 12 or 8, instead of 10; so that 1907 would become 112E (one dozen gross, one gross, 2 dozen and eleven) or 3563 (3 cubes of 8, 5 squares of 8, 6 eights and 3). Others, less courageous want to take some familiar unit such as the inch or foot or yard and found a new decimal system on that. This would be as much trouble to adopt as the mectric system, seeing that all the old measures except the one privileged one would vanish, and after all we should be as far as ever from mutual intelligibility with other nations.

The entire Metric System can be put in 81 words, thus:—

| LENGTH | BULK | WEIGHT |
|---|---|---|
| Milli-meter | Mill liter | Milli-gram |
| Centi-meter | Centi-liter | Centi-gram |
| Deci-meter | Deci-liter | Deci-gram |
| Meter | Liter | Gram |
| Deka-meter | Deka-liter | Deka-gram |
| Hecto-meter | Hecto-liter | He to-gram |
| Kilo-meter | Kilo-liter | Kilo-gram |

Each measure is ten times the one above it, for instance a centimeter is ten millimeters. The relation between the three tables is that a liter is a cubic decimeter, and a liter of water weighs a kilogram. 1000 kilograms are a tonne. A square dekameter is called for shortness an Ar, a square hectometer a Hectar.

Those 81 words form the the whole of the "going to school again" whichsome people seem to fear the metric system would impose on them. Ordinary newspaper print is a millimeter high. A penny-stamp is 23 by 20 millimeters.

The Bill which passed the House of Lords in 1904 was supported by Lords Belhaven, Kelvin Rosebery, Spencer and Tweedmouth. This shows how free from party is the agitation for the reform, so there should not be much time occupied in passing a Metric Bill, especially if, as we are informed, a majority of nearly 2 to 1 in favour of it is assured,

## MADRAS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

### Begins Play on Monday.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 2.

In the first round of the Madras Gymkhana Association Football Tournament which commences on Monday next, the Madras Gymkhana play the Cheshires and the 84th Battery. The R.F. A. play the Perambur Railway Football Club.

The other teams entered are the Sherwood Foresters, the Dorsets and the Leicesters.

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BOMBAY Art Society's Conversazione will be held to-day at the Town Hall at 9-30 p. m., H. E. the Governor will be present. The Governor's Band will be in attendance. The Exhibition this year is better than for many years past and must attract a large number of visitors.

## THE LADIES' CORNER.

EARLY SPRING FASHIONS.

THE contrast between the two styles of visiting gowns most in vogue at the present moment is really quite amusing in its strange contradictory spirit. Although it is naturally too early to form any very definite idea of the true spring changes in fashions, still, from information received from reliable sources, there seems at the moment to be very little novelty for early spring to be anticipated. More on this point later on, but I must just describe two visiting gowns worn last week by two society beauties who lead the fashion in their own select set.

TOMATO FACED CLOTH.

The one in supple tomato faced cloth in a double skirt form. The lower skirt long and plain and the tunique upper skirt cut out in "lambrequins" and bordered with a deep pointed trellis-work design of velvet ribbon of the same shade; a thick fringe of chenille forms a finish to these cut-out portions. The corsage of tomato velvet, in short pointed bolero effect, correspondingly trimmed with velvet. Trellis-work and quaint pointed kimono sleeves disclose a highguimpe of Irish lace. This gown had a most original appearance, but could only be patronized by the tall and slender, and then, unless arried with a certain chic, would seem overdone. A large black picture-hat was worn with this, and the whole was much admired. I can fancy this gown in black velvet, with the trellis of stitched taffetas, or in white cloth and velvet, looking very distingue, naturally, allowing the right woman wears it.

THE NEW NIGHT BLUE,

The second gown was of the new night blue velours chiffon, fashioned in the long clinging skirt, and the corsage cut off the shoulders, and just slightly pouched at the waist, giving a delightful and graceful line, at the same time having quite the princesse effect. The sleeves were the wide, full kimono, but only reaching half-way to the elbow. The upper portion of the corsage was of the same colour chiffon or mousseline de soie, which fitted quite severely, and was high to the throat. The only trimming to this gown consisted of a handsome passementerie, connecting the two materials and a high collar of the same. Under-sleeves to the elbow were composed of the same transparent material and confined by a band of passementerie; sable stole and muff, and Directoire hat of blue, with sable-toned feathers. These distinct gowns are quite the last movement, and the two colours the favourite shades of the moment. There are other very elaborate robes, with abundance of quaint forms of trimming, but the well dressed woman of today prefers the perfectly simple style, set off by handsome furs.

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MAKING UP ROBES.

Here are some charming ideas for corsages, which seem to me suitable for making up bodice materials of the robes which have been bought at the sales lately. These are more or less of the pinafore type, which is very much in vogue, especially for home gowns, and in its latest form is very becoming and dainty. Imagine first of all a rounded low corsage of either all over Valenciennes or insertions and net with elbow sleeves; then, meeting this a guimpe of coarser and larger design of either Irish, guipure, or point de Flandres, which is left en ronde at the throat and without any collar band. A quantly shaped panel forms the over sleeve. Then of whatever material your robe consists, a draped pinafore corsage, cut out to show the gauged lace under bodice, and fastened by two large fancy buttons completes the effect. This would make a pretty dinner semi-toilette in ninon or colicine, and in velvet would look delightful.

## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MARCH 2.

The area of low pressure in the West United Provinces which yesterday continued to move eastward entering Bihar, has commenced to affect the winds at the head of the Bay and cloud is appearing in the northern districts north-east of India.

The depression from Persia is now affecting the weather in Kashmir where the skies are heavily overcast.

In Burma the skies are clear except in the south where the air is slightly drier than usual and the temperature normal or in slight excess.

In the United Provinces Central India and the Central Provinces the skies are clear throughout the division. The air is damper than usual in the United Provinces and East Central India and the temperature has risen in the Central Provinces and East United Provinces and is normal or in excess almost everywhere.

In the Peninsula it has given one inch of rainfall in Cochin during a thunderstorm. Cloud has increased in the south and the skies remain almost clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the northwestern districts, and the temperature has risen and is in slight to moderate excess in Konkan, but elsewhere it is nearly normal.

Light precipitation is probable in Kashmir and light rain is possible in parts of Northeast India.

SIMLA, MARCH 3.

The area of low pressure in the United Provinces yesterday, which moved into North-east India is causing Southerly winds at the head of the Bay but has not otherwise affected the weather. A second area of low pressure appeared over the East of Central India and adjacent Districts, and very light precipitation occurred in Kashmir, West Himalayas and submontane districts. Weather is still disturbed in Persia. Ispahan had half-an-inch of rain. In Burma, North-east India, Orissa, the United Provinces, Central India, and the Central Provinces, skies are generally clear. In Nort-west India light precipitation occurred, Kashmir and Sonemarg reporting one inch, Minimarg a quarter-inch, of rain. Skies have clearest in Baluchistan. Cloud has diminished considerably in Kashmir while in the rest of the Division skies are clear.

In the Peninsula skies are clear or very lightly clouded. A few thunderstorms are possible in Northeast India.

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OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A. M. ON SUNDAY, 3RD MARCH.

SUMMARY.

Pressure shows a further fallioverywhere.

Winds are variable in direction and the force has been fresh to strong at Negapatam and Bombay and moderate to light elsewhere.

temperature.—The variations of both maximum and minimum are generally small. The highest temperature in the shade was 98deg at Quddapah and the lowest 55deg at Sirsa.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy at Karachi, Cuttack, Coimbatore and Colombo.

Rain.—Cochin had about three quarters of an inch, Wheather continues fine.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

## THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. on Saturday, give the following results:—

| Wards. | Plague Attacks. | Plague Deaths. | Deaths from all causes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade | 3 | 2 | 8 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Comerkhadi and Dongri | 12 | 10 | 33 |
| C Market, Dhobi Talao Panmawady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada | 14 | 13 | 28 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi | 3 | 3 | 13 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwadi, Bird Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada | 7 | 6 | 34 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion | 4 | 2 | 10 |
| G Kurla and Worli | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| Water Division | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Resident and Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospitals | 0 | 1 | 13 |
| Total | 48 | 42 | 153 |
| Same date last year | 58 | 51 | 210 |

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

| Wards. | Plague Attacks. | Plague Deaths. | Deaths from all Causes. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade | 4 | 3 | 9 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Comerkhadi | 8 | 9 | 32 |
| C Market, Dhobi Talao Panmawadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada | 14 | 11 | 29 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi | 6 | 3 | 14 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwadi, Bird Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada | 13 | 6 | 40 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion | 6 | 7 | 16 |
| G Kurla and Worli | 3 | 3 | 9 |
| Water Division | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Non-Resident and Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospitals | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| Total | 53 | 42 | 163 |
| Total from the 1st to date | 136,707 | | |
| Same date last year | 63 | 52 | 205 |

## BY THE WAY.

SEQUESTERED HOMES.

Disraeli delighted not in thought of the Abbey. His wish was to lie in the little churchyard at Hughenden beside that good woman who had been so loyal and so helpful to him in life. When the death of Lord John Russell was the subject of a vote of condolence to his relatives, Lord Granville informed the House of Lords that the dead nobleman had expressly informed him that he preferred burial among his ancestors at Chenies to all the glories of the Abbey. Lord Salisbury lies in a simple plot beyond the walls of Hatfield Church, within fifty yards of where the bones of the Duke of Wellington's charger moulder beneath what was once the pathway of Queen Bess. Addington is buried at Mortlake; Grenville at Burnham, Bucks; Perceval at Charlton; Liverpool at Hawkesbury; Goderich at Nocton, Lincolnshire; Peel at Drayton; Derby at Knowsley. Where but at Knowsley could a Stanley, who loved his Lancashire better than the throne of Greece, lie in death?

MISSING LINKS.

If it be true that the Woolwich explosion was due to the use of chemical compounds whose properties are not yet understood, there will be reason to endorse the dictum of the writer who asserts that the accident comes as a blessing in disguise. It is the way of a British Government department to take things on trust. Woolwich Arsenal, which was brought a little while ago under the keeness of scrutiny by an explosion of shells, had already earned unenviable notoriety by wasting hundreds of thousands of pounds in material treated as worthless waste. Private firms experiment first, and apply their inventions after proof; official departments not infrequently invert the process. To accept the untried or to condemn the tried and proved—this is too often the rule. When the telegraph was first suggested the Admiralty declared that in time of war the semaphore would suffice, that in time of peace there was no need for a telegraph. When Lord Armstrong made his first rifled cannon it was condemned by Government experts as a useless pop-gun. Two years later the same experts had to admit that the gun was fifty odd times more accurate than the ordnance then in use. Had the invention been in the hands of anybody but a patriot, a foreign Power would have had the Armstrong gun.

THE AMERICAN WAY.

The simplicity of our great men's tombs should not occasion surprise to Americans if they have regard to the graves of their own illustrious dead. Only three of their Presidents have national monuments. The others, for the most part, rest beneath tombstones which make no mention of the sleepers having held exalted office. Lincoln's tomb cost £40,000. It is not the original monument. That was a rare example of bad taste, and the Goths who took it away piecemeal as relics performed a national service. Others sought to do with the body as these had done with the tomb. They sought to steal the ashes of the great man, and hold them to ransom. Garfield's sepulchre was guarded day and night for nine years to prevent the stealing and "cornering" of the presidential remains. The grave of President Tyler is marked only by a magnolia tree; that of another Chief Magistrate of the nation was for four years lost as completely as Mozart's, to be rediscovered in the middle of what had become a field. Russell Lowell, Oliver Wendell Holmes, and Longfellow lie beneath headstones merely mentioning their names.

LATE DISCOVERIES.

Official ignorance is not confined to the authorities in the Old Country; it is to be found far afield. When the Younghusband Expedition was on its way to Lhasa, it was discovered that several possibilities had gone unheeded, and had now to be paid for in the comfort of the troops. The oil for lubricating the guns congealed; the water for cooking refused to boil; the water in the jackets of the guns froze, and springs lost their elasticity. All this, scientists know, might have been guarded against. Glycerine ought to have been taken as a lubricant, but, failing that, the kerosene carried by the expedition would have answered; the cooking-pots ought to have been supplied with air-tight lids with safety valves blowing off at 15lb. on the square inch; the guns ought to have been tested before they left the stores in temperatures similar to those which they would have to encounter. All these things are known now, but when the evils which had to be remedied came to light the troops were freezing fifteen thousand feet above sea-level.

IMAGINING TO DEATH.

Every humanitarian will be thankful that the women condemned to death for alleged complicity in the plot to assassinate M. Stolypin have been reprieved. That their modified sentence will prove much preferable to death is a debatable point. But there is always the chance of escape. It is questionable, however, whether much joy in living can remain to a woman who has undergone the agony of trial and heard sentence of death passed upon her. A woman of keen imagination experiences the horrors of death in such a situation and in the days of waiting which follow. The thought of execution can kill. We do not all yet realise the tremendous effects of imagination. One of the grimmest examples is that of the French criminal condemned to die who was offered the choice of public execution or of being privately bled to death. For the sake of his family's feelings he chose the latter alternative. He was placed upon a table in his cell, he felt pricking sensations in various veins, he heard what he thought was his blood escaping into a bowl. Soon he died. But he was unwounded.

POINTS OF VIEW.

As a strong nation was built out of families and tribes, so may a strong federal Empire be built out of nations.—"Quarterly Review."

Montenegro, by the example of her matchless courage, has done more for Europe than Europe has done or can do for Montenegro.—Ellinor F. B. Thompson, in the "Nineteenth Century."

The National Church, if she is any way to keep her place, requires overhauling from top to bottom. With or without establishment, she must have autonomy.—J. Frome Wilkinson, in the "Contemporary."

With the fullest intention to be faithful to his text, a translator never quite divests himself of his subjective prepossessions. His beliefs will insensibly colour his renderings.—A Smythe Palmer, D. D., in the "Guardian."

As things are, a second Russo-Japanese conflict is but a question of time, unless a sponge be drawn over the past and friendship between Russia and Japan be achieved in the near future.—E. J. Dillon, in the "Contemporary."

Whether Germany will be able to challenge Great Britain on the sea depends evidently not on Germany's wealth, for that is more than sufficient for the purpose, but on the will of her people.—J. Ellis Barker, in the "Nineteenth Century."

"Speciality" is the cry of the moment, and unless you know something that the last caller did not you have only a small chance of being given the regular employment which you covet.—Thekla Bowser, on "Journalism for Women," in the "Fingerpost."

Once it is understood that England has a definite policy in Constantinople of which neutralisation forms an essential part, I should anticipate that all the Western Powers, and sooner or later Turkey and Russia themselves, would recognise its reasonableness.—Edwin Pears, in the "Contemporary."

In the hands of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman the Defence Committee is more than useless; it gives to the public a false sense of security, and the soldiers and sailors who serve on it are merely unwilling parties to the deception.—W. Evans-Gordon in the "Monthly Review."

It is not uncommon to see old people who desire no mental companionship. They are the hermits of the intellectual world. They live on affectionate terms with a large circle of acquaintances who do not understand them in the least. Their true intimates are their books, and if they confide it is upon paper.—"Spectator."

Prevost was the first [story-teller] to see that love is a sudden irresistible emotion which shatters all barriers of law, prudence, and virtue, resists the deepest wounds to self-respect, and often not only fails to bring happiness, but plunges its victims into tragedies of misfortune.—R. E. Prthero, in the "Quarterly Review."

Carlyle sent Professor Tyndall into his cold tub on winter mornings, and inspired many another to do more arduous things which they did not like; and that was much. But Ruskin, by shattering that old prosaic snobthesis of the beautiful and useful, gave a higher consecration both to labour and to art.—C. H. Herford, in the "Quarterly Review."

In view of ... experience, the question may well arise if it is not a duty which Government should recognise as incumbent upon it, to give careful consideration to the possibility of enclosing and sowing or planting poor waste lands, uncultivated and uncultivable at present, situated within the dry and often arid zones throughout different parts of India, and should not also, if once convinced of the possibility of such improvements devote a fair proportion of the large surplus forest revenue to such works for the furture benefit of agriculture and rural conditions.—John Nisbet, in the "Nineteenth Century."

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VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer" sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot 114 Farringdon Road, London, England.


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Suffered More Than Six Months with Scalp and was Fast Losing His Hair—A Member of Family Afflicted with Eczema on Hands.

TWO COMPLETE CURES BY CUTICURA REM

# SPORTING NEWS.

## THE PRESIDENCY MATCH.

### Presidency Collapse.

### HINDUS WIN BY 233.

With 236 runs to the good and four bats yet to play the Hindus resumed their second innings on Saturday, but it was a bad beginning. Turner, who was given charge of the leather rather too late in the afternoon on Friday succeeded in capturing one wicket when only a single was added to the total. The Hindus' second innings closed with a respectable total of 263. The Presidency 319 runs behind their opponents opened second their venture. They had four hours—enough time if they could—to make the required number of runs. But the beginning was very bad. Greig, Wigram, Cheetham, Airey and Faviell five of their very valuable wickets returned to the pavilion before even 20 was scored Rutter and Turner however stopped the rot and a stand was made, but not strong enough to increase the score. The former remained at the wickets for nearly three quarters of an hour but scored only 20 when the game was adjourned for lunch the Presidency score was 65 runs for 8 wickets.

Play was resumed at 11-45. Baloo and Shunkar the not-outs over night faced the attack of Turner off whom, the former batsman secured a single. Oghad, Shunkar then succumbed to Turner (239-8-0) Cramp assisted Turner at the Gymkhana end and the Hindu bats punished him rather severely. Seshachari who was partnering Baloo was playing a free game and he gave chance, when he was 13, off Turner but Faviell did not accept it. However Cramp clean-bowled him the next over. (250 9-14) Erasha joined Baloo, and played a pretty fast game but was stopped by Wigram at mid-off he thought he was "caught" no appeal was made and the batsman was going away, the Hindu umpire also picked up the bails thinking all was over in the meantime Baloo called back his partner and play was resumed however the game did not last long and after Erasha had secured one single off Cramp the latter cleaned bowled Baloo as he attempted a slog. (263-10-53.) The Hindus thus concluded their second innings for 263 leaving their opponents to score 320 in four hours.

The Presidency began their second venture at 12-35 by sending out Greig and Cheetham to defend against the attack of Baloo and Erasha, but they began very badly. Baloo dismissed Greig the very first ball. The batsman tried to stop the ball finding its way to the stumps, but he could only touch it with the tip of his bat and the bails dropped (0-1-0). Faviell now went out and Cheetham who had played a good game the previous day with 53 to his credit was held in the slips by Shunkar off Baloo (5 2-2). This slowed down the game and it took a quarter of an hour to put up 10 on the telegraph board. A beauty from Erasha knocked down Wigram's wicket (11-3-3) and encouraged by those results the Hindus fielded more carefully Airey now went out but before anything could be done Faviell was stumped while going out to hit Baloo (11-4-6) Rutter and Airey were now together but the bowlers were dead on the spot and the score could not be raised. When the total was 18 after half an hour's play Airy attempted to hit out Baloo but he missed it to be stumped by Seshachari (18 5-7) Turner and Rutter were now together and the game was made lively by frequent hitting by the latter. When the score reached 46 Mehandale was asked to relieve Erasha at the Gymkhana end. The change had the effect and the new bowler clean bowled Turner in his second over (51-6-12) Coombs now joined Rutter but the partnership did not last long the latter succumbing to Baloo (59-7-20). Priestley filled the vacancy and broke his bat while hitting Baloo to the cover point. He got a new one and was bowled the very next ball, the last one before the adjournment for lunch (65-8-5).

After tiffin the game was continued at 3-5. Hoare taking Priestley's place. Erasha opened the attack and Coombs secured one out of him. Baloo was next put away to leg by Hoare for 4 and in a short time 70 was signalled. Coombs, while attempting to cut Erasha, was caught in the slips by Mehandale [71-9-4]. Crump now joined Hoare and they played for half an hour, but could only add 10 more to the score. When the total reached 81 Erasha clean bowled Crump and the Presidency second innings closed for 81, leaving the Hindus victorious by 238 runs.

Scores:—

THE HINDUS.

| | 1st Innings. | | 2nd Innings. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr S K Divekar, b Wigram | 29 | st. Priestley, b Hoare | | 31 |
| Mr P K Talang, b Hoare | 8 | c Hoare, b Faviell | | 18 |
| Mr M D Pal, b Faviell | 107 | b Turner | | 44 |
| Mr S G Mehandale, c Priestley, b Faviell | 2 | l-b-w Wigram | | 22 |
| Mr K A Baloo, c Wigram, b Crump | 15 | c Coombs, b Hoare | | 13 |
| Mr C V Mahte, (Captain) c Faviell, b Crump | 2 | l-b-w Turner | | 23 |
| Mr Oghad Shunkar, c Faviell, b Crump | 2 | b Turner | | 0 |
| Mr P Baloo, not out | 11 | b Crump | | 85 |
| Mr Shivram, b Faviell | 0 | b Hoare | | 11 |
| Mr K A Seshachari, c Rutter, b Crump | 8 | b Crump | | 14 |
| Mr P Erasha, b Crump | 0 | not out | | 1 |
| Extras | 8 | Extras | | 33 |
| Total | 194 | Total | | 263 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | 1st Innings. O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr E E Coombs | 6 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Mr R J Hoare | 11 | 0 | 49 | 1 |
| Mr F T Crump | 19·3 | 7 | 36 | 5 |
| Mr W F O Faviell | 12 | 2 | 40 | 3 |
| Mr H Cheetham | 3 | 0 | 14 | 0 |
| Major Wigram | 5 | 0 | 15 | 1 |

| | 2nd Innings. O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr F T Crump | 15 | 7 | 34 | 0 |
| Mr R J Hoare | 17 | 2 | 85 | 5 |
| Mr E E Coombs | 7 | 0 | 19 | 0 |
| Mr F O W Faviell | 16 | 3 | 46 | 1 |
| Major Wigram | 3 | 0 | 20 | 1 |
| Mr F T Turner* | 9 | 3 | 11 | 3 |
| Mr H Cheetham | 3 | 0 | 16 | 0 |

* Bowled two no balls.

THE PRESIDENCY.

| | 1st Innings. | | 2nd Innings. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capt J G Greig (Captain), c Pal, b Baloo | 3 | b Baloo | | 0 |
| Mr H Cheetham, b Baloo | 53 | c Shivram b Baloo | | 6 |
| Mr W W O Faviell, l-b-w Baloo | 14 | st Seshachari b Baloo | | 6 |
| Major Wigram, c Mehta, b Baloo | 17 | b Erasha | | 3 |
| Mr J G Airey, b Erasha | 10 | st Seshachari b Baloo | | 7 |
| Capt Rutter, st Seshachari, b Baloo | 21 | b Baloo | | 20 |
| Mr G T Turner, c and b Erasha | 3 | b Mehandale | | 13 |
| Mr E E Coombs, b Erasha | 0 | c Mehandale b Erasha | | 2 |
| Mr E Priestley, l-b-w Baloo | 5 | c Mehandale b Baloo | | 8 |
| Mr F T Crump, b Baloo | 4 | b Erasha | | 2 |
| Mr R J Hoare, not out | 1 | not out | | 13 |
| Extras | 7 | Extras | | * |
| Total | 138 | Total | | 81 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | 1st Innings. O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr F Baloo | 31·3 | 12 | 57 | 7 |
| Mr P Erasha | 24 | 10 | 53 | 3 |
| Mr S G Mehandale | 10 | 3 | 21 | 0 |

| | 2nd Innings. O | M | R | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr F Baloo | 19 | 3 | 44 | 6 |
| Mr P Erasha | 14·1 | 5 | 37 | 3 |
| Mr S G Mehandale | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 |


## PIG STICKING.

### Gujerat Cup Pig-Sticking Meeting, 1907.

### REVISED PROGRAMME

...r horses, value Rs.1000.—Subscribers Gujerat. First ties will be run ... on Friday March 29th; ... 14th March (Midday); ...st March; third entries ... Competitors desirous of ... above entrance fees, ... they make their entry. ...e Cup for ponies, 14-2 ... with Rs. 300 added money. ...se 14th March (Midday); ...ose 21st March; post entries ...

...O POINT RACES.

...p for horses, value Rs. 300. Three ...ing country. Post entries Rs. 15 ... Cup for ponies 14-2 and under, ...wo Miles over fair hunting country.

...p, for C. Bs. 14-2 and under, value ...s as for event No. IV. Post entries ...

...the Gujerat Cup and Salmon ...l be addressed, accompanied by a ...to R. R. Boyd, Esq., Asst. Supt. ...y whom they will be acknowledged.

...T. J. B. THATCHER, ... Police, Ahmedabad, Honorary Secretary.


## BOMBAY TENTH EXTRA MEETING.

### A Serious Accident.

### THE M. G. AND A. N. STABLE IN FORM AGAIN.

With a card of seven events some very close finishes were seen, but an incident in the Second Dealers' Consolation Plate somewhat spoilt the enjoyment of the good number present. It has always been rather surprising that more accidents do not occur in the large fields that go out for the sprint races for the newly-landed Arabs. The risks taken by jockeys in these events are seldom realised, with the chances of a fall going at top speed with a crowd of horses all round, in the fight for good positions, soon after the release of the barrier. So convinced were they that the fact that anything unusual had occurred was not known by onlookers till the two horses came cantering in at the tail of the field. It had occurred at about a furlong from the start, but whether a bump was to blame or that one had galloped into the other was uncertain. Suffice it say that Talal and The Barb fell and though Yussuf, the latter's rider, was unhurt and rode in the next race that successful lad, Mujeed, had a very bad time of it. He was either kicked amidst the struggles of the fallen ponies or galloped on and was carried in on a stretcher thought by many to be dead. On being examined he was found to have had his collar-bone and a couple of ribs broken on the left side and this may mean a loss of nerve when he resumes riding, which should not be so very long hence, if this be the full extent of his injuries.

There has been yet another change in the Mathradas and Ananjee stable with regard to a trainer which has resulted in Bleach taking over. A more conscientious trainer than Fowler, and a harder worker, would be hard to find and after the successes he brought about early in the season it is hard luck to be replaced when they cease, for a time, to score. As luck would have it, the first race day after the change Mr. Mathradas leads in two winners which go to Bleach's credit. These wins, however, are in very large measure due to him as he immediately gave the two and others a thorough rest.

It is not always easy to say whether layers or takers have the better of the exchanges, but though the first three races returned favourites the meeting in question can have done the former no good. Opening with the First Dealers' Consolation a run went on Madras, but later Sherlock was in demand, and went out favourite in a good betting race. Madras gave his supporters but little hope and Madrid was going well till he was found to be all out in keeping with Sherlock who went away rather easily.

After running badly enough to be let down close on two stone in the handicaps, the stable soon showed Russley Rose had performed sufficiently well in a trial to hold the Kensington Plate safe. The least bit of her old form was good enough to make her a good thing and that she had got a bit back was evident by her win barely out of a canter. Recovery again made a very late appearance and even looked dangerous when he came up to Koko who was all out for a place, hard pressed by Gun Metal.

With the pencil lavishly used in the Spring Plate, only three were left in and Kilina was put up at fours on and gradually expanding to halves found a good deal of money. As they were going out, however, a run came on Harpist, the stable being able to back both and cover nicely. Support also came for Balayeuse, but not much public money. After the run on Harpist punters wondered what the stable intended, but they were in clover when Kilina drew up at the bend and sailed away like the real race horse he is.

The Second Dealers' Consolation was the unfortunate race of the day, the misfortunes having already been dealt with. It was a terrible upset for punters who went very strong for Kalee Charan but, as in the Second Dealers of the Big Meet, he failed to stay and ran nowhere. Salanic looked a winner till well past the distance when the 20 to 1, chance Company came along full of running and Oomerkhan secured the double in the new Arab races.

When Precious won the Desert Plate over seven furlongs, it was remarked in these columns that 9-13 was not so much for him to carry over that distance. Now, though, he had two more furlongs to go and the public did not realise the difference making him a very steady favourite, Hadhur ran a remarkable game race but so fast was the finish put in by Bendigo that he had to be content with second place. Melsom ran it very close as only coming very late he just passed the leader by the post. Oriental was the unfortunate one in the race as after being shut in by the bend he had to come right round his field and with a better run would have made it hot for the winner.

The March Plate ended in another sound finish and Melsom's second win after such a run of bad luck He took Freelance away from the jump and easing him just before the bend allowed Gambara to close up. In the straight he went away again by more than a length and sat down to work. Gambara answered most gamely and a desperate struggle ensued in front of the stand resulting in Freelance staying out by a neck, but, in the opinion of a large number, a dead beat.

Though the last race of the day, the Coorla Plate was a decided upset; there were a large number to whom the result came as a matter of great satisfaction. No punter likes to follow a stable lead and when that candidate is favourite see them go for another. This occurred now when Scimitar fell to twos and expanded to fives after a very strong run on Plassey. Eventually in the race Hermit was the only one of these to run out all forward and he never had a hope with False Start who won in the easiest of manners after passing Creditor.

Details:—

THE FIRST DEALERS' CONSOLATION PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 900; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. For Arabs landed since 1st July 1906, which have not won flat race value Rs. 200 or over. W. A. reduced 5lbs, Penalties. Winner race value Rs. 150, or over: once, 4lbs.; twice, 7lbs.; oftener, 14lbs. Allowance. Ponies 14 hands and under 5lbs. Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr A Razak's br a h Sherlock 8st 4lbs...Oomerkhan 1
" G K's b a h Madrid 8st 11b.....C B Mahomed 2
" Abdool Mohsen Mama's ch a h Maritas 8st 9d 8st 3lbs.....Forster 3
Mr Hamed Dawood's g a h Thuyyar 8st 11b...Mujeed 4

Also ran:—Must Win 8st 6lbs; Deenar 8st 6lbs; Testator 8st 11b; Shah Line 7st 13lbs; Manchester 7st 12lbs; Joker 7st 12lbs; Alma 7st 12lbs ol 7st 13lbs; Tardeo 7st 12lbs ol 8st 11b; Grey Boy 7st 7lbs; Zir 7st 7lbs.

(Winner trained by Ahmed Elia nux.)

Betting:—3 to 1 against Sherlock; 4 to 1 Madras, 6 to 1 Deener and Madrid, 7 to 1 Joker, 10 to 1 Manchester and Thuyyar and longer odds rest.

The race:—After some trouble by Manchester at the post Sherlock showed out momentarily from a good start, but when settled down Zir went away followed a length by Madrid an Sherlock a length off him. At the three furlong Madrid just showed in front and at the bend was losely followed by Sherlock, Thuyyar and Madras, Zir done with. Sherlock caught the leaders at the distance but after racing together for fifty yards came away very easily to win by a length and a quarter, three quarters between next two, Madras comfortably passing Thuyyar for a place. Time—1 min. 22 4-5 secs.

THE KENSINGTON PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 900; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Ponies 14-2 and under. Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Kelso's b aus m Russley Rose. 7st 11lbs cd. 7st 13lbs.....Trenoweth 1
Captains Meynell and Greig's ch e m Recovery, 6st 13lbs cd. 7st 4lbs.....A Hoyt 2
Mr. Artin A, Essayie's br aus g Koko, 8st 2lbs.....Heeroo 3

Messrs. M. Gouldas and A. Nanjee's bl aus m Gun Metal 9st 7lbs.....Ames 4

Also Ran:—Comeback 10st, Cores 8st 4lbs, Florrie 7st 10lbs, Mandeville 8st 11lbs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.)

Betting.—5 to 4 on Russley Rose, 4 to 1 against Mandeville, 5 to 1 Ceres, 8 to 1 Recovery and fifteens the rest.

The Race:—From a good start Koko led out from Florrics Russley Rose and Gun Metal, all close up. Before the bend Florrie fell back and Russley Rose drew up on the leader as did Mandeville but Melsom had to bring out the whip. At the distance Russley Rose was on terms and Koko under the whip could do no more than just stave Gun Metal off. Coming late on the outside Recovery put in a good run but Russley Rose was well in hand and won comfortably by a length and a half, neck between next two and good fourth. Time:—1 min. 15 1-5 secs.

THE SPRING PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 900; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Horses. Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. R R S's br aus g Kilina, 10st 11lbs.....Williams 1
Mr. Kelso's b aus g Harpist, 6st 12lbs.....Kamad 2
Hon'ble A Hill Trevor, Messrs. M Gouldas and A Nanjee's b aus m Balayeuse, 7st.....Melsom 3

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee).

Betting.—6 to 4 on Kilina, 6 to 4 against Harpist, 3 to 1 Balayeuse.

The Race.—Balayeuse got away in front and led Har ist by a length with Kilina two behind. At the half mile Kilina went up to Harpist and then ahead and aught Balayeuse at the bend. In the straight Harpist again came up but Kilina went away easily and won by two and a half lengths, Harpist beating Balayeuse in the run in by a length. Time,—1 min. 14 3-5ths.

THE SECOND DEALERS' CONSOLATION PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 900; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. For Arabs landed since 1st July 1906, which have not won flat race value Rs. 200 or over. W. A. reduced 5lbs. Penalties—Winner, race value Rs. 150 or over; once, 4lbs.; twice, 7lbs.; oftener, 14lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 5lbs. Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Haji Sheriff Shabag's b a h Company, 8st 11bs Oomarkhan 1
Mr. Heosain bin Zaher's ch a h Salanic, 8st 8lbs Forster 2
Mr. Hajee Ally Khaderi's g a h Meerjan 7st 7lbs Abdoola 3
Mr. Syed Daya's ch a h Idbas, 7st 7lbs cd 7st 8lbs Kaesen 4

Also Ran—Great Shot 8st 13lbs, Muftakhar 8st 6lbs Kalee Charan 8st 5lbs, Sunshine 8st 11lbs, Rock Salt 8st 11lbs, Talal 7st 12lbs, Kiwakib 7st 12lbs ol 7st 13lbs, The Barb 7st 12lbs, Mirlas 7st 7lbs Engine 7st 7lbs.

(Winner trained by Gowasjee urjojee.)

Betting.—Kreus Kalee Charan, 5 to 1 against Mirlas, 6 to 1 Talal, 7 to 1 Great Shot, 10 to 1 Salanic and Muftakhar and twenties rest.

The Race:—In the big field at the start Talal and The Barb lost, their riders shortly after the gate went up and Salanic went out in front of Kalee Charan and Meerjan. At the bend Kalee Charan began to come up but could make no impression on Salanic and Idbas passed him. Salanic seemed to be winning when Company suddenly came on the outside full of running and won comfortably by a length, three between next two. Time.—1min. 23 2-5secs.

THE PAREL PLATE.—Winner Rs. 900, second Rs. 200 third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs. Distance—9 furlongs.

Mr. G. K's b a h Bendigo, 7st 7lbs.....Melson 1
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Hadhur 7st 8lbs cd 7st 9lbs.....Ames 2
Aga S. S ah's b a h Oriental, 7st 10lbs.....Heeroo 3
Thakur Sripal Singh's g a h Sobeil, 8st 10lbs...Kaesen 4

Also ran:—Precious 9st 12lbs Young Kohinoor 8st 12lbs, Ajax 8st 6lbs, Skylark 8st 11b, Mahnoor 7st 12lbs cd. 8st 2lbs, Gladiator 7st 12lbs, Saudow 7st 11lbs, Panala 11 6st 12lbs, 7st.

(Winner trained by Shaik Kassum.)

Betting:—2 to 1 against Precious, 3 to 1 Oriental, 6 to 1 Bendigo, Hadhur and Skylark, 7 to 1 Sobeil, 8 to 1 Sandow, fifteens and twenties the rest.

The race:—Hadhur got away in front and soon took a commanding lead from Ajax and Bendigo and the rest some way back. At the five furlongs Gladiator and Precious began to draw up and then the latter displaced Ajax followed by Oriental.

At the bend Hadhur was still going well with Precious and Sobeil following behind. From the distance Bendigo came with a great run with Oriental outside and the former passing Hadhur won a good race by three-quarters, neck between next two with Sobeil half a length off. Time—2min 6secs.

THE MARCH PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 900; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Horses. Distance—1 mile.

Messrs M Gouldas and A Nanjee's b aus g Freelance, 6st 10lbs cd 6st 12lbs.....Melsom 1
Mr John Morris' ol aus m Gambara, 8st 8lbs...Manley 2
Mr R R S's b aus g Chassepot, 8st 9lbs.....Williams 3
Mr Kelso's b aus g Royalist, 8st 6lbs.....Ross 4

Also Ran:—Shotover 8st 3lbs, Flotsam 7st 12lbs.

(Winner Trained by C Bleach.)

Betting.—2 to 1 against Flotsam, 3 to 1 Gambara, 4 to 1 Shotover, 5 to 1 Chassepot, 6 to 1 Royalist and Freelance.

The Race.—Freelance got away at once and soon led Gambara by two lengths followed by Royalist with a bunch and at the five furlongs all closed up. At the bend Royalist was nearly level with Gambara with Free ance still a length ahead, Chassepot fourth. In the run in Freelance led opposite the Second Enclosure but Manley got to work on Gambara and gradually drew up but was given second place by a neck with Chassepot beating Royalist three-quarters further back. Time.—1min 43secs.

THE COORLA PLATE.—Winner, Rs. 900; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs 14 hands and under. Distance—5 furlongs.

Messrs. M Gouldas and A Nanjee's g a h Falsestart, 7st 8lbs cd. 7st 9lb.....Ames 1
Mr Kelso's b a h Hermit, 9st 5lb.....Vining 2
Mr Vaid's g a h Zurriff, 8st 3lb.....Melson 3
Mr Naji Syed Rashee's ch a g Sahoon, 7st 11b Kamad 4

Also Ran:—Creditor 9st, Mumbra 8st 10lbs, Darby 8st 9lb, Scimitar 8st 8lb, Sheik 8st, Plassey 7st 12lbs, Emir 7st 8lb cd. 7st 10lb, Girjistan 7st 4lb cd. 7st 6lb, One Pie 6st 8lb.

(Winner trained by C Bleach)

Betting.—6 to 4 against Plassey, 5 to 1 Scimitar, 6 to 1 Hermit and Girjistan, 8 to 1 Creditor, Zurriff and False Start, tens and longer odds the rest.

The Race.—Emir jumped out in front but after a furlong was passed on the rails by Creditor, followed by Sheik and False Start and at the bend the last named took a slight lead and then came away by a couple of lengths. The field was in a regular bunch and Hermit drew out Sheik easing up. Won by two and a half lengths, length between second and dead-heaters, rest very close up. Time:—1min. 7 1-5secs.

## ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

### Sixth Day.

(FROM OUR YACHTING CORRESPONDENT.)

A very successful Regatta came to an end on Saturday. The racing all through has been of the keenest description some of the finishes having been really sensational. There have been fine breezes on nearly every day and last but not least, there have been no accidents beyond the loss of a bowsprit or two. On Friday an amusing afternoon's sport was witnessed from the pilot schooner by a select and enthusiastic gathering. There were races for almost everything that one could think of in the way of a boat. A very successful item was a race for the Tomit class raced by their own tindals and manned by native crews. Meg, Tomit, Lapwing, Clutha, Coralie and Jean entered. They were started with time in hand from alongside the schooner and the resulting race was most exciting. The course was round Tucker Beacon and North Karanja buoy home in a stiff breeze. They kept their places pretty well till the turn for home put as they came on the wind the scratch boats began to draw up on the leaders. As they came in shore it could be seen that it was a toss up between three. Coralie, sailing magnificently had stood right in shore on the starboard tack and was a long way ahead but to leeward. Jean and Tomit had taken a tack up harbour outside Middle Ground, and were coming in well on Coralies weather. It was impossible to say which would win till the very last. Coralie took a short tack outside the schooner and just crossed the bows of the other two. She came about in exactly the right place and all three came into the line in a bunch. Coralie had the weather berth and this gave her the race which she thoroughly deserved.

The race for bunder boats was most exciting, the champion of last year being beaten on the line by three or four feet. Two tonies had a long pull round Middle Ground buoy and back, and carried their prize money if ever men did. The final events were races for the ya hts dinghies which raised the excitement of the onlookers to almost fever heat, the finest performance being that of Lapwings chokra whosolemnly pulled an enormous dinghy round, the prescribed course, finishing alone, long after the fact of the race in which he was engaged having taken place at all, was forgotten.

On Saturday the third race for the Challenge Cup was decided. The three boats were sent off at 3.15 to a nice start. There was a good breeze though not so strong as on Thursday, but there was promise of more and Melody was content to be more economical in the matter of canvas than on the last time she was out. There was a very strong tide running which made the course a heavy one and Melody was out of it from the first. At the end of the first round she was outside her time from Terquoise and wisely gave up. We hear a rumour that her owner is determined to win the Challenge Cup next year and we wish him success most heartily. At the same time he has won it before and it is quite time some one else had a try at it. Will no one else follow his example?

The rest of the race can be dismissed in a few words. The wind increased as the afternoon wore on some of the puffs being very heavy. Sapphire worked away steadily from Turquoise being sailed through everything in most gallant style. She carried away two of her deck holding down bolts during the race but that did not stop her skipper and she beat Turquoise in a hollow fashion. The latters sailing was most disappointing to her admirers, and she is evidently outclassed by Sapphire in every kind of weather. We congratulate Capt. Muter and Mr. Hopkins on their win. They have spared no trouble or expense in bringing Sapphire up-to-date and improving her and thoroughly deserve their success.

The next race was for the B Class for which there was a full entry of six. The start was a splendid one five of the boats crossing in a lump. Yellow Peril took the lead on the reach down but Pixie and Trixie were hard on her heels and all three went round North Karanja Buoy in close company. Mannikin was late at the start and was some distance behind but Sayonara and Brin were also close up.

Beaching up to Butcher Island Yellow Peril got away little, while the three Pixie class boats were sailing a close race of it among themselves. After passing the black beacon Trixie tried in shore to get out of the tide but also got out of the wind and had to come out again, losing a little. At the upper buoy, Yellow Peril looked like a winner with a free sail home before her but Trixie and Pixie were not far behind. Yellow Peril in passed her lead on the way down to Tucker Beacon and luffed round for home almost with the prize in her locker. Trixie was next round travelling at a great pace in the increasing breeze. After rounding they ran into a series of heavy squalls which Yellow Peril did not seem to like at all. Trixie was carrying everything and her skipper simply drove her along for all she was worth, it being a case of do or die. She drew away with each squall and passed Yellow Peril halfway from home winning a splendid race, Trixie's win was well deserved as she carried away her bowsprit on Thursday and it was only replaced on Saturday morning, in fact her crew were hard at work rigging it till a couple of minutes before the first gun went.

Eight boats started for the Tomtit Class and handicap race all crossing the line in a bunch as usual. Tomtit was to windward while Meg took the lee end of the line. On the run down all tried Spinnakers, some more than once but it was very doubtful if they did any good. Tomtit ran ahead and was round first followed by Lapwing and all hauled in their sheets a bit for the reach to Butcher Beacon. Tomtit increased her lead and by the time the beacon was reached, Meg had worked into second place while Lapwing had dropped behind. All except Tomtit, were, however, close together as they drove through the tide rip and came round into the smooth water beyond. Maud and Midget luffed in shore out of the tide and began to gain, Midgets heart failed her as the chances of losing the wind were great, and she came out again having gained a bit. Maud had the courage of her convictions and hung on close in shore and was rewarded by holding a breeze right through the lee of Butcher Island coming clear out ahead of Meg and not far behind Tomtit. Maud seemed to rise to the occasion and went like a witch, never being passed again, sailing almost as fast as Tomtit, which latter was steadily increasing her already substantial lead. Valkyrie and Lapwing were both going badly, one in trouble with new sails and the other with old. Lapwing got past Coralie but could do no more.

At the upper buoy Tomtit had a substantial lead from Maud but the latter was well inside her time. Clutha had improved her position and Midget was well up. Running down to Tucker Beacon no change took place, but on the reach in there was a great diversity of opinion as to the best course. Meg stood up much too far and lost ground while Lapwing gained on Midget and lost to Coralie, Tomtit won the class prize easily while Maud equally easily took the second prize with Clutha second. Coralie caught Midget on the line and both boats got fairly mixed. While they were arguing it out Lapwing came up in a hurry and nearly ran into them being under the mistaken impression that they had crossed the line. Midget got herself clear and then proceeded to commit assault and battery on the schooner also venting her spleen on a couple of dinghies near it She did not, however, injure the schooner seriously.

Only the Swin and Swale started for the D. Class race but the want of numbers was made up for by the magnificent struggle between the two. They were close together at North Karanja and kept together on the close haul up harbour. At the upper buoy the Swin was a few feet ahead and they ran down with never more than a length between them. Coming in from Tucker Beacon they were neck and neck all the way. Close to the schooner the weight of extra sails that the Swale had up forward was too much for her bowsprit which went by the board. Her crew kept their heads and her skipper his weather berth and it was a most desperate finish. The Swales skipper just managed to get his boat round for the line without his jib while the Swin came round badly and lost the race.

3RD CHALLANGE CUP RACE—Sailed on Saturday.

| Names of Boats. | Time Allows. M. s. | Entered by | Start at H. M. | Time of Arrival. H. M. S. | Corrected Time. H. M. S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sapphire. | 2 38 | Capt. Muter and H. H Hopkin | 3 0 | 6 21 9½ | 3 19 31½ |
| Turquoise | Scr | Mr F J Preston | 3 0 | 6 21 8 | 3 21 38 |
| Melody ... | 8 9 | Mr J B K Macbeth | 3 0 | Gave up | |

Course No 7+3 =17·2 miles—1st Prize won by Sapphire Wind N N W Strength Fresh Time-limit 7 p.m.

D CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed on Saturday.

| Names of Boats. | Time Allows. M. s. | Entered by | Start at H. M. | Time of Arrival. H. M. S. | Corrected Time. H. M. S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pixie ..... | 5 12 | Mr J E Aspinwall | 3 15 | 5 42 32 | 2 22 10 |
| Trixie..... | 5 12 | Mr C D W Bomberger | 3 15 | 5 28 49½ | 2 18 37½ |
| Manikin.... | 10 24 | Officers R H | 2 18 | 5 55 42 | 2 31 18 |
| Yellow Peril | Scr | Capt. Lewellin | 3 15 | 5 40 23 | 2 24 53 |
| Erin ..... | 7 7 | Mr R H Ireland | 3 15 | 5 45 51 | 2 21 34 |
| Sayonara ... | 2 5 | Mr A Erickson and A L Whitell | 3 15 | 5 40 20 | 2 22 15 |

Course No 20 reversed =12·5 miles—1st Prize won by Trixie and 2nd Prize won by Erin Wind N-N-W Strength Fresh Time limit—7 p.m.

TOMTIT CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed on Saturday.

| Names of Boats. | Time Allows. M. s. | Entered by | Start at H. M. | Time of Arrival. H. M. S. | Corrected Time. H. M. S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tomtit ... | Scr | Mr J W Milne and C A Wordsworth | 3 25 | 6 5 55½ | 2 40 55½ |
| Lapwing.. | 9 22 | Mr R St J Gillespie, Capt R F | 3 25 | 6 14 22 | 2 49 10 |
| Maud ..... | 10 25 | Officers, R H | 2 25 | 6 8 13 | 2 42 48 |
| Midget ... | 11 27 | Officers, R A | Fouled at Schooner at Finish | | |
| Coralie ... | 11 27 | Mr J G E Metcalfe | 3 25 | 6 14 19 | 2 37 42 |
| Clutha.... | 9 22 | J J Welch | 3 24 | 6 19 46 | 2 36 24 |
| Valkyrie .. | 10 25 | Mr H R Johnson | 3 28 | 6 16 46 | 2 41 29 |
| Meg..... | Scr | Mr C H Byrne | 3 18 | 6 12 28 | 2 47 28 |

Course No 20 reversed =12·5 miles—1st Prize won by Tomtit, 2nd Prize won by Maud and 3rd Prize won by Clutha, Wind N N W Strength Fresh, Time-limit 7 p.m.

D CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed on Saturday.

| Name of Boats. | Time Allows M. S | Entered by | Start at H M | Time of Arrival H M S | Corrected Time H M S |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Swin ..... | 9 30 | Secret Major Emery R E | 2 35 | 5 45 40 | 2 1 5 |
| Swale..... | 9 20 | Corporal Offord R E | 2 35 | 5 45 8 | 2 2 53 |
| Raiso.... | Scr | Capt W F Potts | 3 35 | Did not Start. | |

Course No 19 reversed =9·6 miles—1st Prize won by Swale Wind N N W Strength Fresh, Time-limit—7 p. m.

## SECUNDERABAD RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, MARCH 3.

SCRAMBLE HANDICAP.—3 furlongs. Rs. 150, also 2nd receiving Rs. 20

Handicap for Arab ponies 14st 11b and under.

Capt Jackson's b a g Mac 9st.....Robertson 1
Mr Mowbray's Young Prince 10st 4lbs...Capt Tudor 2

The Race.—Young Prince lost by a head. Time—41½ secs.

Betting:—2 to 1 against Young Prince, 2 to 1 on Mac.

WHIRLWIND STAKES.

Mr Mowbray's c h 8th am g Quickstep (carried 9st 12lbs.....Capt Tudor 1
Mr Nizir Beg's blk w m Investment 12st 2lbs, Pearson 2
Mr Taybur's b a h Charles Edward 8st 11lbs (carried 8st 11lbs).....Robertson 3

Also ran:—Nutmeg 8st 8lbs; Yass 7st 11lbs (carried 9st 7lbs); Peter Pan 8st 5lbs.

The Race:—Was won easily by two lengths with one length between the second and third. Time—37secs.

MENAGERIE HANDICAP.—5 furlongs Rs. 150; 2nd Rs. 30; 3rd Rs. 20. For Arab ponies 14st 11b and under that have not won at any meeting.

Mr Hill's ch a h Baronet 10st 7lbs.....Capt Tudor 1
Capt Lunham's g a g Borealis 9st 7lbs Mr Willoughby 2

The Race:—Was won in a canter by four lengths. Time—1min 12⅘ secs.

Betting:—1 to 4 Baronet; 4 to 1 Borealis.

HORSE HANDICAP.—One mile. Rs. 150; 2nd Rs. 30; 3rd Rs. 20.—For horses.

Mr Jeddre Fisher's br w g Tappington 10st 2lbs.....Capt Tudor 1
Mr Willoughby's b w g The Moachim 11st 7lbs.....Owner 2
Mr Newton's b w g George.....Capt Harvey 3

The Race:—This was a splendid race won by two lengths by George sheets behind. Time—1 min. 48 secs.

Betting—1 to 2 the Moachim; 3 to 1 Tappington; 18 to 1 George.

THE BRIERS HANDICAP.—3 furlongs Rs. 150; 2nd Rs. 30; 3rd Rs. 20. For Arabs 14-1 and under.

Capt. Jackson's b a g Hailfellow 11st 11lbs Capt Tudor. 1
Mr. Gillie's b a h Saimoo 8st 12lbs (declared 2lbs) Mr. Willoughby 2
Mr. Mowbray's ch a h Young Prince Driver Kelly... 3

Also ran Nalbund 10-3.

The Race:—All ran in a bunch for a spell, then Nalbund drew to the front. Saimoo and Young Prince then raced abreast till a short distance from the post when Hailfellow shot out and won by one and half lengths two lengths separating the second and third. Time—41 3/5 secs.

THE MURRAY DERBY,

R. C. and A. distance Rs. 150; 2nd Rs. 30; 3rd Rs. 20 For Arabs.

Mr. Jedder Fisher's b a h Playboy 10-10 Capt Hodgkinson.....1
Mr. Gillie's g a g Surbhan 9st 12lbs Mr. Willoughby... 2
Mr. Taylers b a h White Face 10st 5lb carried 3 extra Pearson.....3

The Race:—Play Boy made the pace with Surbhan lying next and White Face saving. After a mile White Face tried desperately to draw level but Play Boy was quite safe and Surhan then tried conclusion with White Face was dying away. At the distance Play Boy with Surbam dangerously near sprinted and won by only half a length with three lengths dividing the second and third. Time—2 min. 32 4/5 secs.

Betting:—2 to 1 Play Boy; 1 to 3 White Face and 3 to 1 Surban.

## MEERUT RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MEERUT, MARCH 2.

With the very full entries received for this Meeting it was disappointing to find four out of six events on to-day's Card showing somewhat meagre fields. This drawback was probably due to three of these being terms races where weights worked out unfortunately for many. But as Colonel Magwe, the Official Handicapper is here, this defect will be remedied for subsequent days. Yet, with all, we have witnessed very good racing especially the 20 in the Horse Hurdle Race. Out of large field and close to home it looked anybody's race out of six of the horses. Mr. Gibbs has had rare ill-fortune with his beautiful mare Nelly Wyune. She fell at Umballa last autumn and again to-day when going well. She fell at the last hurdle, her rider Mr. Charrington of the Royals escaping with only a shaking. Mr. Sydney Smith's wonderful little English pony maintains the good form she showed last month at Lucknow. The noticeable feature of the Card is the Derby for country-bred, the produce of Government sires in the United

## SECUNDERABAD HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, FEBRUARY 27.

Although the attendance at the Horse Show this morning was not so good, a very large crowd assembled this afternoon to witness the final competition. Colonel Stanton and Officers of the Royal Fusiliers were "At Home" to their friends and their fine band was in attendance.

The Classes taken this afternoon were—Class 15, Waler chargers; Class 4, Jumping (Waler Ponies); class 5, Jumping (Arab Ponies); Class 20, Ladies Driving, and Class 19, Four-in-Hand Driving.

Both the Jumping Competitions were excellent, the jumps being first over a bush hurdle, then posts and rails, a mud-wall, open ditch, and a final pretty wide water jump secluded behind a bush hurdle. Captain Ashburner and Mr. Skinner distinguished themselves, gaining loud applause for their neat performance.

The Ladies Driving was entered into with great spirit although, as a whole, the skill displayed was only fair, but the Four-in-Hand driving, by the winning teams at least, was a rare display of good horsemanship.

Mrs. Bayley presented the prizes, and after General Francis had called for three cheers, the British Resident returned thanks, and congratulated the Executive and the Prize Winners on the success of the Show, the greatest credit being due to Captain Holy Hutchinson, the Honorary Secretary.

The following are the official results :—

Class XII.—Hacks, Ponies, Walers, etc. For Cup presented by the Officers of the 3rd (Q. O.) Light Cavalry, and a second prize of Rs. 10.

Major A Taylor's ch c b..... David 1
Captain Bayley's Eng. m...Night Shade 2
Major W G Anderson's ch w m...Queen } (Highly commended.)

There were no less than 30 entries in this class which were good all-round animals.

Judges :—Major England, Major Jones and Major Anderson.

Class VIII :—Heavy Weights. For Cup presented by the Officers of the 61st (P. W. O.) Pioneers, and a second prize of Rs. 10.

M Shah Mirza Beg's gr a p Talib..... 1
Mr R Macnabb's g a b Starlight..... 2

Also entered :—Captain Evan's Bugler ; Mr Agnew's Abdul ; Major Alexander's Simon ; Mr Newton's Arrowroot.

Remarks :—The winner, a fine topped pony, a little light in bone ; Starlight, very classy, but not so handy.

Judges :—Major England, Major Jones and Major Edwards.

Class IX :—Light Weight Arabs. For Cup presented by the Officers of the Royal Artillery and a second prize of Rs. 10.

Mr W H Eve's ch a g Little Tim..... 1
Major Edward's b a m Arab Maid..... 2
Mr C Steele's Bay Leaf ..... } Highly commended.

Also entered :—Mr Joddere-Fishers' Chieftain ; Mr Osmanjah Yar-ud-Dowla's Snowball ; Mr Shah Mirza Beg's Talib ; Captain Evans' Rocket ; Mr. Eves' Golden Flower ; Mr Knight's Af Sun ; Mr Tayleur's White Face ; Captain Smith's Night ; Mr Macnabb's Marshid ; Captain Jackson's Paddy and Hattiellow ; Mr Hills' Baronet ; Captain Anderson's Acorn.

Remarks :—Bay Leaf, Arab Maid, Talib, Yuss and Little Tim were selected for the final test. Talib and Yuss were sent out, and another scrutiny was exercised on the remaining three, Little Tim winning the red in the end. All round, the Class was not so good.

Judges :—Colonel Grantham, Major England, and Major Jones.

Class 16.—Chargers—Infantry. For Cup, and Rs. 10 to second.

Mr A F Bines' b w g.....Bridlemere 1
Capt Ashburner's bl w g.....Wild Night 2
Major Robert's dk Bay Cob ..... 3 } Highly commended.

Also entered :—Major England's Rob Roy ; Mr. Agnew's Abdul ; Mr. Manson's Mooski ; Major Smith's Nursie ; Major Davis' Bay Arab Gelding ; Lieut.-Col. Brooking's Pioneer.

Judges :—General Francis and Major Edwards.

Class 2—Jumping—British Troops.

Driver Clary, 1st Battery R. F. A. ..... 1
Pte Bence, 13th Hussars ..... 2
Driver Harris 16th Battery R. F. A. ..... 3

There were 27 entries and the jumping was fairly good. There were five jumps, the bush, hurdle, posts and rails (a hard jump and rarely negotiated cleanly) mud wall, open ditch, and water jumps.

Private Bence on a fine Arab, perhaps made the safest jump.

Judges :—Major Jones and Major Edwards.

Class 15.—"B" Class Arab Chargers. For Cup, and second prize of Rs. 10.

Mr Hind's b aust g ..... Mameluke 1
Mr Vanneck's m ..... Starlight 2
Col Grantham's b aus g The Snipper ..... 3 } Highly commended.

Also entered :—Mr Dangar's Autonomy ; Mr Eve's Midnight ; Mr Heneage's Sirdar, Mr Carlyon's, Big Seam ; Major Alexander's Glencoe ; Capt. Anderson's Amethyst ; Mr Willoughby's The Moachim ; Mr Sanderson's Southdown ; Mr Steele's Latchkey ; Mr Spencer Smith's Salisbury and Mr Campbell Ross' Starlight.

Judges : General Francis, Major Jones and Major Edwards.

Class 1.—Jumping Walers. For Cup presented by the 1st Manchesters and a second prize of Rs. 10.

Capt. Ashburner's bl w g Wild Night..... 1
Mr S. O. Robinson's b w g Gunboat..... 2
33rd Light Cavalry's ch aus m Quebec ..... 3

Judges :—Colonel Pedder and Major England. There were 13 starters.

Class 5.—Jumping Arab Ponies. For Cup presented by the Hon'ble Mr C. S. Bayley, I.C.S, C.S.I, British Resident.

Mr T B. Skinner's b a g Rory ..... 1
Mr H. O. Agnew's b a h Abdul..... 2

Judges :—Same as in Class 4. Five Started.

Class 20.—Ladies Driving. For Cup and prize of Rs. 10 to the second.

Mr Knight's ch w Rufus ..... Mrs Eve 1
Mrs Seaton's b m Prince ..... Owner 2

Others who competed were Mr. Dangar's Cream Cheese (Mrs. O'Reilly) Major Patton-Bethune's Jemadar (Mrs. Bethune), Mrs. Hamilton's Peggy (Mrs. Eve) Mr. Worgan's Peter the Great (Mrs Jones) Mr. Eve's Lader (Miss Eve) Capt. Minchin's San Toy (Mrs. Minchin) Mr. McNaab's Evangeline (Miss Bailey) Col. O'Sullivan's Nancy (Mrs O'Sullivan) Mr. Brett's Marjory (Mrs Sewell) Mr. Hudson's Acrobat (Mrs Eve) Major Mahir-ul-Dowla's Duke (Mrs Florence) Mr Zeaplgwell's Sunny Jim (Miss Thompson).

Class 19.—Four-in-hand Driving Competition. For Cup and a second prize of Rs. 10.

13th Hussars (Mr. Dangar)..... 1
Colonel the Nawab Afsur-ul-Mulk (Major Osman Yar ud-Dowlah)..... 2

Also entered :—20th Deccan Horse (Mr Ley) 1st Battery, R. F. A. (Mr Milford) ; "S" Battery R. H. A. (Mr. Heneage) ; 41st Battery R. F. A. (Mr Raikes) and 33rd Q. O. Light Cavalry (Col. Grantham).

## AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION SPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 2.

There was a large attendance at the Bengal Presidency Amateur Athletic Association Meeting this afternoon. The Northumberland Fusiliers Band was in attendance. Lady Minto gave away the prizes.

Sepoy Mirza Khan of the 91st Punjabis broke the record in the Native Army Championship quarter mile by a second. No other records were broken.

The Schools Championship was won by St. Xavier's.

The British Army Championship was won by the Wiltshire Regiment.

The British Army Bicycle Championship was won by Private pay of the 10th Hussars.

The Native Army Championship was won by the 91st Punjabis.

The Tug-of-War Challenge Shield was won by the Wiltshire Regiment.

The Holders' all events was filled well with the exception of the High Jump, which only drew one competitor. The following are the details :

100 yards, Amateur Championship.—R. T. Ross 1. W. E. Watts 2. H. M. Sherman 3.

British Army—100 yards, Lce-Corporal G. Smith of the Devons 1. Private H. Pratt of the Wiltshire Regt. 2. Lce-Copl F. Browne of the Dorsets 3. Time—10 2/5 secs.

Native Army—100 yards.—Sepoy Mirza Khan of the 91st Punjabis 1. Sepoy Ujager Singh of the 93rd Burma Infy. 2. Sepoy Imamdin of the 93rd Burma Infy, 3. Time—10 4/5 sec.s.

300 yards Handicap for Amateurs.—R. T. Ross 1. G. A. Pybus 2. H. M. Sherman 3. Time—33 secs.

Native Army, half-mile.—Lce. Naik Abdul Sattar of the 27th Light Cavalry 1. Bugler Jawal Singh Punjabis 2. Sepoy Suleman Khan of the 17th N. of the 91st 3. Time—2 mins. 11 secs.

British Army—1000yards. Pte. C. Chandler of the Wiltshires 1. Drummer H. Braubrook of the South Staffords 2. Pte Candy of the Royal Dragoons 3. Time—2 mins 24 secs.

150 Yards Handicap for Amateurs.—W. E. Watts 1. W. A Kuyvett of the Bengal Police 2. R. T. Ross 3. Time—15 secs.

Schools—100 yards.—R Leadon 1. S. Whittenbaker 2. Droven 3. Time—11 2/5 secs.

220 Yards for Amateurs.—Capt T. E. Harly of the R. A. M. C. 1. E. A. Catchick 2. J. G. Pybus 3. Time—24 1-5 secs.

British Army—600 yards—Pte Hunter of the King's Royal Rifles 1. Lce-Cpl F. Brown of the Dorsets 2. Drummer W. Allen of the Cheshires 3. Time—1 min 18 secs.

Native Army—1/4mile.—Sepoy Mirza Khan of the 91st Punjabis, 1. Sepoy Imemaolin of the 93rd Burma Infy, 2. Lce Naik Abdul Sultan of the 27th Light Cavalry 3. Time—52 2/5 secs.

Putting the Shot.—W. L. Curtis. 1. A. Roberts 2. 37 feet 8 inches.

120 Hurdles Handicap.—W. A. Kuyvett 1. J. G. Pybus 2. Time—181/5 secs.

Schools 220 yards.—G. Lawrence 1. L. Stevenson 2. C. Horre 3. Time—26 secs.

British Army 1/4 mile.—Pte H. Pratt of the Wiltshire 1. Lce-Corpl G. Smith of the Devons 2. Pte W. Goulden of the Kings 3. Time—53 2/5 secs.

Quarter Mile for Amateurs.—Capt Harty of the R. A. M. C. 1. H. Claughton 2. Time—55 secs.

British Army, One mile.—Pte C. Chandler of the Wiltshire 1. Pte J. Osborne of the Kings R. R. 2. Pte M. Cunningham of the R. R. 3. Time—4 min. 41 se s.

Schools Quarter Mile.—S. D. Silva 1. J Owens 2. M. Barcar 3. Time—58 1/5 seconds.

Half Mile for Amateurs.—C. G. Arthur 1. James Crabbe 2. H. Leigh 3. Time—2 mins 12 secs.

## THE ARBUTHNOT CREDITORS' COMMITTEE.

The Arbuthnot Creditors' Committee, which was appointed at a Meeting held in Triplicane on the 10th November last, to advise creditors regarding the steps to be taken in the matter of the insolvency of Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., has just issued its Report, to which is attached a Report by Mr. C. R. Tiruvenkata Chariar, Secretary of the Advisory Committee that was formed on the suggestion of the Official Assignee, to assist him temporarily in administering the affairs of the insolvents. This latter Report is a full one, says the "Madras Mail" and gives a succinct account of the work performed by that Committee, but as it is not written by Mr. Tiruvenkata Chariar in his capacity as Secretary it cannot be regarded as representing more than the individual view of the author, though he says that it is generally endorsed by two of his most active colleagues. The Advisory Committee held numerous meetings at which the principal questions discussed related to the Arbuthnot's Industrials, the Mysore Sugar Co., the Bangalore Distillery, coffee estates, manganese, the disposal of some of the late firm's properties, establishment charges, accounts, administration of the estate, and several schemes of reconstruction. In view of the fact that the Report of the Auditors appointed by the Official Assignee will be issued in a few days, it would serve no useful purpose to discuss in detail the suggestions made by the Creditors' Committee and by Mr. Tiruvenkata Chariar, as their soundness, or otherwise, must depend to a very large extent upon the nature of the Auditor-Report. We note, however, that the Creditors' Committee is inclined to favour the third, and last, scheme submitted by Sir George Arbuthnot, as in its opition there is in it "the basis for a proper working of the firm's assets."

Under this scheme, it is proposed to form an Assets Company with a capital of Rs. 100 lakhs, divided into 100,000 shares of Rs. 100 each, to purchase from the Official Assignee all the Indian assets of the late firm of Arbuthnot and Co., now in his hands, subject to the Company's right to decline to take over any of the assets which it does not wish to acquire. The proposed price to be paid by the Company is Rs. 30 lakhs in cash, with the option to the Official Assignee, on behalf of such creditors of the late firm as may elect to take shares in lieu of dividends, of receiving payment of any portion of the purchase money in fully paid shares of the Company at the rate of one share of Rs. 100 for every Rs. 30 cash, such option to be declared within three months of the completion of sale. The scheme also provides for the payment of a cash dividend to such creditors as are unwilling to accept shares, "at a rate which it is believed is as much as will be at all likely to be realised if a forced sale to outsiders is insisted upon." It is estimated that if the assets which it is suggested the Company should take over (including the Industrials, coffee estates, Mysore Sugar Co., Bangalore Distillery, West Coast Curing Agencies, etc.) are properly worked, the gross annual profit should be Rs. 6 lakhs, and that the dividend should not be less than 5 per cent., with reasonable prospects of eventual increase. The Creditors' Committee submitted this proposal to a number of creditors and state that it met with their general aproval ; but nothing, we take it, can be done until and unless the whole body of creditors, or a considerable majority of them, have definitely expressed their views. The Creditors' Committee suggests that a representative Sub-Committee should be appointed to consider the details of the scheme, and to report as soon as possible to the general body of creditors with regard to the feasibility of the scheme and the possibility of its being worked in the interests of the creditors.

The Creditors' Committee has had a considerable amount of hard work to do and an extensive correspondence to conduct, and we regret to note that several of its meetings had to be adjourned for want of a quorum. The Committee, which represents creditors to the extent of Rs. 60 lakhs, deserves, the thanks of those in whose interests it is working, and it is to be hoped that it will be able to make some business like proposal that will be acceptable to the majority of creditors. The questions to be decided are as complex as they are important, and the labours of the Committee will be considerably lightened by the more active co-operation of all those who have been selected to help in unravelling the terribly tangled skein of this disastrous insolvency.

## B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 9th February, on 804·35 miles open.

| | Coaching Traffic Receipts. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings (Estimated.) | Total Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Total traffic for the week ..... | 1,41,000 | 2,60,000 | 4,000 | 4,05,000 |
| Or per mile of Railway ..... | 280 | 515 | 8 | 803 |
| For previous 5 weeks of half-year ..... | 6,41,000 | 12,05,000 | 18,700 | 18,64,700 |
| Total for 6 weeks . | 7,82,000 | 14,65,000 | 22,700 | 22,69,700 |
| Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year ..... | 1,27,627 | 2,68,007 | 9,509 | 4,25,143 |
| Per mile of Ry. do. .. | 253 | 571 | 19 | 843 |
| Total to corresponding date do. .. | 730,054 | 16,73,024 | 20,529 | 24,23,607 |

Decrease for the week.. Rs. 20,443
Decrease to date ..... „ 153,907

## PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th February on 172·8 miles open.

| | Coaching Traffic Receipts. | Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts. | Other Earnings (Estimated) | Total Earnings. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Total Traffic for the week ..... | 400 | 500 | ... | 900 |
| Or per mile of Railway ..... | 23 | 29 | ..... | 52 |
| For previous 5 weeks of half-year. | 1,780 | 2,200 | ... | 3,980 |
| Total for 6 weeks .. | 2,180 | 2,700 | ..... | 4,880 |
| Comparison Total for corresponding week of previous year .. | 401 | 450 | 3 | 853 |
| Per mile of Ry. do. | 23 | 27 | .... | 50 |
| Total to corresponding date do. .. | 3,317 | 1,496 | 49 | 4,862 |

Increase for the week ..... Rs. 37
„ to date..... „

## G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 19th January.

| | Coaching Traffic. | Goods Traffic. | Sundry Receipts | Total for the period |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs | Rs. | Rs. |
| Approximate earnings for week ending 19th Jan of— (G I P Railway System .. Section | 3,74,250 | 9 80,683 | 5 709 | 13,30,644 |
| I M R system .. | 1,20,933 | 1,93,250 | 841 | 3,15,084 |
| A D C Ry .. | 21,604 | 22,355 | 41 | 44,090 |
| Total | 5,16,877 | 11,06,330 | 6,591 | 16,89,798 |
| Actuals for corresponding week ending 20th Jan of— (G I P Railway System .. Section.. | 2,47,723 | 10 67,912 | 4,334 | 13,19,979 |
| I M R system .. | 81 328 | 1,43 341 | 635 | 2,24 [illegible] |
| A D C Ry .. | 7,324 | 13,979 | 881 | 21,[illegible]3 |
| Total.... | 3,35,[illegible] | 12,24,832 | 5 84 | 15,[illegible],676 |
| Increase (G I P R.. | + 1,26,5 [illegible] | — 1,17,227 | + 1,37 | — [illegible],665 |
| or (I M R.... | + 39,605 | — 49,949 | + 30 | — 10,180 |
| Decrease (A D C Ry | + 14,280 | — 9,776 | — 959 | + 3,507 |

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Santhia, 3,352 tons, Captain R Phillips sailed on Saturday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo.

THE M Maritimes Co's steamer Armand Behic, 3564 tons Captain E Guionnet, sailed yesterday for Noumea via Colombo, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE steamer Sir John Jackson, 2766 tons Captain Harkness, sailed on the 2nd instant for Hull and Middlesborough, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Taunton 2461 tons, Captain R W Moon, arrived in harbour on the 1st instant from Newport with a cargo of coal.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Muttra 2995 tons Captain J R Sullivan arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE steamer King Arthur 2589 tons Captain T James, arrived in harbour on the 2nd instant from Portsaid and etc. in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Itola 3402 tons Captain E B Hirst arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius via Colombo, with a general cargo and 10 cabin and 27 deck passengers.

THE steamer Cowrei, 3,155 tons, Captains E S Baker arrived in harbour on Saturday from Rangoum via Karachi, with a cargo of 4,300 tons, Kerosine oil in bulk.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dwarka 759 tons Captain A Manley arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi and coast ports, with a general cargo, 32 cases opium and 4 cabin and 127 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's, steamer Linga, 938 tons, Captain R J Rickford, arrived in harbour on the 2nd instant from Karachi with mails a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs Westmoriand, Mr and Mrs W Smith, Mr McConaghy, Mr Kensingham, Mr and Mrs Spratt, sir H Kimbar and Secretary, Mrs Grace and child, Col Forbes, Mr Elgar, Mr Swanson, Mr Schwartz Mr S Been, Captain Hewett, R N., Mrs Stewart, Lt Col and Mrs Colamb and 2 children, Captain Twiff, Mr A Gayal, Miss Cornedall, Miss Summerhays, Miss Peters, Mr Dinshaw and friend, Mr Alexaidi and 105 deck.

### MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN THE STREAM.

Plassy ..... Sumnerers ..... ..... Transport

FOREIGN NAVY.

Javeline ..... Comr M Florius ..... French Navy
Rapiere ..... Lt de vaisseau ..... French Navy
Sabre ..... L Italiier ..... French Navy
Francisque ..... Lt Garrean ..... French Navy

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Northbrook ..Lt A R Harold ..... R I Marine
R I M S Espinassous ..Lt G H Plumb ..... R I Marine
Three Torpedo Boats ..... Royal Nav
H M S Sphinx ..... C mdr Bowman ..... R Navy
H M S Lapwing ..... Comdr Barker ..... R Navy
H M S Hermes ..... Capt D R L Nicholson ..... R Navy

### VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—Mar. 2.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Akbar ..... | 1440 | Baldwin ..... | H C Jeorul |
| Arcadia ..... | 8514 | Valentine.... | China ..... P & O C |
| Bedouin ..... | 3343 | Sanslow ..... | K N & C |
| Baron Cawdor ..... | 2764 | Goudey ..... | K N & C |
| Bullimba ..... | 16 7 | Bamber ..... | M M & C |
| Dunbarton ..... | 2240 | Re tie ..... | T M & C |
| Hindustan ..... | 2399 | Haig ..... | P & O C |
| Jumna ..... | 2786 | Gun-Cunningham ..... | M M & C |
| Kt Templar ..... | 4691 | Billett ..... | K N & C |
| Metis ..... | 2167 | Brown ..... | K N & C |
| Sanjeban ..... | 2666 | Davison ..... | Shah S N C |
| Sirsa ..... | 1675 | Williams ..... | M Mackenzie & C |
| Terrier ..... | 109 | Nelson ..... | F F Campbell & C |
| Tientsin ..... | 2555 | Grant ..... | Shah S N C |
| Warcunga ..... | 1[illegible]9 | Chappell ..... | P Gulf ..... M M & C |
| Xema ..... | 429 | Lloyd ..... | M Jewanjee |

### VESSELS IN DOCK—Mar. 2.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Shed. | Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Destination | Date Accts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | Haidari ..... | 1563 | Lorne ... | K'chi ..... | 43 B & P S N C |
| B | Clan Farquhar ... | 2767 | Davey ... | Antwerp .. | 4-4 P Muir & C |
| D | & E City of Bombay | 3241 | McNeil ... | ..... | 21 3 K Nizon & C |
| F | Spyros Vallionos .. | 2993 | Gopsides | M'il s .. | 5-3 T Morrison & C |
| G | Clan Ogilvy ..... | 1683 | Jones ... | Lpool .. | 15-3 N FF Muir & C |
| M | Oriental ..... | 3190 | Lewellin .... | Aden .. | 5-3 P & O S N C |
| N | Strathmore's ..... | 2278 | King ... | Antwerp .. | 7-3 W & A G & C |
| Q | Froozi ..... | 2005 | Watson ... | Jeddah .. | 8-3 B & P S N C |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Britannia ..... | Garsick .. | L'pool .. | 13-3 | W & A Graham & C |
| 3 | Black Prince .. | 2980 | Thomas .. | L'pool .. | 5-3 T orrison & C |
| 4 | Monsoori ..... | 1733 | Hannah .. | Jedda .... | 4-3 B & P S N C |
| 5 | Laugdale ..... | 2575 | Gray .. | Hamburg .. | 7-3 W & A G & C |
| 9 | Reichinfels ..... | 2930 | Potthart . | .... K'chi .. | 8-3 Glade & C |
| 10 | &11 Delta ..... | 4969 | Daniel .. | Shanghai .. | 5-3 P & O C |
| 12 | Persia ..... | ..... | Hangton .. | London... | 16-3 P & O C |
| 16 | Umgumbi ..... | 2144 | Mitchell .. | A.'Corough | 7-3 B A Wills |

H W V D

Linga ..... 937 Rickford ..K'chi ..... 4-3 M M & C

### ARRIVALS.

| Feb. | Vessel. | Commander. | From. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Taunton s..... | Moon ..... | Newports, Jan 27 |
| 2 | Linga s ..... | Rickford ..... | Karachi, Feb 28 |
| | Cowrie s ..... | Baker ..... | Batoum, Dec 27 |
| | Francisque (F T Destroyer) ..... | Garrean ..... | Saigon, Feb 6 |
| | Javeline (Fr T Destroyer ..... | Florius ..... | Saigon, Feb 6 |
| | Rapiere (Fr T Destroyer ..... | Calquer ..... | Saigon, Feb 6 |
| | Sabre (Fr T Destroyer) ..... | Haller..... | Saigon, Feb 6 |
| | Muttra s..... | Sullivan .... | Calcutta Feb 14 |
| | King Arthur s ..... | James ..... | P rtsaid &c. |
| 3 | Itola s ..... | Hirst ..... | Mauritius Feb 16 |
| | Dwarka s ..... | Mauley ..... | Buarch Feb 23 |

### DEPARTURES.

| Mar. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Nowshera s ..... | Abbott ..... | Karachi |
| | Santhia s ..... | Phillips ..... | Calcutta, &c |
| | Arabia s ..... | Leigh ..... | London |
| | Sir John Jackson s.. | Harkness .. | Hull, &c |
| 3 | Armand Behic..... | Guiounc ..... | Noumea, &c |

The steamer Persia, for London, began to load on Saturday.

### CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

| Feb. | Steamer | Names. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 27 | Liebenfels | H Wittenburg | Rangoon |
| | Kistna | G S Jones | Chittagong |
| | Ada | | |
| | Querimba | W B Smith | Bombay |
| | Alcona | D Morgan | Bombay |
| | Maharaja | P L Lef wich | Rangoon |

DEPARTURES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 27 | New Bridge | J Notman | Bombay |
| | Baron Eldon | A J Parker | Karachi |
| | Bantam | J Veen | Sabang & Java |

### MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

| Feb. | Vessel. | From |
|---|---|---|
| 20 | Clan Macintosh | Liverpool |
| 21 | Nairn | Calcutta |
| 23 | Falkvell | London |
| 23 | Zillah | Calcutta |
| 25 | Tara | Rangoon |
| 28 | Congella | Natal |

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 26 | Wiessenfels | Antwerp |
| Mar. | | |
| 2 | Nadir | Bombay |
| 2 | Clad Sotherland | Coast |
| 2 | Kattenturm | London |
| 3 | Wardha | Calcutta |
| 4 | Canara | London |
| 6 | Tannenfels | Antwerp |
| 24 | Colombo Maru | Penang |

The dates are approximate only.

### DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia s—100 bales cotton, Glazebrook Tejpal and Company.

Black Prince s—1,500 cwt cottonseed, E Oomersey, 1 bale wool, T Chimondas ; 2,252 cwt myrabollams, G Madhowji and Co.

FOR BARCHLONA.

Britannia s—100 bales cotton, Glazebrook Tejpal and Company.

FOR ANTWERP.

Black Prince s—1,000 cwt myrabollams, G Madhowji and Co ; 825 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 150 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 64 bales hemp and 55 bales cottonwaste, K Harmukhroy and Co ; 990 cwt gingellyseed, J Fachiri.

Clan Farquhar s—55 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 2,000 cwt gingellyseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Britania s—514 linseed, and 1,788 cwt teelseed, Ralli Brothers ; 3,000 cwt groundnutts and 6,000 cwt linseed, Volkart Brothers.

City of Bombay s—2,970 cwt gingellyseed, J Fachiri.

FOR HAMBURG.

Longdale s—40 bales hemp, E Tajbhoy and Co ; 8975 cwt myrabollams W Bhcher 55 bales hemp, T Purshotum and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

King Arthur s—90 bales cotton Vatchaghaudy and Sons, 981 cwt nigirseed, M Vulubdas

FOR AVONMOUTH.

Strathmare s—6,536 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros

FOR HULL

Sir John Jackson s—2321 cwt cottonseed Ralli Bros

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—84 cwt Sharkfins K N Miani, 2 cases saffron R Jewandas and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—224 bales twist C Ebrahim, 92 bales twist C Bhewanidas and Co ; 72 bales twist Tata and Co ; 22 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co ; 200 bales twist The M B Kaisha ; 1 bale cotton Volkart Bros

FOR KOBE.

Delta s—46 cwt Colombo roots R Jewandas and Co

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Datia s—11 cases Condimants Manockji Poonjiaji and Sons


EDWARDS'
"HARLENE"
FOR THE HAIR

The Great Hair Producer & Restorer.

The Finest Dressing. Specially Prepared and Delicately Perfumed. A Luxury and a Necessity to every Modern Toilet.

"HARLENE" produces Luxuriant Hair. Prevents it Falling Off and Turning Grey. Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache. The World-Renowned Remedy for Baldness. For Preserving, Strengthening and Rendering the Hair Beautifully Soft ; for Removing Scurf, Dandruff, —— etc. ; also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Original Colour. ——

UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE AND SUPPLIED DIRECT TO
H.M. The Queen of Greece
H.I.H. The Grand Duchess George of Russia
H.R.H. Princess Hohenlohe
H.R.H. The Crown Prince of Greece
H.H. Princess Windischgraetz
H.R.H. The Duchess of Sparta
H.I.H. The Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin
H.I.H. Prince George of Greece
H.I.H. Princess di Sipino
Princess Anna Hohenlohe, &c.

H.R.H. Princess Marie of Greece writes :— "Messrs. Edwards' Preparation, 'Harlene,' for the Hair, has given entire satisfaction."

MRS. LANGTRY writes : "Previous to using 'Harlene' my hair had become brittle, and was falling off. I have used your preparation daily for eighteen months, and my hair is quite restored. I cannot recommend 'Harlene' too highly."

H.I.H. The Grand Duchess George of Russia writes : "Please send at once six bottles of 'Harlene,' the same as formerly sent to H.I.H. when Princess Marie of Greece."

1/-, 2/6 & 4/6 per Bottle, from Chemists and Stores all over the world, or sent direct on receipt of Postal Order.

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" CO., 95 & 96, High Holborn, London, W.C.

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Arms and Ammunition Merchants,
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All our cartridges are loaded by an expert Trial order solicited.

Price Lists Free on application.

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET. BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

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Bombay Agents :—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay
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Messrs KEMP & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

Try PEEK-FREAN'S "TREASURE"

Rich Shortbread Rings
Fruit Jelly Centres.
Assorted Apricot, Cherry and Greengage Flavors.

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S. & H. HARRIS'
HARNESS PREPARATIONS.
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SADDLE PASTE & SOAP.
BLACK DYE.
JET BLACK OIL.

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DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be

*The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
*Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.*
"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active curative principle of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Procelain is often long its use."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
*Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.*
"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
*Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.*
"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. WHITMORE,
*Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.*
"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and nutritive properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BERTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., and bearing under the WRAPPER a Label with the same Stamp and Signature, WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

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LIPTON'S
TEA
THE BEST THE CHEAPEST
IS
in GREATER DEMAND every DAY,
have the
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD,
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D. C. OOMRIGAR, Abdul Rahman Street,
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BENGER'S FOOD
For INFANTS and INVALIDS.
Benger's Food is prepared with Milk forms a dainty, delicious and most easily digested cream.
"Retained when all other foods are rejected." *London Medical Record.*
Benger's Food is sold in tins by chemists, etc., everywhere.

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KEYLESS LEVER WATCH
MANUFACTURED BY
THE WEST END WATCH CO.
IN NICKEL OPEN FACE CASE,
WITHOUT A SECONDS HAND, - - Rs.
WITH A SECONDS HAND, - - - „ 12

## SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

In the year 1784 the problem of human flight was occupying a prominent place in the public mind, as it is to-day. The Frenchman, Jean Pierre Blanchard, had just made his first ascent from Paris in a balloon filled with hydrogen. He took with him wings and a rudder, apparently proposing to fly, but found them useless. Later Blanchard crossed the Channel in his aerial machine. Horace Walpole comments on the doings of the "airgenauts," as he calls them. "You see," he writes, "The airgonauts have passed the Rubicon. By their own account they were exactly birds; they flew through the air, perched on the top of a tree, some passengers climbed up and took them in their nest."

WALPOLE'S PROPHECIES.

After seeing a balloon descending Walpole amuses himself by meditating on the future of what he calls "airgonation." He sees the art of flying perfected, and deposing that of navigation. Flourishing seaports become "deserted villages," while Salisbury Plain, Newmarket Health, and the Downs become dockyards for aerial vessels. Public roads, becoming useless, are broken up, and thus make a great increase in the area available for tillage. But the promise of 1784 was not fulfilled, and in 1864 no further progress had been made. The later years of the nineteenth, and the early years of the present century, however, have witnessed great advances, and Walpole's prophecies may yet be fulfilled.

STRANGE SPECIES OF FROGS.

In 1895, Prosessor Goeldi director of the Para Museum, described a curious specier of tree frog in the "Proceedings of the Zoological Society," under the name of "Hyla Palmata." Leading an arboreal life and yet being under the necessity of laying its eggs in water for the benefit of its gillbreathing young the tree frog is faced with a difficult problem. The above species solves it by making for itself a little walled-in pool. In this the eggs are laid and the tadpoles developed. And in another paper recently communicated to the Zoological Society by Mr. G. A. Boulenger, Professor Goeldi describes a new and equally interesting species of tree frog. This frog, of which a specimen was shown in spirits is of a general greenish yellow colour, with bold bandings of blackish brown on the back and limbs. Its native name is "Cunnuaru" and it inhabits the lofty trees of the interior forests of Para. The way in which it prepares an aqueous nursery for its young is perhaps the most interesting part of its history. Choosing a hollow limb of a tree it lines it with resin, which it obtains from certain aromatic trees ("Protium heptophyllum" and others). The rains soon fill this with water, and in it the eggs are laid, and the tadpoles developed.

THE DIPPER.

In certain recent publications that charming and interesting bird, the dipper, has been accused of being an enemy to fish and spawn. It is prbabable, however, that the food of the dipper consists chiefly of aquatic insects and crustacea. Those who have examined the contents of its stomach have found no evidence of its alleged devouring of fish and spawn. Professor Newton entirely absolves it from the charge:—"By the careless and ignorant it is accused of feeding on the spawn of fishes, and it has been on that account subjected to much persecution. Innumerable examinations of the contents of its stomach have not only proved that the charge is baseless, but that the bird clears off many of the worst enemies of the precious product."

THE LATE SIR M. FOSTER.

The late Sir Michael Foster was famous as a teacher of physiology, and a writer of standard works on the subject. It is not so generally known that this eminent physiologist was also the first authority on the cultivated species of the Iris. So devoted, indeed, was he to the culture of these beautiful flowers that it has been said of him that he cultivated physiology when not too busy with a new iris.

FISH PARASITES.

Animal parasites usually belong to the lower orders of the animal kingdom and are seldom of higher grade than the worms. Yet there are some notable parasites in the class "Pisces." The hag-fish, for example, lives inside the cod, or other fish. But it only becomes a parasite in adult life. Provided with a suctorial mouth, it attaches itself to the side of the cod, and by means of its single tooth bores its way into the body cavity. The parasitic fish described by Mr. E. Linton in the "American Naturalist" has to find its host in a similar way. This species contrary to the general rule in parasitism, preys on an animal of lower grade than itself. Its host, in fact, is one of those curious creatures known as sea-cucumbers, belonging to the zoological order Holothuroidea—to which group the Beches-de-mer, so highly esteemed by the Chinese as an article of diet, also belong. When this little fish (fierasfer affinis) comes into contact with a sea-cucumber, it feels its way along the body till it reaches the vent. It then curls round its tail, and inserts the whiplike end into the aperture. Straightening itself, it then gradually works its way tail first into the body of the sea-cucumber, by the assistance of the spines on the dorsal and ventral fins. It is said to be able to accomplish an entry in half a minute.

WATER BEARS.

The process known as encystment, or encystation, is common among the lowest animals, the protozoa. In this transformation they become motionless and surround themselves with a thick coating, or cyst. In the "Zoologist" Mr. James Murray describes a curious encystment undergone by those curious creatures known as "water-bears." These animals are of a much higher grade than the protozoa, being allied to the mites and ticks. This encystment took the form of little sausage-shaped packages. When these were squeezed water-bears in a motionless state emerged. This was shown to be an early stage in the encystment. The cyst was double the outer one with six rudimentary legs and the inner without these appendages. It contained a fully-developed water-bear. Afterwards it shrinks to an almost amorphous mass something like a worm in appearance. Professor Lauterborn has shown that a similar curious encystment takes place in the case of a Continental species of water-bear. What is the object or use of this strange transformation, as well as its further history, have still to be made out.

A BIRD PROBLEM.

The occasional occurrence of species of American wading birds, which are not usually supposed to be possessed of specially remarkable powers of flight in this country, have led some ornithologists to the theory of "assisted passage." It is supposed, that is to say, that the birds have alighted on ships, and thus rested, being afterwards able to resume their flight. In the "Ibis," however, Mr. J. Nicoll denies the possibility of "assisted passages." He points out that such birds seldom alight on ships, and when they do they obtain no food. They would thus die before reaching land. Curiously enough, in the same number of the "Ibis," a case is recorded of a bird, the Eskimo curlew, which did obtain an "assisted passage," although, unfortunately for the theory, it was carried back to the land from which it started, and arrived there dead. It was met with midway between Ireland and Newfoundland. Although apparently fatigued it was able to eat. Commenting on the above in the "Field," "Hy. S." points out that in the last 30 years, five wading birds, representing three species, one of them exclusively American, did obtain "assisted passages" to this country. That is to say, they settled on ships at sea, and arriving alive in this country, were sent to the Zoological Gardens. The species were the Turnstone, Yellow-billed Sheathbill (three specimens,) and the American golden plover.

TO LUXURIANT PLANTS.

Water plants by their too luxurious growth in rivers, sometimes prove hindrances to navigation. The floating islands of the Upper Nile, formed of the matted growth of grasses and other plants, and known as sudd, are a well known example. The watercress imported to New Zealand proved a nuisance in a similar way. A recent example is referred to in a New South Wales Government report. The water-hyacinth, with pretty blue flowers, has increased so ... years of New South Wales and Queens... called for to effect its eradi...


**Lea and Perrins' Sauce.**

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty the King.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE.

**THE EXCELLENCE OF FOOD**

is of paramount importance, especially in hot countries, where so much depends upon how the digestive organs behave. It is with this knowledge that

**W. B. Green & Co.,**

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APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT, BOMBAY,

take special pains to see that everything issued from their Establishment is thoroughly fresh, prepared and served in the most appetizing manner.

Breakfasts, Tiffins and Dinners are served in best style at any hour of the day, till 10-0 p. m.

Charges from Re. 1.

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*NOW IN SEASON.*
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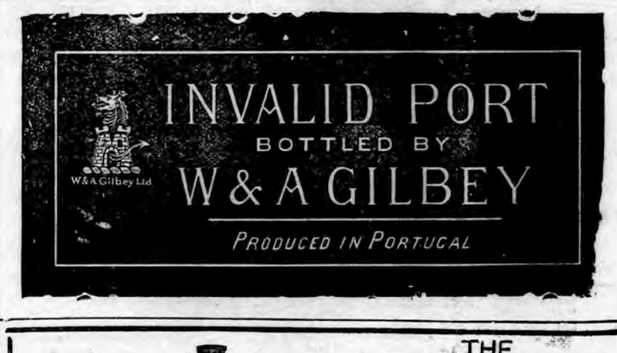


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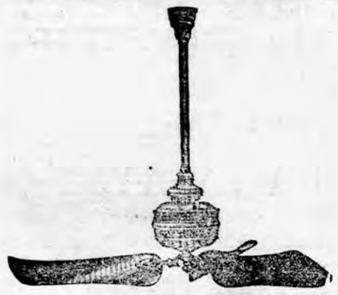

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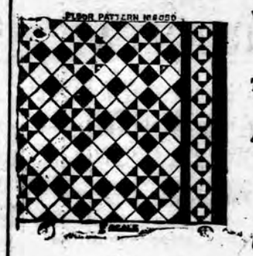


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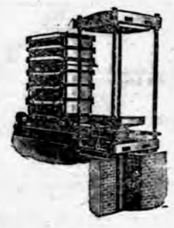

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